



The Impact of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993
on the Administration of Elections for Federal Office 2011–2012

A Report to the 113th Congress June 30, 2013

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A REPORT TO THE 113TH CONGRESS

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The Impact of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 on the Administration of Elections for Federal Office 2011–2012

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report to the United States Congress addresses the impact of the National Voter Registration Act (NVRA) of 1993 on the administration of elections for Federal office for the 2012 election cycle, i.e., the two-year period following the November 2010 elections through the November 2012 presidential election. The 2012 report is based on the results of a survey of all States, the District of Columbia, and three territories—American Samoa, Guam, and Puerto Rico—conducted by the Election Assistance Commission (EAC). The U.S. Virgin Islands did not respond to the 2012 survey.

As with past reports, the quality and completeness of responses from many States and territories varied significantly. Six States and all territories are exempt from the provisions of the NVRA.¹ Other States did not collect voter registration data in a way that was compatible with a few of the survey questions. Jurisdictions in a few States faced challenges in collecting the data, hampering the States' abilities to provide complete data for all jurisdictions.²

The survey shows that the number of registered voters increased during the 2012 election cycle. There were approximately 194.2 million total registered voters reported for the November 2012 presidential election, an increase of over 7.3 million registered voters from the 2010 elections. It is important to note that Puerto Rico did not hold Federal elections in 2010. As such, the 2.4 million reported registrations in Puerto Rico contribute to this overall increase in registration. The number of registered voters in 2012 represents an increase of approximately 3.7 million voters since the 2008 presidential election cycle.³

¹ The six States are Idaho, Minnesota, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Wisconsin, and Wyoming. These States and the four territories are marked with an asterisk in the tables as a reminder that they are exempt from the NVRA.

² Throughout this report, the word "States" includes "States, territories, and the District of Columbia."

³ While data for 2008, 2010, and 2012 are cited for illustrative purposes throughout this report, the 2008 and 2012 elections were presidential elections, which make them more comparable.

According to the responses to the survey and population estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau, 87.4% of American citizens of voting age (18 years or older) were registered to vote in the 2012 elections.

Five States reported a large increase in active registrants compared to the previous presidential election held in 2008, while five States reported a dramatic decrease. Since the previous presidential election, the District of Columbia, South Carolina, and Ohio reported an increase of over 10% in the number of active registrants, and Hawaii and Mississippi indicated an increase of over 20%; Michigan and Nebraska reported a decrease of over 10%, and New Mexico, New York, and South Dakota reported a decrease of over 20%.⁴ Active registrants refers to all registered voters except those who have been sent, but who have not responded to a confirmation mailing sent in accordance with NVRA (42 U.S.C. 1973gg-6(d)) and have not since offered to vote.

Other highlights of the 2012 NVRA study include:

- States reported receiving over 62.5 million voter registration application forms. Use of mail, fax, or email to submit forms increased from the previous election cycle, with 23.3% of registration forms being delivered through these means. Another 16.4% of applications were submitted in person at elections or registrars offices, and 32.4% were submitted at motor vehicle agencies. Twenty-one States reported receiving voter registration applications over the Internet.
- Of the 62.5 million voter registration forms received, over 23.8 million of the applications were from new voters not previously registered in the local jurisdiction or who had not previously registered in any jurisdiction. There was a surge in new applications during the 2012 election cycle, with 23.8 million new registrants, compared to the 2010 election cycle that had 14.4 million new registrants. However, this represents slightly fewer new registrants than in the 2008 presidential election when there were 24.7 million new registrants.

⁴ It is important to note that some of these differences may be due in part to changes in the accuracy and completeness of data provided in 2008 and 2010.

- Nearly 27.5 million of the registration forms that were submitted requested a change of name, address, or party of the registrant within the registrant’s current jurisdiction.
- Nearly 439,000 voter registration applications were “pre-registrations” from people under the age of 18, who were registering under State laws that allow them to pre-register to vote before the age of 18 and vote upon turning 18 (or in a primary if they would be 18 by the general election). This number dramatically increased from the 2010 election cycle when approximately 168,000 pre-registrations were processed.
- States found invalid or otherwise rejected over 5.0 million applications, and nearly 3.7 million applications were duplicates of existing registrations. Altogether, 13.9% of registration applications were invalid or duplicates.
- States sent 17.5 million address confirmation notices to names on their registration rolls, as allowed by the NVRA. More States were able to provide the number of voters that were removed than the number of confirmation notices sent.
- States removed nearly 13.7 million voters from voter registration lists, for reasons including death, felony conviction, failure to respond to notices sent and vote in consecutive Federal elections, having moved from one jurisdiction to another, or at the voter’s request.
- The survey collected information on Election Day Registration, in which voters can register and vote on the same day, either during early voting periods or on Election Day itself. Twenty States reported adding nearly 1.4 million new registrants to their voter lists on days during which voters could also cast their ballots. Same Day Registration accounted for approximately 30% of total applications received during the 2012 election cycle in Wisconsin and Wyoming, and more than 20% of total applications in Idaho, Maine, and Minnesota.

SECTION 1. ABOUT THE NVRA

Purposes and Requirements of the National Voter Registration Act

The primary objectives of the NVRA are:

- To establish procedures that will increase the number of eligible citizens who register to vote in elections for Federal office;
- To protect the integrity of the electoral process by ensuring that accurate and current voter registration rolls are maintained; and

- To enhance the participation of eligible citizens as voters in elections for Federal office [42 U.S.C. §1973gg].

The NVRA pursues these objectives by:

- Expanding the number of locations and opportunities whereby eligible citizens may apply to register to vote;
- Requiring voter registration file maintenance procedures that, in a uniform and nondiscriminatory manner, identify and remove the names of only those individuals who are no longer eligible to vote; and
- Providing registration requirements and procedures to ensure that an individual’s right to vote prevails over current bureaucratic or legal technicalities.⁵

Expanding Opportunities To Register To Vote

Before enactment of the NVRA, the locations and opportunities for eligible citizens to register to vote in Federal elections varied widely throughout the States. Evidence from State experimentation with different registration policies suggested that expanding the number of locations and opportunities for voter registration resulted in increased registration for Federal elections.

To address this, the NVRA requires that individuals be given a voter registration application when applying for or renewing a driver’s license, or when applying for (or receiving) services at certain other public offices.⁶ The NVRA also requires States to accept registration by mail for Federal elections.

Voter Registration File Maintenance

The NVRA requires States to conduct a program to maintain the integrity of the electoral process by ensuring accurate and current voter registration rolls [42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6]. Such a program may not remove the name of a voter from the list of eligible voters due to a person’s failure to vote. However, States are permitted to remove the names of eligible voters from the rolls at the request of the voter or as provided by State law for reason of mental incapacity or criminal conviction. In addition, States are required to conduct a general program that makes a reasonable effort to remove the names of ineligible voters from the official lists

⁵ Implementing the National Voter Registration Act of 1993: Requirements, Issues, Approaches, and Examples, prepared by the National Clearinghouse on Election Administration, Federal Election Commission, Washington, DC, 1994 (FEC Guide, page I-1).

⁶ The NVRA allows States to designate other State offices for voter registration, including public libraries, city and county clerks’ offices, public schools, and fishing and hunting license bureaus (Pub. L. No. 103-31, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §1973gg-5).

by reason of death or change of residence [42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6]. The NVRA requires that any such program be “uniform, nondiscriminatory, and in compliance with the Voting Rights Act of 1965...” [42 U.S.C. §1973gg].

“Fail-Safe” Voting Procedures

Congress, in considering the NVRA, believed that registrants were sometimes denied the right to vote on Election Day, either because of some oversight on their part or because of a clerical error by an election official. Registrants who changed residence within a jurisdiction, for example, often mistakenly assumed they were still entitled to vote, only to discover on Election Day that their failure to re-register at their new address had disenfranchised them. Similarly, registrants who may not have received or neglected to return certain election office mailings were often removed from voter lists. In addition, clerical errors, such as erroneous changes of address or data entry errors in voter registration files, resulted in the loss of the opportunity to cast a ballot.

The NVRA allows registered voters to vote when they move to another location within the registrar’s jurisdiction [42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6]. Additional fail-safe voting requirements were incorporated into Federal law by the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (HAVA), which mandates the availability and use of provisional ballots under some circumstances.

Role of the United States Election Assistance Commission

Section 802(a) of HAVA (42 U.S.C. §15532(a)) transferred to EAC all functions that the Federal Election Commission (FEC) exercised under Section 9(a) of the NVRA. Pursuant to this authority, EAC has incorporated the FEC’s NVRA survey instrument into a more comprehensive survey that addresses UOCAVA information and other topics that HAVA requests that EAC study. EAC’s 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey, also captured information on overseas voting, provisional ballots, voting technology, absentee voting, poll workers, and other issues. The data below are drawn from Section A.

SECTION 2. SURVEY BACKGROUND

This report addresses the impact of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (NVRA) (Pub. L. No. 10331, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §1973gg-1 et seq.) on the administration of elections for Federal office during the 2012 election cycle. These reports are submitted biennially pursuant to the provisions of the NVRA, as amended by HAVA. Section 9 of the NVRA provides, in part, as follows:

SEC 9 ... (a) In general... the Election Assistance Commission...

(3) not later than June 30 of each odd-numbered year, shall submit to the Congress a report assessing the impact of this Act on the administration of elections for Federal office during the preceding 2-year period and including recommendations for improvements in Federal and State procedures, forms, and other matters affected by this subchapter... (42 U.S.C. §1973gg-7(a)(3)).

This is the tenth NVRA report to Congress, it is the fifth submitted by EAC. The previous five reports were submitted by the FEC, which in 1994 promulgated rules identifying the information considered necessary to obtain from the States to generate reports to Congress (11 CFR §9428.7). The FEC described and explained the need for these data elements in a communication to State election officials in October 1995. With the passage of HAVA, the biennial survey and report were revised and expanded, and the survey has continued to evolve under EAC authority.

In 2012, as in 2010, EAC distributed two questionnaires to the States, the Statutory Overview and the Election Administration and Voting Survey (EAVS). In order to minimize the burden on States in preparing to respond to the survey, the 2012 survey contained only minor changes to both the Statutory Overview and the EAVS questionnaires from the 2010 versions. The final, approved version of the survey, posted on the EAC website in May 2012, contained 49 questions in the EAVS questionnaire and 22 questions in the Statutory Overview. A majority of the questions in both surveys contained sub-questions. The Statutory Overview and full EAVS questionnaires can be found at www.eac.gov.

In accordance with its statutory obligation to report on the impact of the NVRA on the administration of Federal elections, EAC submits this report to Congress. However, readers should note that since December 11, 2010, EAC has lacked a quorum of commissioners necessary to conduct certain business, including the issuing of recommendations in its reports. In order for EAC to meet its responsibility to submit the NVRA report to Congress by the statutory deadline, EAC provides in this document the information that would be contained in a formally adopted report. It is EAC staff’s intention to submit this report to the Commission for ratification tally vote once a quorum has been reestablished.

States' Collection of NVRA Information

For 2012, EAC continued its effort to make the survey available to State officials earlier in the election cycle and to facilitate the task of responding by providing improved survey instruments and increased technical assistance. The primary survey instrument, designed to assist the States in collecting and reporting their statistical data, was a Microsoft Excel-based template. The template offered the States two different methods for entering data: a form-based method that resembled the look of the questionnaire, and a sheet-based view that used a familiar spreadsheet format. Embedded in the Microsoft Excel-based template was a set of error-checking algorithms using logic and consistency rules to help States check their data before submitting their data to EAC. To further ease the data entry burden, the template was preloaded with each State's jurisdictions and EAC provided a guide summarizing how to use the template to States.⁷ Nearly all States chose to submit their data using this application. States submitted their data via the project website or by email.

EAC asked States to send their responses by February 1, 2013. The data provided by the States were then checked for logic and consistency errors. Any errors or questions concerning the submitted data were referred back to the States for review and correction, if necessary. The States had two weeks to review and correct their submissions. Fifty-four States submitted their data to EAC by the final deadline, March 1, 2013.⁸

About the States' Data

In May 2010, EAC adopted a data policy to guide States' submission and verification of their survey data. The Guide to the Election Administration and Voting Survey document provides information to election officials responsible for completing the survey and offers EAC assurances about States' validation of the data. The Guide is available on EAC's website (www.eac.gov). It contains information about:

- EAC processes related to releasing the survey instrument and final reports based on the survey data;
- The technical assistance EAC provides to the States;
- Deadlines for submitting the survey data;
- The processes and procedures for States' submission of

the data, including use of the data templates EAC provides;

- The processes and procedures for States' review, verification, and correction of the data; and
- Instructions on how to address errors in the data after the submission deadline has passed.

In response to media and general public inquiries about State data cited in EAC's previous EAVS reports and the Federal government's recent policies related to data quality, EAC formally requests that States verify and certify in writing the data they submit. For the 2012 EAVS, every State submitted with their data a certification page signed by their Chief State Election Official.

States' method of data collection in preparing responses to the 2012 survey varied significantly. Most States relied, at least to some degree, upon centralized voter-registration databases (VRDs) and voter history databases, which allowed State election officials to respond to the survey with information from the local level for each question. Other States, however, collected relatively little election data at the State level and instead relied on cooperation from local jurisdiction election offices to complete the survey. States and local offices may have devoted different amounts of resources to data collection, and may have differed in the emphasis placed on data collection.

Some States did not provide data in all the sub-categories requested in the survey, and a few did not have data for all their local jurisdictions. When interpreting the data presented in this report, there is the possibility of missing data for an entire state on a given question or for some jurisdictions within States; as such, the level of completeness varies across the survey questions. In reviewing the corresponding tables, it is important to review the "Cases" columns, which present the number of jurisdictions in each State able to respond to each survey question.

Section 3 of this report summarizes the results of the NVRA portion of the 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey and includes a set of detailed tables. The corresponding dataset, that includes States' responses to the NVRA portion of the survey, is available on EAC's website (www.eac.gov).

Caution is necessary when interpreting the survey data, particularly when comparing the data from year-to-year or State-to-State, due to changes in State data collection practices across time and the varying levels of completeness in many States' responses. In 2006, EAC began asking States to produce county-level data (or the equivalent) rather than the statewide totals asked for previously. Even in States with centralized VRDs, some data may be kept only at the local

⁷ States were allowed to change the list of jurisdictions to match their own reporting and administration systems. Some States, particularly those with township systems, may change the number of local jurisdictions administering elections from year to year, as towns run joint elections to ease the administrative burden.

⁸ The Virgin Islands was the only jurisdiction that did not respond. Its name appears in the tables but without any data.

level, and the level of integration of information between local and State election offices varies across the country. Information on the number of jurisdictions in each State is provided in a number of tables and summarized in Table 6.⁹

There are some State-level exceptions for the data that were collected. North Dakota does not have voter registration and is exempt from the NVRA; however, it elected to provide some data for this NVRA report. U.S. territories are not subject to the NVRA, and the States of Idaho, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Wisconsin, and Wyoming are exempt because they had Election Day Registration in 1994 and continuously thereafter.¹⁰ These States and territories have an asterisk by their entries in the tables included in this report as a reminder that they are exempt from the NVRA (though some of these States chose to submit data anyway).

Some States did not track certain information requested by the survey, or they tracked it in ways that made answering parts of the survey difficult. For example, States may code their sources of registration applications differently than those asked for in the survey. Footnotes for each table provide further information on these issues. Finally, the national totals are not complete for all questions because of incomplete responses at the local and State level.

SECTION 3. SURVEY RESULTS

The data collected in the 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey related to the NVRA are summarized below. This section also describes the impact of the NVRA on the administration of elections for Federal offices for the 2012 election cycle.

Voter Registration

States reported that 194,198,928 voters were registered and eligible to cast ballots in the November 2012 presidential election. Approximately 79.9% of the nation's estimated voting age population of more than 243 million was regis-

⁹ States were given the option of answering “data not available” and, for some questions, “data not applicable.” The “cases” columns provided in the tables report all local jurisdictions in which a State responded with a number, whether zero or higher. In some cases, States may have responded zero instead of “data not available” or “data not applicable,” or vice versa. A blank cell in the table could represent missing data or the selection of “data not available” or “data not applicable” across all jurisdictions in the State. The “States Included” rows report the number of States in which a State responded with a number, whether zero or higher. Complete data for the NVRA section of the survey can be downloaded at www.eac.gov.

¹⁰ § 42 USC 1973gg-2(b)

tered for the 2012 election.¹¹ Table 1c compares the States' registration rates with an estimate of the States' voting age population (VAP) from the U.S. Census Bureau.¹²

Since the VAP includes a significant number of persons who cannot vote, including non-citizens, a better picture of national registration rates can be obtained by using an estimate of citizen voting age population (CVAP). According to the EAC survey, 87.4% of the nation's approximately 222.3 million CVAP were registered for the 2012 election. Table 1d presents the registration rates for States compared with estimated CVAP. Note, however, that CVAP includes some ineligible voters, such as those who have lost their right to vote because of felony convictions or a designation of mental incompetency.¹³

The voting age population of the United States continues to increase at a rate of about one percent per year, according to estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau. The VAP increased from about 237,386,565 to about 243,003,673 during the 2012 election cycle, an increase of 2.4%.

This report contains data from all States and territories covered by HAVA except the Virgin Islands, but some important caveats are worth noting in terms of the number of registered voters. North Dakota has no voter registration; for the purposes of this report, all people of voting age are considered registered in that State. Most States reported registration data for all jurisdictions. A few States, however, reported only partial totals for some of the voter registration data because some county data were unavailable or some counties reported incomplete information; these cases are indicated in the tables and the table notes.

Active and Inactive Voters

The NVRA, which was not fully implemented until after the 1994 elections, prohibits the removal of names from the registration list solely for failure to vote.¹⁴ The NVRA allows election jurisdictions to move voters to an inactive voter list if the registrant: (1) has not either notified the applicable registrar (in person or in writing) or responded during the period described in the statute, to the address confirmation

¹¹ EAC uses the U.S. Census Bureau's estimate of voting age population for the number of voters registered to vote in North Dakota for purposes of this report because North Dakota does not have voter registration.

¹² States were asked to provide the number of voters “eligible and registered” at the time of the Federal election. In reality, this number is an estimate in some States and not applicable in others.

¹³ The Bureau of the Census provides information from which an approximation of the Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP) may be obtained. The estimate for CVAP has been derived from the 2011 three-year ACS data. It is applied to the 2012 VAP to estimate CVAP for 2012. See Table 1d for more details.

¹⁴ 42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6(b)(2)

notice sent by the applicable registrar; and subsequently (2) has not voted or appeared to vote in two or more consecutive general elections for Federal office.¹⁵ Before moving voters to an inactive list, jurisdictions verify voter rolls through mailings or the U.S. Postal Service’s National Change of Address (NCOA) service. This inactive status and the fail-safe provisions of the NVRA allow such people to vote if there was an error. As a result of the NVRA’s requirement that States seek to remove ineligible voters from their registration rolls, most States have programs in place to verify their voter registration lists, but those verifications occur at different times and are performed in different ways.

States report their registration numbers for different purposes and in different ways.¹⁶ EAC asked each State to report its number of “registered and eligible” voters and then asked for separate totals of active and inactive voters. In addition, the survey asked States how they reported the number of registered voters for “other official purposes.” A total of 16 States responded that they only use active registered voters. Thirty States reported using active and inactive registered voters; seven States had some jurisdictions report using only active voters while other jurisdictions reported using both active and inactive voters. Since North Dakota does not have voter registration, it does not make a distinction between active and inactive voters. Furthermore, in 36 States, the number of “registered and eligible” voters for the November 2012 election equals precisely the number of inactive plus active voters.

Analysis of the change in the number of active voters is the most reliable indicator of the growth or decline in registration. Some States actually experienced a marked decrease in active registration despite the overall increase in reported registrations nationally. Excluding Kansas, which did not report counts of active and inactive voters, two States reported a decrease of over 10% in the number of active registrants since the 2010 elections: Michigan (-12.3%) and Ohio (-17.1%). In contrast, Florida reported an increase in active registration of 10.5%.

Responses to the 2012 survey show that over 23.1 million registrants in the United States remain on the list of inactive voters. California had the largest proportion of eligible voters on its inactive list—28.7%. Arkansas and Colorado were the other States with more than 20% of eligible voters on its inactive list. See Tables 1a and 1b for data on active and inactive voters for all 54 States.

¹⁵ 42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6(d)

¹⁶ See the “Voter Registration File Maintenance” section of this report (on pages 2 to 3) for a discussion of the NVRA’s treatment of active and inactive voters.

Voter Registration Forms Received

Overall, 52 States reported receiving over 62.5 million voter registration forms during the 2012 election cycle (see Table 2a). The States reported sources for nearly 60.8 million registration forms, including the origin of new, duplicate, and invalid or rejected registrations (see Tables 2b, 2c and 2d).

The two largest sources of voter registration applications were (1) motor vehicle offices or (2) mail, fax, and email. Nearly 20.3 million applications, 32.4% of the total, were submitted to State offices that issued driver’s licenses. Nearly 14.6 million, or 23.3% of applications, came from individual voters submitting applications by mail, fax, or email.¹⁷ Individual voters who appeared in person to register at election offices made up another nearly 10.3 million applications, or 16.4%. Together, these three sources provided nearly three-fourths (72.2%) of all registration applications that States received. The remaining sources included Internet registration, public assistance offices, disability services offices, Armed Forces recruitment offices, registration drives from advocacy groups and political parties, and other State agencies.

In the 2012 election cycle the ratio of mail registrations to those coming from driver’s license offices was similar to the last few mid-term election cycles but not to the last presidential election cycle. During the 2008 presidential election cycle, nearly as many voters registered through motor vehicle offices as the number of voters who registered by mail, fax, or email. During the 2012 presidential election cycle, however, registrations through motor vehicle offices were almost 40% higher than mail registrations. Similarly, the 2006 and 2010 mid-term election cycles had twice as many voters registered at motor vehicle offices than by mail, fax, or email.¹⁸

There was a substantial increase in the number of States that reported receiving voter registration applications directly over the Internet between 2008 and 2010, while there was a slight increase reported between 2010

¹⁷ The Table 2 column header is labeled mail registration applications, but the entire subcategory includes mail, fax, and email.

¹⁸ States may have counted their sources of applications differently. For example, 31 States reported figures for third-party voter registration drives by advocacy groups or political parties separately; other States included such drives in their totals for in-person or mail applications.

and 2012.¹⁹ In 2010, 17 States reported receiving voter registration applications directly over the Internet, up from eight States in 2008. In 2012, 21 States reported receiving a total of 3,329,216 applications over the Internet, a large increase from the 768,211 Internet applications received by States in 2010.

Arizona and California accounted for half of the total number of applications received from the Internet. Internet applications accounted for 49.3% of all applications processed in Arizona during the 2012 election cycle. Other States that reported receiving more than 10% of their applications from the Internet were Colorado (23.0%), California (13.8%), the District of Columbia (13.6%), Kansas (10.5%), Louisiana (10.4%), Nevada (10.4%), Oregon (25.1%), Utah (12.0%), and Washington (13.2%). The number of applications received through the Internet in most of the other States was small (often less than 5%). Although it is growing, outside of a handful of States, the use of the Internet as a direct means of registering to vote remains limited.

In accordance with EAC regulations, the 2012 survey asked States to break down the applications they received into three categories: new applications, duplicate applications, and invalid or rejected applications. There were over 23.8 million new applications reported by 53 States. Forty-five States reported receiving nearly 3.7 million duplicate applications of people already registered to vote. Forty-two States reported the number of invalid or rejected applications, totaling over 5 million.

Over one-third of the invalid applications (34.0%) came from mail applications, while another 12.8% came from in-person registrations at election offices. Registrations at driver's license offices, which comprised 32.4% of total applications, made up only 5.4% of invalid or rejected applications.

Voter Registration Forms Processed

States were asked to report on the kinds of applications they processed during the 2012 election cycle.

Of the 62.5 million applications received, 38.1%, or 23.8 million, were new, valid registrations. This represented at least 12.3% of the registered voters in the 2012 election. In addition, 33 States reported “pre-registering” 438,978 people under the age of 18, who would then become eligible to

vote on their 18th birthday. Another 27.5 million applications, 44.0% of the 62.5 million received, were requests for a change in the address, name, or party of a voter already registered in the jurisdiction and another 3.7 million were requests for change of address across jurisdictions.

Forty-three States reported receiving approximately 3.7 million applications that were duplicates of existing registrations. Alaska and Hawaii reported that over 20% of applications received during the 2012 election cycle were duplicates. Nationwide, approximately 5 million, or 8.0% of applications, were rejected for a cause other than being a duplicate; some States had substantially higher rates. Indiana reported the highest rate, rejecting 43.0%, or 896,523, of applications for a cause other than duplication.²⁰

Voter Registration List Maintenance

The NVRA prohibits States from removing names from the voter registration list for either of the following reasons:

- Failure to vote [42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6(b)(2)]; or
- Change of address to another location within the registrar's jurisdiction [42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6(f)]. The law requires registrars to update a registrant's voting address if they receive information on the registrant's change of address to another location within the registrar's jurisdiction.

The purpose of the list maintenance provisions of the NVRA is to ensure the accuracy and currency of the voter registration rolls. The Act states that any change of address submitted to a motor vehicle driver's license agency shall serve as notification of a change of address for voter registration unless the individual indicates that the change is not for voter registration purposes [42 U.S.C. §1973gg-3].

The law also requires States to conduct a uniform and nondiscriminatory general program [42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6(a)(4)] to remove the names of ineligible voters, as follows:

- Upon the death of the registrant;
- Upon the registrant's written confirmation that his or her address has changed to a location outside the registrar's jurisdiction; or
- On the registrant's failure to respond to certain confirmation mailings along with failure to appear to vote in two consecutive Federal general elections subsequent to the mailing. (The confirmation mailings in this case are those mailed out to registrants who, based on information received from the Postal Service, have apparently changed address to a location outside the registrar's jurisdiction.)

¹⁹ States vary in their definition of Internet (or online) voter registration. Some States define it as offering a fillable PDF; for others, it includes the ability to email the registration form. The 2012 Statutory Overview results indicated that during the 2012 election cycle, 11 States offered online voter registration and 38 States offered a voter registration form online that voters could download and complete, with most requiring the form to be submitted by mail or in-person. For more information, see EAC's 2012 Statutory Overview report, available at www.eac.gov.

²⁰ The survey did not ask States to provide the reasons for these rejections.

The NVRA also permits States to remove the names of registrants as follows:

- On the request of the registrant [42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6(a)(3)(A)];
- For mental incapacity of the registrant, as provided for in State law [42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6(a)(3)(B)]; or
- On criminal conviction of the registrant, as provided for in State law [42 U.S.C. §1973gg-6(a)(3)(B)].

Other than these provisions, the law grants States wide latitude as to when, where, and how these functions will be performed. Two tables at the end of this report (Table 4a, Voter List Maintenance: Confirmation Notices, and Table 4b, Voter List Maintenance: Removal Actions) provide data from the 2012 EAVS on the number of confirmation notices sent during the 2012 election cycle, the number of responses received from those notices, the number of registrants who were moved from active to inactive status on the voter lists, and the number of registrants who were removed from the voter lists. The tables also provide data on the reasons why registrants were removed from the voter lists, including death, failure to vote, a disqualifying felony conviction, and at the voter's request.

Confirmation Notices

Confirmation notices are an important tool for the maintenance of accurate voter registration rolls. The 43 States that responded to this portion of the survey reported sending out over 17.5 million confirmation notices during the 2012 election cycle (Table 4a). The ratio of confirmation notices to number of registered voters was 9.0% nationally and varied significantly across the States. Two States sent out significantly more confirmation notices, relative to their total voter registration, than other States: Arizona sent out over 3.6 million confirmation notices, equal to 98.0% of its total registration;²¹ and Colorado sent out over 1.3 million, equal to 35.7% of its total registration.

There were large differences across the States in reported response to confirmation notices. Voters confirmed their registration in response to only about 17.8% of confirmation notices sent, approximately 3.1 million, although this is likely an underestimate as some States did not provide data on the number of responses received. Another 3.9% of voters, or 687,092, confirmed that they should be deleted from the rolls, although this percentage is also likely an underestimate given missing data. In contrast,

Delaware reported that voters responded to almost all of the notices (99.9%) and 16 other States reported response rates greater than 20%.

States reported that approximately 2.9 million, or 16.3% of confirmation notices, were returned undeliverable, leaving another 6.8 million, or 38.8% of notices, with status unknown. North Carolina (55.2%), South Dakota (44.4%), and Illinois (41.0%) had high rates of notices that were not deliverable. States either reported the resolution of the rest of the confirmation notices in miscellaneous categories or did not report what happened to the notices, suggesting that better tracking of confirmation notices may be needed to provide a more complete picture.

Removal from Voter Rolls

Nearly 13.7 million voters were removed from registration rolls in the two years leading up to the 2012 presidential election (see Table 4b). Forty-nine States provided data on their removal of voters from registration rolls. The number of voters removed during the 2012 election cycle was larger than the number of removals in the 2008 election cycle, even though only two more States reported data. In the 2008 election cycle, approximately 12.6 million registrants from 47 States were removed.

States varied in the number of people removed relative to total registration. Fifteen States reported removing at least 10% of their 2012 registration, with New Hampshire reported removing over 20% of their 2012 registration. Overall, States removed 7.1% of registered voters in 2012.

Of the nearly 13.7 million voters removed from the rolls, over 3.7 million, or 27.1%, were removed because they moved to other jurisdictions; Maine had the highest percentage of removals due to moving at 60.6%. Overall, nearly 3.0 million voters, or 21.6% of all voters removed, were removed because they had died.

The leading cause of removal of inactive voters was a failure to respond to a confirmation notice *and* subsequent failure to vote in the two most recent Federal elections, accounting for 4.1 million voters, or 30.1% of the total removals. However, this is a drastic decrease from the 6.1 million voters removed for this reason in 2010. These removals represented greater than 80% of removals in New Hampshire and Wyoming in 2012. Felony conviction—a disqualifier in many States—removed 308,797 voters from the rolls, representing 2.3% of removals. In Florida, 39.8% of removals

²¹ Note that in Maricopa County, a mass confirmation mailing was sent to all voters on file in 2012, accounting for the large majority of confirmation notices sent in the State.

were due to felony convictions.²² Other reasons for removing voters from the rolls included requests by voters (2.5% of all removals) and mental incompetence (0.1%).

Election Day Registration²³

EAC asked States to provide information on voters who register to vote and cast their ballots on the same day. Voters are able to register and vote on the same day in varying ways, and the question was phrased in an attempt to capture all those voters who register and vote on the same day. Some States have formal same-day voting systems, while others limit same-day voting to certain contests or certain groups of voters. For example, Alaska limits Election Day registrants to voting only for Federal offices. Other States have special registration and voting provisions for new residents or recently discharged military. Finally, some States experience overlaps between early voting periods and the cutoff date for registration. Data from this question are presented in Table 5.

EAC asked a question to distinguish between States that had Election Day or Same Day Registration in 2012 and States that did not have Election Day Registration, but allowed voters to register and vote on the same day in that election. Twelve States including Alaska, the District of Columbia, Idaho, Iowa, Maine, Minnesota, Montana, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, and Wyoming indicated that they had Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration for the November 2012 presidential election. California, Colorado, Mississippi, New Mexico, Ohio, Oregon, Vermont, and Washington reported a number of voters who were allowed to register and then to vote on the same day, but did not indicate why this was the case.

For 2012, the 20 States listed above reported that nearly 1.4 million new registration applications were filed on days in which it was possible to both register and vote. In Idaho, New Hampshire, and Wyoming, Same Day Registration accounted for more than 10% of reported registration in 2012, and approximately 30% of total applications received during the 2012 election cycle. Same Day Registration was also more than 20% of total applications in Maine and Minnesota. Approximately 80.8% of new Election Day Regis-

tration applications were from the 12 States that reported having Election Day or Same Day Registration.

SECTION 4. OBSERVATIONS

In recent years changes to State voter registration systems have been significant. Seeking to improve the way in which voter registration applications are received, processed, and maintained, HAVA required States to implement statewide voter registration lists by January 1, 2004.²⁴ The process of improving the nation's voter registration system continues, and EAC offers the following observations to Congress and to State and local election officials as they continue to improve their systems in compliance with HAVA, the NVRA, and other State and Federal election laws.

States should continue to improve and modernize their electronic reporting and list maintenance systems.

States are encouraged to use their statewide databases as tools for generating data to assist them with responding to the NVRA section of EAC's Election Administration and Voting Survey and other requests for data. Electronic databases help ease the burden of responding to such requests for State and local officials alike. The 2012 report shows better data collection and reporting efforts on the part of States, and most were able to report the statewide totals, however challenges remain with collecting certain voter registration data.

While most States were able to report the number of registration applications received, some States had difficulty providing data for select subcategories, such as number of applications received through the State motor vehicles department or Public Assistance offices. Additionally, some States could not report the number of confirmation notices sent to voters, while many had difficulty producing data related to the disposition of those notices. Still others could not report the number of invalid or rejected registrations. In the States where non-reporting exists, States experienced difficulties in getting the requested data from their local jurisdictions. States are encouraged to continue working with their local officials to develop an efficient process for tracking and submitting data electronically so that States are able to submit the most complete set of data possible.

²² Results from the 2012 Statutory Overview indicate that fifty-one States disenfranchise felons in some manner. Some States restore voting rights after unconditional discharge or a specified period of time. For more details, see the 2012 Statutory Overview report, available at www.eac.gov.

²³ As used here, and in the survey, Election Day Registration refers to any day (prior to and including Election Day itself) when eligible voters could register and cast their ballots on the same day. Because of the question's wording, data were collected from some States that do not consider themselves to have Election Day Registration.

²⁴ States obtaining a waiver could postpone implementation until 2006.

States should continue to engage their State agencies on issues related to the NVRA and to encourage those agencies to remind voters to check and update their voter registration information.

States should encourage departments of motor vehicles, public assistance and disability service agencies, along with other public services agencies or organizations with which they work to distribute voter registration forms, and to remind voters to check and to update their registration information. Developing an on-going relationship with State public service agencies around NVRA requirements will help ensure that citizens are able to take advantage of all voter registration opportunities available to them.

FOOTNOTES TO TABLES

General Notes

State: In the interest of creating consistency in these tables, the term “State” refers to the 50 States, the four territories of American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands, and the District of Columbia. However, according to the provisions of the NVRA, the term “State” means a State of the United States and the District of Columbia; territories are exempt.

Jurisdictions in the Survey: For the 2012 survey, EAC requested information for each local election administration jurisdiction. Generally, this is the county or county equivalent in each State. The following exceptions to this are:

- a. The information was compiled by town, city, or township in Wisconsin and the six New England States of Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont.
- b. Some independent cities were treated as counties for reporting purposes in the States of Illinois, Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia.
- c. The response was one record for the whole entity for Alaska, the District of Columbia, and the reporting territories.
- d. In Hawaii, information for one county, Kalawao, was reported with Maui County.

These exceptions are noted by an asterisk below the State name in Table 1a. Table 6 contains more information on the coverage and reporting for each State.

Coverage of the NVRA: Some States are exempt from coverage; this is one of the reasons for missing responses. The main reason for exemption relates to the availability of Election Day Registration. The six States that are exempt from the NVRA are Idaho, Minnesota, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Wisconsin, and Wyoming. They are exempt because Election Day registration was in effect continuously on and after, or enacted prior to, August 1, 1994, or because they do not have voter registration at all (42 USC 1973gg-2(b)). The territories are not subject to the NVRA. These States have an asterisk in the tables included in this report as a reminder that they are exempt from the NVRA.

Missing Data: Information for several items remains unavailable for some States for many reasons. Missing data are presented in the tables by a blank data cell or a zero value depending on how the State answered the question. Note that a zero value may also indicate that the jurisdic-

tion does not know or does not collect the information.

The count of cases, included in most tables but not for all variables, reflects the presence of a response from the jurisdiction including reported zeros. For many questions, zero is a valid response. In some cases, however, it is unclear if a response of zero is a valid response or an indication of “Data Not Available” or “Data Not Applicable” options. Researchers should consult the jurisdiction-level dataset for more detail. If a calculation is impossible because of missing information, a separate symbol may be indicated, e.g., a series of periods (.....).

Sum of Above: The information listed in the tables below the State level detail is, for most columns, simply the arithmetic sum of the information listed in the table. The number of States providing information is indicated as the count of States with information greater than or equal to zero, or in some cases, less than or equal to zero. The percentages indicated on this line are generally the result of a simple division based upon the appropriate numbers from this line. For the “Not Categorized” columns, the number and percentage in the “Sum of Above” line will generally reflect a calculation of the appropriate fields listed on this line.

States were given the option of answering “data not available” and, for some questions, “data not applicable.” The “cases” columns provided in the tables report all local jurisdictions in which a State responded with a number, whether zero or higher. In some cases, States may have responded zero instead of “data not available” or “data not applicable,” or vice versa. A blank cell in the table could represent missing data or the selection of “data not available” or “data not applicable” across all jurisdictions in the State. The “States Included” rows report the number of States in which a State responded with a number, whether zero or higher. Complete data for the NVRA section of the survey can be downloaded at www.eac.gov.

Specific Notes for Tables: Notes specific to each table appear following each table or group of sub-tables.

CROSS REFERENCE OF SURVEY QUESTIONS TO TABLES

- Question A1**— Number of persons registered and eligible to vote
 Tables 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d – Registration History, Registration Rates
 Table 3 – Applications Processed
 Table 4a – Voter List Maintenance: Confirmation Notices
 Table 5 – Same Day Registration
- Question A2**— Reporting status for active/inactive registrants
 Tables 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d – Registration History, Registration Rates
- Question A3**— Number of persons registered and eligible to vote by active/inactive status
 Tables 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d – Registration History, Registration Rates
- Question A4**— Same Day Registration
 Table 5 – Same Day Registration
- Question A5**— Registration applications by type of application
 Tables 2a, 2b, 2c, 2d – Application Sources
 Table 3 – Applications Processed
- Question A6**— Registration applications, total by means and source
 Tables 2a – Application Sources: Total Forms Received
- Question A7**— Registration applications, new registrations by means and source
 Tables 2b – Application Sources: New Registrations
- Question A8**— Registration applications, duplicates of existing registrations by means and source
 Tables 2c – Application Sources: Duplicate Registrations
- Question A9**— Registration applications, invalid or rejected forms by means and source
 Tables 2d – Application Sources: Invalid or Rejected Forms
- Question A10**— Confirmation notices sent to voters by status
 Table 4a – Voter List Maintenance: Confirmation Notices
- Question A11**— Voters removed from registration rolls by reason for removal
 Table 4b – Voter List Maintenance: Removal Actions

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2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1a. Registration History

The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes.
 The "P" column indicates partial coverage for Active/Inactive numbers; see footnotes.

State	Year	Reported Registration				Survey Response				Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election						
		R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.	
Alabama	2012	C	3,697,617	3,162,135	85.5		3,162,135	2,833,938	328,197	89.6	10.4	198,065	4.3	247,656	2.4	(49,591)	(2.4)	
	2010	C	3,647,277	2,964,070	81.3		2,964,070	2,586,282	377,788	87.3	12.7	(14,269)	(2.9)	(220,389)	(7.0)	206,120	7.0	
	(67 counties)	2008	C	3,540,000	2,978,339	84.1		2,978,339	2,806,671	171,668	94.2	5.8	508,532	13.3	336,933	3.4	(76,118)	(3.4)
		2006	A	3,485,000	2,469,807	70.9	P	2,717,524	2,469,738	247,786	90.9	9.1	(127,822)	(4.7)	(127,891)	(0.5)	2,784	0.5
		2004		3,436,000	2,597,629	75.6		2,842,631	2,597,629	245,002	91.4	8.6	439,861	11.6	439,861	(4.7)	157,457	4.7
		2002		3,370,000	2,157,768	64.0		2,245,313	2,157,768	87,545	96.1	3.9	(382,134)	(12.2)	(382,134)	8.5	(273,264)	(8.5)
		2000		3,330,000	2,539,902	76.3		2,900,711	2,539,902	360,809	87.6	12.4	223,304	5.6	223,304	14.6	(497,442)	(14.6)
		1998		3,280,000	2,316,598	70.6		3,174,849	2,316,598	858,251	73.0	27.0	(160,757)	(6.3)	(160,757)	(17.7)	603,017	17.7
		1996		3,221,000	2,477,355	76.9		2,732,589	2,477,355	255,234	90.7	9.3	170,936	4.2	170,936	3.1	(73,405)	(3.1)
		1994		3,172,000	2,306,419	72.7		2,635,058	2,306,419	328,639	87.5	12.5						
	1992		3,080,000															
Alaska	2012	A	544,349	579,304	106.4		579,304	506,432	72,872	87.4	12.6	19,158	(0.7)	11,556	(0.9)	7,602	0.9	
	2010	A	522,853	560,146	107.1		560,146	494,876	65,270	88.3	11.7	64,415	9.2	(855)	1.5	(9,665)	(1.5)	
	(State totals only)	2008	A	506,000	495,731	98.0		570,666	495,731	74,935	86.9	13.1	29,473	2.6	29,473	(13.1)	74,935	13.1
		2006	A	489,000	466,258	95.3	P	466,258	466,258	0	100.0	0.0	(5,902)	(5.8)	(5,902)	0.0	0	0.0
		2004		467,000	472,160	101.1		472,160	472,160	0	100.0	0.0	11,305	(1.1)	11,305	0.0	0	0.0
		2002		451,000	460,855	102.2		460,855	460,855	0	100.0	0.0	(17,377)	(7.3)	(17,377)	18.4	(107,699)	(18.4)
		2000		437,000	478,232	109.4		585,931	478,232	107,699	81.6	18.4	21,318	1.9	21,318	(9.2)	61,645	9.2
		1998		425,000	456,914	107.5		502,968	456,914	46,054	90.8	9.2	42,099	8.5	42,099	2.4	(8,162)	(2.4)
		1996		419,000	414,815	99.0		469,031	414,815	54,216	88.4	11.6	78,589	17.6	78,589	(11.6)	54,216	11.6
		1994		413,000	336,226	81.4		336,226	336,226	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		405,000															
Arizona	2012	O	4,932,361	3,725,362	75.5		3,725,362	3,124,712	600,650	83.9	16.1	222,619	2.0	(21,706)	(6.0)	244,325	6.0	
	2010	A	4,763,003	3,502,743	73.5		3,502,743	3,146,418	356,325	89.8	10.2	515,292	11.2	158,967	3.0	(97,365)	(3.0)	
	(15 counties)	2008	A	4,793,000	2,987,451	62.3		3,441,141	2,987,451	453,690	86.8	13.2	419,050	5.7	419,050	2.9	(39,449)	(2.9)
		2006	A	4,538,000	2,568,401	56.6		3,061,540	2,568,401	493,139	83.9	16.1	(77,404)	(6.4)	(77,404)	(7.5)	243,536	7.5
		2004		4,197,000	2,645,805	63.0		2,895,408	2,645,805	249,603	91.4	8.6	430,703	7.1	430,703	9.5	(241,650)	(9.5)
		2002		3,959,000	2,215,102	56.0		2,706,355	2,215,102	491,253	81.8	18.2	21,335	(2.0)	21,335	(1.0)	36,867	1.0
		2000		3,788,000	2,193,767	57.9		2,648,153	2,193,767	454,386	82.8	17.2	(72,112)	(8.3)	(72,112)	(4.5)	127,282	4.5
		1998		3,421,000	2,265,879	66.2		2,592,983	2,265,879	327,104	87.4	12.6	18,217	(3.0)	18,217	(2.4)	72,172	2.4
		1996		3,245,000	2,247,662	69.3		2,502,594	2,247,662	254,932	89.8	10.2	174,220	1.5	174,220	0.3	12,612	(0.3)
		1994		3,059,000	2,073,442	67.8		2,315,762	2,073,442	242,320	89.5	10.5						
	1992		2,812,000															
Arkansas	2012	C	2,238,250	1,610,364	71.9		1,610,364	1,282,491	327,873	79.6	20.4	(27,771)	(2.4)	(44,190)	(1.3)	16,419	1.3	
	2010	C	2,204,443	1,638,135	74.3		1,638,135	1,326,681	311,454	81.0	19.0	(46,105)	(3.9)	(38,060)	(0.0)	(8,045)	0.0	

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1a. Registration History

The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes.
 The "P" column indicates partial coverage for Active/Inactive numbers; see footnotes.

State	Year	R	Reported Registration			Survey Response				Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election						
			(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.	
Arkansas	2008	C	2,153,000	1,684,240	78.2		1,684,240	1,364,741	319,499	81.0	19.0	68,969	2.0	(89,968)	(7.0)	121,170	7.0	
	2006	C	2,120,000	1,615,271	76.2		1,653,038	1,454,709	198,329	88.0	12.0	(48,534)	(4.0)	(18,314)	(0.5)	7,547	0.5	
	(75 counties)	2004		2,076,000	1,663,805	80.1		1,663,805	1,473,023	190,782	88.5	11.5	82,340	2.0	17,141	(3.5)	65,199	3.5
	2002		2,025,000	1,581,465	78.1		1,581,465	1,455,882	125,583	92.1	7.9	37,788	0.8	14,669	(1.3)	23,119	1.3	
	2000		1,998,000	1,543,677	77.3		1,543,677	1,441,213	102,464	93.4	6.6	71,706	(0.6)	28,596	(2.6)	43,110	2.6	
	1998		1,891,000	1,471,971	77.8		1,471,971	1,412,617	59,354	96.0	4.0	102,512	3.9	43,158	(4.0)	59,354	4.0	
	1996		1,852,000	1,369,459	73.9		1,369,459	1,369,459	0	100.0	0.0	94,574	3.7	94,574	0.0	0	0.0	
	1994		1,814,000	1,274,885	70.3		1,274,885	1,274,885	0	100.0	0.0							
	1992		1,774,000	1,317,944	74.3													
California	2012	O	28,801,211	18,996,338	66.0		25,599,182	18,255,385	7,343,797	71.3	28.7	1,696,991	4.1	956,038	(1.8)	976,680	1.8	
	2010	A	27,958,916	17,299,347	61.9		23,666,464	17,299,347	6,367,117	73.1	26.9	(94,853)	(1.6)	(94,879)	(1.2)	337,182	1.2	
	(58 counties)	2008	A	27,392,000	17,394,200	63.5		23,424,161	17,394,226	6,029,935	74.3	25.7	1,557,092	4.7	2,314,006	1.0	522,388	(1.0)
	2006	L	26,925,000	15,837,108	58.8	P	20,587,767	15,080,220	5,507,547	73.2	26.8	(627,618)	(3.8)	(1,384,506)	(1.3)	(114,201)	1.3	
	2004		26,297,000	16,464,726	62.6		22,086,474	16,464,726	5,621,748	74.5	25.5	1,684,801	4.9	1,684,801	1.5	160,104	(1.5)	
	2002		25,611,000	14,779,925	57.7		20,241,569	14,779,925	5,461,644	73.0	27.0	(927,382)	(5.8)	(927,382)	(10.1)	2,271,163	10.1	
	2000		24,728,000	15,707,307	63.5		18,897,788	15,707,307	3,190,481	83.1	16.9	723,357	0.8	723,357	(3.0)	775,245	3.0	
	1998		23,902,000	14,983,950	62.7		17,399,186	14,983,950	2,415,236	86.1	13.9	(678,125)	(5.4)	(678,125)	(7.7)	1,389,284	7.7	
	1996		23,002,000	15,662,075	68.1		16,688,027	15,662,075	1,025,952	93.9	6.1	938,291	3.1	938,291	(6.1)	1,025,952	6.1	
1994		22,653,000	14,723,784	65.0		14,723,784	14,723,784	0	100.0	0.0								
1992		22,521,000																
Colorado	2012	C	3,956,224	3,651,091	92.3		3,651,091	2,612,360	1,038,731	71.6	28.4	357,149	5.7	135,158	(3.7)	221,991	3.7	
	2010	C	3,803,587	3,293,942	86.6		3,293,942	2,477,202	816,740	75.2	24.8	79,560	0.5	(168,591)	(7.1)	248,151	7.1	
	(64 counties)	2008	O	3,732,000	3,214,382	86.1		3,214,382	2,645,793	568,589	82.3	17.7	213,546	2.4	253,726	1.9	(15,189)	(1.9)
	2006	C	3,584,000	3,000,836	83.7		2,975,845	2,392,067	583,778	80.4	19.6	(96,955)	(6.8)	(5,867)	3.0	(116,079)	(3.0)	
	2004		3,423,000	3,097,791	90.5		3,097,791	2,397,934	699,857	77.4	22.6	207,633	4.3	149,990	(0.4)	57,643	0.4	
	2002		3,351,000	2,890,158	86.2		2,890,158	2,247,944	642,214	77.8	22.2	6,210	(3.3)	(912)	(0.2)	7,122	0.2	
	2000		3,219,000	2,883,948	89.6		2,883,948	2,248,856	635,092	78.0	22.0	320,507	2.6	149,492	(3.9)	171,015	3.9	
	1998		2,946,000	2,563,441	87.0		2,563,441	2,099,364	464,077	81.9	18.1	217,188	4.3	187,713	0.4	29,475	(0.4)	
	1996		2,837,000	2,346,253	82.7		2,346,253	1,911,651	434,602	81.5	18.5	313,159	7.8	(121,443)	(18.5)	434,602	18.5	
1994		2,715,000	2,033,094	74.9		2,033,094	2,033,094	0	100.0	0.0								
1992		2,579,000	2,003,375	77.7														
Connecticut	2012	C	2,796,789	2,202,278	78.7		2,202,278	2,081,650	120,628	94.5	5.5	51,645	0.7	54,776	0.3	(3,131)	(0.3)	
	2010	C	2,757,082	2,150,633	78.0		2,150,633	2,026,874	123,759	94.2	5.8	59,845	0.3	(63,914)	(3.3)	70,246	3.3	
	(8 counties*)	2008	A	2,689,000	2,090,788	77.8		2,144,301	2,090,788	53,513	97.5	2.5	149,321	5.5	168,131	3.3	(65,116)	(3.3)
	2006	A	2,687,000	1,941,467	72.3		2,041,286	1,922,657	118,629	94.2	5.8	(102,714)	(4.5)	(121,524)	(0.6)	5,601	0.6	
2004		2,665,000	2,044,181	76.7		2,157,209	2,044,181	113,028	94.8	5.2	201,716	6.4	201,716	2.4	(40,191)	(2.4)		

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1a. Registration History

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 The "P" column indicates partial coverage for Active/Inactive numbers; see footnotes.

State	Year	Reported Registration				Survey Response				Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election					
		R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
Connecticut	2002		2,620,000	1,842,465	70.3		1,995,684	1,842,465	153,219	92.3	7.7	(58,738)	(3.7)	(58,738)	(0.0)	(4,162)	0.0
	2000		2,570,000	1,901,203	74.0		2,058,584	1,901,203	157,381	92.4	7.6	94,453	1.4	94,453	1.8	(32,151)	(1.8)
	1998		2,489,000	1,806,750	72.6		1,996,282	1,806,750	189,532	90.5	9.5	(74,573)	(3.4)	(74,573)	(4.7)	94,106	4.7
	1996		2,475,000	1,881,323	76.0		1,976,749	1,881,323	95,426	95.2	4.8	89,638	3.7	89,638	(4.8)	95,426	4.8
	1994		2,476,000	1,791,685	72.4		1,791,685	1,791,685	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		2,508,000														
Delaware (3 counties)	2012	C	712,042	632,805	88.9		632,805	594,200	38,605	93.9	6.1	9,380	(1.2)	(9,256)	(2.9)	18,636	2.9
	2010	C	692,169	623,425	90.1		623,425	603,456	19,969	96.8	3.2	20,699	(0.3)	42,751	3.8	(22,052)	(3.8)
	2008	C	667,000	602,726	90.4		602,726	560,705	42,021	93.0	7.0	44,990	4.6	39,959	(0.3)	5,050	0.3
	2006	C	650,000	557,736	85.8		557,717	520,746	36,971	93.4	6.6	3,542	(1.2)	410	(0.6)	3,390	0.6
	2004		637,000	554,194	87.0		553,917	520,336	33,581	93.9	6.1	34,530	1.9	672	(6.1)	33,581	6.1
	2002		611,000	519,664	85.1		519,664	519,664	0	100.0	0.0	15,992	(0.0)	42,071	5.2	(26,079)	(5.2)
	2000		592,000	503,672	85.1		503,672	477,593	26,079	94.8	5.2	36,284	2.5	32,526	(0.4)	3,758	0.4
	1998		566,000	467,388	82.6		467,388	445,067	22,321	95.2	4.8	66,306	9.9	25,559	(0.6)	3,895	0.6
	1996		552,000	401,082	72.7		437,934	419,508	18,426	95.8	4.2	52,960	7.7	71,386	(4.2)	18,426	4.2
	1994		536,000	348,122	64.9		348,122	348,122	0	100.0	0.0						
1992		521,000	342,088	65.7													
District of Columbia	2012	C	522,843	557,774	106.7		557,774	483,600	74,174	86.7	13.3	44,877	4.3	28,905	(2.0)	15,972	2.0
	2010	C	500,908	512,897	102.4		512,897	454,695	58,202	88.7	11.3	86,226	13.5	28,024	12.7	(76,798)	(12.7)
(Total only)	2008	A	480,000	426,671	88.9		561,671	426,671	135,000	76.0	24.0	30,745	4.1	30,745	(4.5)	38,844	4.5
	2006	A	467,000	395,926	84.8		492,082	395,926	96,156	80.5	19.5	12,007	(1.7)	12,007	10.0	(65,085)	(10.0)
	2004		444,000	383,919	86.5		545,160	383,919	161,241	70.4	29.6	20,751	6.7	20,751	(2.9)	29,098	2.9
	2002		455,000	363,168	79.8		495,311	363,168	132,143	73.3	26.7	8,758	2.1	8,758	(8.8)	54,737	8.8
	2000		456,000	354,410	77.7		431,816	354,410	77,406	82.1	17.9	907	(6.2)	907	(2.2)	11,424	2.2
	1998		421,000	353,503	84.0		419,485	353,503	65,982	84.3	15.7	(7,916)	(0.5)	(7,916)	(7.1)	31,709	7.1
	1996		428,000	361,419	84.4		395,692	361,419	34,273	91.3	8.7	(471)	3.5	(471)	(8.7)	34,273	8.7
	1994		447,000	361,890	81.0		361,890	361,890	0	100.0	0.0						
1992		467,000															
Florida (67 counties)	2012	A	15,315,088	11,934,446	77.9		11,934,446	11,934,446		100.0	0.0	(617,523)	(6.9)	705,765	10.5	.....	.....
	2010	C	14,799,219	12,551,969	84.8		12,551,969	11,228,681	1,323,288	89.5	10.5	(11,009)	(2.9)	(22,433)	(0.1)	11,424	0.1
	2008	A	14,324,000	12,562,978	87.7		12,562,978	11,251,114	1,311,864	89.6	10.4	2,129,830	13.5	817,265	(7.7)	1,013,088	7.7
	2006	A	14,068,000	10,433,148	74.2	P	10,732,625	10,433,849	298,776	97.2	2.8	51,902	(3.3)	52,603	(2.8)	298,776	2.8
	2004		13,394,000	10,381,246	77.5		10,381,246	10,381,246	0	100.0	0.0	1,078,886	5.0	1,078,886	0.0	0	0.0
	2002		12,824,000	9,302,360	72.5		9,302,360	9,302,360	0	100.0	0.0	872,100	4.5	872,100	3.7	(322,457)	(3.7)
2000		12,383,000	8,430,260	68.1		8,752,717	8,430,260	322,457	96.3	3.7	936,255	2.3	936,255	5.2	(403,804)	(5.2)	
1998		11,398,000	7,494,005	65.7		8,220,266	7,494,005	726,261	91.2	8.8	9,664	(1.8)	9,664	(1.5)	132,725	1.5	

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
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State	Year	Reported Registration				Survey Response				Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election					
		R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
Florida	1996		11,078,000	7,484,341	67.6		8,077,877	7,484,341	593,536	92.7	7.3	924,743	6.4	924,743	(7.3)	593,536	7.3
	1994		10,721,000	6,559,598	61.2		6,559,598	6,559,598	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		10,422,000														
Georgia (159 counties)	2012	C	7,429,820	6,050,050	81.4		6,036,864	5,389,596	647,268	89.3	10.7	301,591	1.5	362,166	1.8	(73,761)	(1.8)
	2010	C	7,196,101	5,748,459	79.9		5,748,459	5,027,430	721,029	87.5	12.5	(7,291)	(0.8)	(157,482)	(2.6)	150,191	2.6
	2008	C	7,137,000	5,755,750	80.6		5,755,750	5,184,912	570,838	90.1	9.9	1,346,910	16.8	777,794	4.2	(154,948)	(4.2)
	2006	A	6,909,000	4,408,840	63.8		5,132,904	4,407,118	725,786	85.9	14.1	160,003	(1.6)	158,281	0.1	22,633	(0.1)
	2004		6,497,000	4,248,837	65.4		4,951,990	4,248,837	703,153	85.8	14.2	491,205	5.5	491,205	6.3	(264,212)	(6.3)
	2002		6,273,000	3,757,632	59.9		4,724,997	3,757,632	967,365	79.5	20.5	(99,044)	(3.8)	(99,044)	(3.4)	175,831	3.4
	2000		6,050,000	3,856,676	63.7		4,648,210	3,856,676	791,534	83.0	17.0	(54,064)	(5.5)	(54,064)	(10.3)	509,567	10.3
	1998		5,647,000	3,910,740	69.3		4,192,707	3,910,740	281,967	93.3	6.7	99,456	(1.1)	99,456	(6.7)	281,967	6.7
	1996		5,420,000	3,811,284	70.3		3,811,284	3,811,284	0	100.0	0.0	807,757	12.5	807,757	0.0	0	0.0
	1994		5,198,000	3,003,527	57.8		3,003,527	3,003,527	0	100.0	0.0						
1992		5,006,000															
Hawaii (4 jurisdictions*)	2012	C	1,089,302	705,668	64.8		705,668	638,883	66,785	90.5	9.5	12,923	(0.8)	33,351	2.9	(18,428)	(2.9)
	2010	C	1,056,483	692,745	65.6		690,745	605,532	85,213	87.7	12.3	1,389	(3.4)	78,860	(1.3)	19,766	1.3
	2008	C	1,003,000	691,356	68.9		592,119	526,672	65,447	88.9	11.1	28,628	1.8	(58,018)	0.7	(12,591)	(0.7)
	2006	C	987,000	662,728	67.1		662,728	584,690	78,038	88.2	11.8	15,490	0.0	4,655	(1.4)	10,835	.....
	2004		964,000	647,238	67.1		647,238	580,035	67,203	89.6	10.4	(29,004)	(4.9)	28,879	8.1	(57,883)	(8.1)
	2002		939,000	676,242	72.0		676,242	551,156	125,086	81.5	18.5	38,893	2.5	17,296	(2.3)	21,597	2.3
	2000		917,000	637,349	69.5		637,349	533,860	103,489	83.8	16.2	35,945	2.8	(67,544)	(16.2)	103,489	16.2
	1998		902,000	601,404	66.7		601,404	601,404	0	100.0	0.0	39,361	3.2	56,488	3.0	(17,127)	(3.0)
	1996		886,000	562,043	63.4		562,043	544,916	17,127	97.0	3.0	11,534	0.5	56,027	8.1	(44,493)	(8.1)
	1994		875,000	550,509	62.9		550,509	488,889	61,620	88.8	11.2						
1992		866,000	464,495	53.6													
Idaho* (44 counties)	2012	A	1,169,075	895,834	76.6		895,834	895,834		100.0	0.0	105,303	7.2	105,303	0.0	.....	.....
	2010	A	1,138,510	790,531	69.4		790,531	790,531		100.0	0.0	(71,338)	(8.1)	(71,338)	0.0	0	0.0
	2008	A	1,111,000	861,869	77.6		861,869	861,869	0	100.0	0.0	96,989	6.2	96,989	0.0	0	0.0
	2006	A	1,072,000	764,880	71.4		764,880	764,880	0	100.0	0.0	(33,135)	(6.8)	(33,135)	0.0	0	0.0
	2004		1,021,000	798,015	78.2		798,015	798,015	0	100.0	0.0	166,979	13.1	166,979	0.0	0	0.0
	2002		970,000	631,036	65.1		631,036	631,036	0	100.0	0.0	(97,049)	(13.2)	(97,049)	0.0	0	0.0
	2000		930,000	728,085	78.3		728,085	728,085	0	100.0	0.0	66,652	3.4	66,652	0.0	0	0.0
	1998		883,000	661,433	74.9		661,433	661,433	0	100.0	0.0	(38,997)	(8.0)	(38,997)	0.0	0	0.0
	1996		845,000	700,430	82.9		700,430	700,430	0	100.0	0.0	74,627	4.9	74,627	0.0	0	0.0
	1994		802,000	625,803	78.0		625,803	625,803	0	100.0	0.0						
1992		750,000	611,121	81.5													

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State	Year	R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.			
Illinois	2012	O	9,811,190	8,116,660	82.7		8,551,866	7,505,775	1,046,091	87.8	12.2	(425,737)	(5.3)	50,699	0.5	(41,230)	(0.5)			
	2010	O	9,701,453	8,542,397	88.1		8,542,397	7,455,076	1,087,321	87.3	12.7	841,872	8.8	(145,753)	1.8	(207,434)	(1.8)			
	(110 jurisdictions*)	2008	O	9,722,000	7,700,525	79.2		8,895,584	7,600,829	1,294,755	85.4	14.6	324,837	2.5	297,298	(3.3)	366,679	3.3		
		2006	A	9,617,000	7,375,688	76.7	P	8,231,607	7,303,531	928,076	88.7	11.3	1,221,845	11.7	1,149,688	8.5	(588,101)	(8.5)		
		2004		9,475,000	6,153,843	64.9		7,670,020	6,153,843	1,516,177	80.2	19.8	344,198	2.8	344,198	(19.8)	1,516,177	19.8		
		2002		9,353,000	5,809,645	62.1		5,809,645	5,809,645	0	100.0	0.0	(1,340,823)	(15.7)	(1,340,823)	20.0	(1,790,076)	(20.0)		
		2000		9,192,000	7,150,468	77.8		8,940,544	7,150,468	1,790,076	80.0	20.0	656,587	4.8	656,587	(4.6)	603,933	4.6		
		1998		8,894,000	6,493,881	73.0		7,680,024	6,493,881	1,186,143	84.6	15.4	(169,420)	(2.8)	(169,420)	(4.8)	388,630	4.8		
		1996		8,787,000	6,663,301	75.8		7,460,814	6,663,301	797,513	89.3	10.7	544,300	5.6	544,300	(10.7)	797,513	10.7		
		1994		8,717,000	6,119,001	70.2		6,119,001	6,119,001	0	100.0	0.0								
	1992		8,598,000																	
Indiana	2012	C	4,945,857	4,562,268	92.2		4,562,268	4,407,876	154,392	96.6	3.4	232,291	3.4	210,992	(0.3)	21,299	0.3			
	2010	C	4,875,504	4,329,977	88.8		4,329,977	4,196,884	133,093	96.9	3.1	(185,080)	(5.4)	59,278	5.3	(244,358)	(5.3)			
	(92 counties)	2008	C	4,792,000	4,515,057	94.2		4,515,057	4,137,606	377,451	91.6	8.4	219,370	3.5	535,740	7.9	(319,561)	(7.9)		
		2006	C	4,736,000	4,295,687	90.7		4,298,878	3,601,866	697,012	83.8	16.2	(915)	(2.0)	(694,736)	(16.2)	697,012	16.2		
		2004		4,637,000	4,296,602	92.7		4,296,602	4,296,602	0	100.0	0.0	287,966	4.8	287,966	0.0	0	0.0		
		2002		4,560,000	4,008,636	87.9		4,008,636	4,008,636	0	100.0	0.0	178,540	3.1	178,540	4.3	(170,713)	(4.3)		
		2000		4,515,000	3,830,096	84.8		4,000,809	3,830,096	170,713	95.7	4.3	452,140	8.0	452,140	4.3	(145,313)	(4.3)		
		1998		4,399,000	3,377,956	76.8		3,693,982	3,377,956	316,026	91.4	8.6	(110,132)	(3.6)	(110,132)	(8.6)	316,026	8.6		
		1996		4,340,000	3,488,088	80.4		3,488,088	3,488,088	0	100.0	0.0	511,833	10.8	511,833	0.0	0	0.0		
		1994		4,276,000	2,976,255	69.6		2,976,255	2,976,255	0	100.0	0.0								
	1992		4,209,000																	
Iowa	2012	C	2,351,233	2,236,068	95.1		2,169,779	1,960,086	209,693	90.3	9.7	119,898	3.8	(24,909)	(3.5)	78,518	3.5			
	2010	C	2,318,362	2,116,170	91.3		2,116,170	1,984,995	131,175	93.8	6.2	(27,495)	(2.3)	(18,906)	0.3	(8,589)	(0.3)			
	(99 counties)	2008	C	2,290,000	2,143,665	93.6		2,143,665	2,003,901	139,764	93.5	6.5	66,426	2.2	71,589	0.4	(4,573)	(0.4)		
		2006	C	2,272,000	2,077,239	91.4		2,076,649	1,932,312	144,337	93.0	7.0	(29,419)	(1.2)	(6,345)	1.0	(23,664)	(1.0)		
		2004		2,274,000	2,106,658	92.6		2,106,658	1,938,657	168,001	92.0	8.0	140,199	4.5	128,833	(0.0)	11,366	0.0		
		2002		2,232,000	1,966,459	88.1		1,966,459	1,809,824	156,635	92.0	8.0	(2,740)	(1.5)	(31,522)	(1.5)	28,782	1.5		
		2000		2,198,000	1,969,199	89.6		1,969,199	1,841,346	127,853	93.5	6.5	107,779	2.9	77,519	(1.2)	30,260	1.2		
		1998		2,148,000	1,861,420	86.7		1,861,420	1,763,827	97,593	94.8	5.2	84,987	3.1	21,878	(3.3)	63,129	3.3		
		1996		2,126,000	1,776,433	83.6		1,776,413	1,741,949	34,464	98.1	1.9	135,900	5.8	101,416	(1.9)	34,464	1.9		
		1994		2,109,000	1,640,533	77.8		1,640,533	1,640,533	0	100.0	0.0								
	1992		2,073,000	1,703,532	82.2															
Kansas	2012	C	2,161,601	1,771,252	81.9					.....	.....	46,240	0.8	.....	.....	.....	.....
	2010	C	2,126,179	1,725,012	81.1		1,725,012	1,580,688	144,324	91.6	8.4	(24,744)	(2.1)	760	1.3	(25,504)	(1.3)			
	(105 counties)	2008	C	2,102,000	1,749,756	83.2		1,749,756	1,579,928	169,828	90.3	9.7	86,739	2.8	(83,089)	(9.7)	169,828	9.7		

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
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State	Year	R	Reported Registration			P	Survey Response			Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election					
			(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP		Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
Kansas	2006	C	2,068,000	1,663,017	80.4	P	1,663,017	1,663,017	0	100.0	0.0	(29,115)	(2.0)	(29,115)	0.0	0	0.0
	2004		2,052,000	1,692,132	82.5		1,692,132	1,692,132	0	100.0	0.0	76,436	2.2	76,436	0.0	0	0.0
	2002		2,013,000	1,615,696	80.3		1,615,696	1,615,696	0	100.0	0.0	(7,927)	(1.7)	109,982	7.3	(117,909)	(7.3)
	2000		1,981,000	1,623,623	82.0		1,623,623	1,505,714	117,909	92.7	7.3	109,938	3.9	102,032	0.0	7,906	(0.0)
	1998		1,940,000	1,513,685	78.0		1,513,685	1,403,682	110,003	92.7	7.3	74,791	2.4	(35,212)	(7.3)	110,003	7.3
	1996		1,902,000	1,438,894	75.7		1,438,894	1,438,894	0	100.0	0.0	124,681	5.6	124,681	0.0	0	0.0
	1994		1,877,000	1,314,213	70.0		1,314,213	1,314,213	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		1,840,000	1,365,847	74.2												
Kentucky (120 counties)	2012	A	3,362,177	3,037,153	90.3		3,128,264	3,037,153	91,111	97.1	2.9	151,378	3.3	156,998	1.9	(52,975)	(1.9)
	2010	A	3,315,996	2,885,775	87.0		3,024,241	2,880,155	144,086	95.2	4.8	(21,034)	(2.1)	(26,654)	(0.2)	5,037	0.2
	2008	A	3,261,000	2,906,809	89.1		3,045,858	2,906,809	139,049	95.4	4.6	140,521	2.9	140,521	(4.6)	139,049	4.6
	2006	A	3,207,000	2,766,288	86.3		2,766,288	2,766,288	0	100.0	0.0	(27,998)	(2.0)	(27,998)	3.0	(87,551)	(3.0)
	2004		3,166,000	2,794,286	88.3		2,881,837	2,794,286	87,551	97.0	3.0	145,202	2.8	145,202	2.7	(72,362)	(2.7)
	2002		3,100,000	2,649,084	85.5		2,808,997	2,649,084	159,913	94.3	5.7	92,269	1.8	92,269	0.4	(5,829)	(0.4)
	2000		3,055,000	2,556,815	83.7		2,722,557	2,556,815	165,742	93.9	6.1	44,497	(1.2)	44,497	(4.2)	117,721	4.2
	1998		2,959,000	2,512,318	84.9		2,560,339	2,512,318	48,021	98.1	1.9	121,128	3.0	121,128	(1.7)	43,125	1.7
	1996		2,918,000	2,391,190	81.9		2,396,086	2,391,190	4,896	99.8	0.2	259,038	7.5	259,038	(0.2)	4,896	0.2
	1994		2,864,000	2,132,152	74.4		2,132,152	2,132,152	0	100.0	0.0						
1992		2,798,000															
Louisiana (64 parishes)	2012	C	3,484,090	2,965,751	85.1		2,965,751	2,786,355	179,396	94.0	6.0	30,689	(0.8)	74,381	1.6	(43,692)	(1.6)
	2010	C	3,415,357	2,935,062	85.9		2,935,062	2,711,974	223,088	92.4	7.6	(7,098)	(3.1)	(2,612)	0.1	(4,486)	(0.1)
	2008	C	3,303,000	2,942,160	89.1		2,942,160	2,714,586	227,574	92.3	7.7	51,269	(1.3)	(2,527)	(2.1)	64,700	2.1
	2006	C	3,198,000	2,890,891	90.4	P	2,879,987	2,717,113	162,874	94.3	5.7	(41,251)	2.9	23,427	2.5	(75,582)	(2.5)
	2004		3,351,000	2,932,142	87.5		2,932,142	2,693,686	238,456	91.9	8.1	125,940	2.2	169,499	1.9	(43,559)	(1.9)
	2002		3,291,000	2,806,202	85.3		2,806,202	2,524,187	282,015	90.0	10.0	9,651	(0.7)	(42,415)	(1.8)	52,066	1.8
	2000		3,253,000	2,796,551	86.0		2,796,551	2,566,602	229,949	91.8	8.2	109,990	1.9	55,461	(1.7)	54,529	1.7
	1998		3,195,000	2,686,561	84.1		2,686,561	2,511,141	175,420	93.5	6.5	127,890	2.3	31,108	(3.5)	96,782	3.5
	1996		3,129,000	2,558,671	81.8		2,558,671	2,480,033	78,638	96.9	3.1	406,716	12.0	328,078	(3.1)	78,638	3.1
	1994		3,085,000	2,151,955	69.8		2,151,955	2,151,955	0	100.0	0.0						
1992		3,045,000	2,292,129	75.3													
Maine (16 counties*)	2012	C	1,063,274	1,026,086	96.5		1,026,086	984,750	41,336	96.0	4.0	(2,415)	(1.1)	295	0.3	(2,710)	(0.3)
	2010	C	1,053,828	1,028,501	97.6		1,028,501	984,455	44,046	95.7	4.3	(36,563)	(4.6)	(2,976)	3.0	(33,587)	(3.0)
	2008	C	1,042,000	1,065,064	102.2		1,065,064	987,431	77,633	92.7	7.3	71,316	6.8	(4,188)	(1.9)	21,629	1.9
	2006	A	1,041,000	993,748	95.5		1,047,623	991,619	56,004	94.7	5.3	(31,990)	(3.6)	(34,119)	(0.3)	1,254	0.3
	2004		1,035,000	1,025,738	99.1		1,080,488	1,025,738	54,750	94.9	5.1	75,679	4.8	75,679	0.9	(5,525)	(0.9)
2002		1,007,000	950,059	94.3		1,010,334	950,059	60,275	94.0	6.0	2,870	(2.5)	2,870	5.0	(56,904)	(5.0)	

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			(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
Maine	2000		978,000	947,189	96.8		1,064,368	947,189	117,179	89.0	11.0	64,860	4.5	64,860	(4.6)	56,979	4.6
	1998		955,000	882,329	92.4		942,529	882,329	60,200	93.6	6.4	(118,963)	(14.0)	(118,963)	(6.4)	60,200	6.4
	1996		941,000	1,001,292	106.4		1,001,292	1,001,292	0	100.0	0.0	60,723	5.3	60,723	0.0	0	0.0
	1994		930,000	940,569	101.1		940,569	940,569	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		932,000														
Maryland (24 counties*)	2012	A	4,540,763	3,694,658	81.4		3,694,658	3,694,658		100.0	0.0	226,371	2.9	226,371	0.0	.....	.....
	2010	A	4,420,588	3,468,287	78.5		3,468,287	3,468,287		100.0	0.0	35,642	(1.5)	35,642	5.7	(209,083)	(5.7)
	2008	A	4,293,000	3,432,645	80.0		3,641,728	3,432,645	209,083	94.3	5.7	290,054	6.1	290,094	0.6	(2,167)	(0.6)
	2006	A	4,255,000	3,142,591	73.9		3,353,801	3,142,551	211,250	93.7	6.3	67,702	(0.0)	67,662	0.5	(11,833)	(0.5)
	2004		4,163,000	3,074,889	73.9		3,297,972	3,074,889	223,083	93.2	6.8	300,276	5.7	300,276	1.2	(17,816)	(1.2)
	2002		4,069,000	2,774,613	68.2		3,015,512	2,774,613	240,899	92.0	8.0	49,429	(0.8)	49,429	0.9	(24,685)	(0.9)
	2000		3,953,000	2,725,184	68.9		2,990,768	2,725,184	265,584	91.1	8.9	155,868	2.4	155,868	(0.3)	23,700	0.3
	1998		3,862,000	2,569,316	66.5		2,811,200	2,569,316	241,884	91.4	8.6	(7,875)	(1.3)	(7,875)	(4.5)	131,824	4.5
	1996		3,799,000	2,577,191	67.8		2,687,251	2,577,191	110,060	95.9	4.1	277,611	6.3	277,611	(4.1)	110,060	4.1
	1992		3,737,000	2,299,580	61.5		2,299,580	2,299,580	0	100.0	0.0						
Massachusetts (14 counties*)	2012	C	5,244,729	4,340,000	82.7		4,340,000	3,670,305	669,695	84.6	15.4	218,820	2.4	(14,016)	(4.8)	232,836	4.8
	2010	C	5,128,706	4,121,180	80.4		4,121,180	3,684,321	436,859	89.4	10.6	(99,308)	(2.9)	(198,710)	(2.6)	99,402	2.6
	2008	C	5,071,000	4,220,488	83.2		4,220,488	3,883,031	337,457	92.0	8.0	229,983	3.2	403,726	4.8	(173,632)	(4.8)
	2006	C	4,988,000	3,990,505	80.0		3,990,394	3,479,305	511,089	87.2	12.8	(108,129)	(2.8)	(209,388)	(2.8)	101,148	2.8
	2004		4,952,000	4,098,634	82.8		4,098,634	3,688,693	409,941	90.0	10.0	126,012	2.2	185,978	1.8	(59,966)	(1.8)
	2002		4,929,000	3,972,622	80.6		3,972,622	3,502,715	469,907	88.2	11.8	195,471	2.9	55,120	(3.1)	140,351	3.1
	2000		4,864,000	3,777,151	77.7		3,777,151	3,447,595	329,556	91.3	8.7	58,623	(1.4)	69,430	0.4	(10,807)	(0.4)
	1998		4,701,000	3,718,528	79.1		3,718,528	3,378,165	340,363	90.8	9.2	(106,148)	(3.1)	(116,762)	(0.5)	10,614	0.5
	1996		4,652,000	3,824,676	82.2		3,824,676	3,494,927	329,749	91.4	8.6	671,335	13.9	341,586	(8.6)	329,749	8.6
	1992		4,616,000	3,153,341	68.3		3,153,341	3,153,341	0	100.0	0.0						
Michigan (83 counties)	2012	C	7,616,490	7,454,553	97.9		7,454,553	6,537,332	917,221	87.7	12.3	178,316	1.4	(738,905)	(12.3)	917,221	12.3
	2010	C	7,539,572	7,276,237	96.5		7,276,237	7,276,237		100.0	0.0	(194,527)	(1.6)	(194,527)	0.0	0	0.0
	2008	C	7,613,000	7,470,764	98.1		7,470,764	7,470,764	0	100.0	0.0	289,986	3.9	289,986	0.0	0	0.0
	2006	A	7,617,000	7,180,778	94.3		7,180,778	7,180,778	0	100.0	0.0	16,731	(0.3)	16,731	0.0	0	0.0
	2004		7,579,000	7,164,047	94.5		7,164,047	7,164,047	0	100.0	0.0	366,754	3.7	366,754	0.0	0	0.0
	2002		7,482,000	6,797,293	90.8		6,797,293	6,797,293	0	100.0	0.0	(62,039)	(2.3)	(13,074)	0.7	(48,965)	(0.7)
	2000		7,362,000	6,859,332	93.2		6,859,332	6,810,367	48,965	99.3	0.7	20,474	(0.6)	(28,491)	0.4	(27,790)	(0.4)
	1998		7,294,000	6,838,858	93.8		6,915,613	6,838,858	76,755	98.9	1.1	161,779	1.1	161,779	(1.1)	76,755	1.1
1996		7,207,000	6,677,079	92.6		6,677,079	6,677,079	0	100.0	0.0	469,417	5.1	469,417	0.0	0	0.0	

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		R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.	
Michigan	1994		7,091,000	6,207,662	87.5		6,207,662	6,207,662	0	100.0	0.0							
	1992		6,947,000	6,147,083	88.5													
Minnesota*	2012	A	4,102,991	3,387,783	82.6	P	3,387,783	3,387,783		100.0	0.0	166,939	2.4	166,939	0.0	.....	.....
	2010	A	4,019,862	3,220,844	80.1	P	3,220,844	3,220,844		100.0	0.0	(251,468)	(7.4)	(251,468)	0.0	0	0.0	
	(87 counties)	2008	A	3,966,000	3,472,312	87.6		3,472,312	3,472,312	0	100.0	0.0	353,914	7.8	353,914	0.0	0	0.0
		2006	A	3,910,000	3,118,398	79.8		3,118,398	3,118,398	0	100.0	0.0	140,902	2.6	140,902	0.0	0	0.0
		2004		3,861,000	2,977,496	77.1		2,977,496	2,977,496	0	100.0	0.0	133,068	1.5	133,068	0.0	0	0.0
		2002		3,763,000	2,844,428	75.6		2,844,428	2,844,428	0	100.0	0.0	(420,896)	(13.9)	(420,896)	0.0	0	0.0
		2000		3,650,000	3,265,324	89.5		3,265,324	3,265,324	0	100.0	0.0	597,632	12.8	597,632	0.0	0	0.0
		1998		3,480,000	2,667,692	76.7		2,667,692	2,667,692	0	100.0	0.0	(400,110)	(13.2)	(400,110)	0.0	0	0.0
		1996		3,415,000	3,067,802	89.8		3,067,802	3,067,802	0	100.0	0.0	210,339	4.4	210,339	0.0	0	0.0
		1994		3,343,000	2,857,463	85.5		2,857,463	2,857,463	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		3,272,000															
Mississippi	2012	O	2,239,593	1,399,209	62.5	P	1,398,591	1,328,196	70,395	95.0	5.0	(579,254)	(27.0)	(296,785)	1.0	(33,783)	(1.0)	
	2010	O	2,211,742	1,978,463	89.5		1,729,159	1,624,981	104,178	94.0	6.0	82,880	2.2	591,753	0.3	34,318	(0.3)	
	(82 counties)	2008	O	2,172,000	1,895,583	87.3	P	1,103,088	1,033,228	69,860	93.7	6.3	117,338	4.6	(713,237)	0.6	(60,064)	(0.6)
		2006	A	2,151,000	1,778,245	82.7	P	1,876,389	1,746,465	129,924	93.1	6.9	(23,779)	(1.0)	(55,559)	(2.4)	44,558	2.4
		2004		2,153,000	1,802,024	83.7		1,887,390	1,802,024	85,366	95.5	4.5	(56,358)	(4.5)	1,189,019	4.3	25,987	(4.3)
		2002		2,107,000	1,858,382	88.2		672,384	613,005	59,379	91.2	8.8	361,968	16.1	(883,409)	5.2	(184,065)	(5.2)
		2000		2,076,000	1,496,414	72.1		1,739,858	1,496,414	243,444	86.0	14.0	(232,786)	(14.2)	(232,786)	(9.7)	165,526	9.7
		1998		2,005,000	1,729,200	86.2		1,807,118	1,729,200	77,918	95.7	4.3	(2,652)	(2.1)	(2,652)	0.8	(16,183)	(0.8)
		1996		1,960,000	1,731,852	88.4		1,825,953	1,731,852	94,101	94.8	5.2	106,212	3.6	106,212	(5.2)	94,101	5.2
		1994		1,917,000	1,625,640	84.8		1,625,640	1,625,640	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		1,873,000															
Missouri	2012	C	4,618,513	4,191,778	90.8		4,191,778	3,738,791	452,987	89.2	10.8	54,283	0.1	64,331	0.4	(10,048)	(0.4)	
	2010	C	4,563,491	4,137,495	90.7		4,137,495	3,674,460	463,035	88.8	11.2	(16,618)	(1.9)	(95,733)	(1.9)	79,115	1.9	
	(116 jurisdictions*)	2008	C	4,490,000	4,154,113	92.5		4,154,113	3,770,193	383,920	90.8	9.2	146,939	2.0	155,979	1.3	(43,122)	(1.3)
		2006	C	4,426,000	4,007,174	90.5		4,041,256	3,614,214	427,042	89.4	10.6	(33,167)	(1.9)	60,583	1.5	(59,668)	(1.5)
		2004		4,370,000	4,040,341	92.5		4,040,341	3,553,631	486,710	88.0	12.0	268,805	4.2	244,913	0.2	23,892	(0.2)
		2002		4,271,000	3,771,536	88.3		3,771,536	3,308,718	462,818	87.7	12.3	(89,136)	(4.0)	(106,518)	(0.7)	17,382	0.7
		2000		4,182,000	3,860,672	92.3		3,860,672	3,415,236	445,436	88.5	11.5	224,681	2.5	174,579	(0.7)	50,102	0.7
		1998		4,046,000	3,635,991	89.9		3,635,991	3,240,657	395,334	89.1	10.9	293,142	6.0	(102,192)	(10.9)	395,334	10.9
		1996		3,984,000	3,342,849	83.9		3,342,849	3,342,849	0	100.0	0.0	390,207	8.8	390,207	0.0	0	0.0
		1994		3,932,000	2,952,642	75.1		2,952,642	2,952,642	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		3,851,000	3,067,955	79.7													

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1a. Registration History

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State	Year	R	Reported Registration			Survey Response				Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election					
			(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
Montana	2012	C	783,161	681,608	87.0		681,608	553,048	128,560	81.1	18.9	30,273	2.0	3,365	(3.3)	26,908	3.3
	2010	C	765,852	651,335	85.0		651,335	549,683	101,652	84.4	15.6	(16,750)	(4.4)	(12,458)	0.3	(4,292)	(0.3)
(56 counties)	2008	C	747,000	668,085	89.4		668,085	562,141	105,944	84.1	15.9	18,649	0.1	23,767	0.4	1,313	(0.4)
	2006	C	727,000	649,436	89.3		643,005	538,374	104,631	83.7	16.3	10,961	0.5	18,318	2.3	(13,788)	(2.3)
	2004		719,000	638,475	88.8		638,475	520,056	118,419	81.5	18.5	13,927	(1.5)	5,388	(1.0)	8,539	1.0
	2002		692,000	624,548	90.3		624,548	514,668	109,880	82.4	17.6	(73,712)	(13.2)	2,152	9.0	(75,864)	(9.0)
	2000		675,000	698,260	103.4		698,260	512,516	185,744	73.4	26.6	59,019	6.4	17,753	(4.0)	41,266	4.0
	1998		659,000	639,241	97.0		639,241	494,763	144,478	77.4	22.6	48,490	5.8	(95,988)	(22.6)	144,478	22.6
	1996		648,000	590,751	91.2		590,751	590,751	0	100.0	0.0	76,700	8.9	76,700	0.0	0	0.0
	1994		625,000	514,051	82.2		514,051	514,051	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		600,000	529,822	88.3												
Nebraska	2012	C	1,392,120	1,163,871	83.6		1,163,871	1,035,285	128,586	89.0	11.0	21,624	0.1	14,648	(0.4)	6,976	0.4
	2010	C	1,367,120	1,142,247	83.6		1,142,247	1,020,637	121,610	89.4	10.6	(14,787)	(3.1)	(136,397)	(10.6)	121,610	10.6
(93 counties)	2008	C	1,336,000	1,157,034	86.6		1,157,034	1,157,034	0	100.0	0.0	18,612	0.6	18,614	0.0	0	0.0
	2006	A	1,323,000	1,138,422	86.0		1,138,420	1,138,420	0	100.0	0.0	(22,371)	(2.4)	(22,373)	0.0	0	0.0
	2004		1,313,000	1,160,793	88.4		1,160,793	1,160,793	0	100.0	0.0	77,249	4.0	77,249	0.0	0	0.0
	2002		1,284,000	1,083,544	84.4		1,083,544	1,083,544	0	100.0	0.0	(1,673)	(1.5)	43,521	4.2	(45,194)	(4.2)
	2000		1,264,000	1,085,217	85.9		1,085,217	1,040,023	45,194	95.8	4.2	28,866	(0.6)	58,863	3.0	(29,997)	(3.0)
	1998		1,222,000	1,056,351	86.4		1,056,351	981,160	75,191	92.9	7.1	41,295	2.4	(33,896)	(7.1)	75,191	7.1
	1996		1,208,000	1,015,056	84.0		1,015,056	1,015,056	0	100.0	0.0	95,735	6.5	95,735	0.0	0	0.0
	1994		1,186,000	919,321	77.5		919,321	919,321	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		1,164,000	951,395	81.7												
Nevada	2012	A	2,095,348	1,258,409	60.1		1,497,822	1,258,409	239,413	84.0	16.0	(117,439)	(7.5)	144,014	2.8	(17,538)	(2.8)
	2010	O	2,035,543	1,375,848	67.6		1,371,346	1,114,395	256,951	81.3	18.7	(70,690)	(7.3)	(93,987)	(2.2)	18,287	2.2
(17 jurisdictions*)	2008	C	1,932,000	1,446,538	74.9		1,447,046	1,208,382	238,664	83.5	16.5	455,484	21.6	217,328	2.8	1,169	(2.8)
	2006	A	1,861,000	991,054	53.3	P	1,228,549	991,054	237,495	80.7	19.3	(85,857)	(9.0)	(85,857)	(5.7)	66,866	5.7
	2004		1,731,000	1,076,911	62.2		1,247,540	1,076,911	170,629	86.3	13.7	207,052	7.9	207,052	2.8	(1,571)	(2.8)
	2002		1,602,000	869,859	54.3		1,042,059	869,859	172,200	83.5	16.5	106,975	3.4	106,975	(3.3)	56,114	3.3
	2000		1,500,000	762,884	50.9		878,970	762,884	116,086	86.8	13.2	(135,015)	(19.0)	762,884	.....	116,086	.....
	1998		1,285,000	897,899	69.9		0	0	0	.....	.....	175,291	9.6	(722,608)	.....	(56,416)	.....
	1996		1,199,000	722,608	60.3		779,024	722,608	56,416	92.8	7.2	96,766	3.2	96,766	(7.2)	56,416	7.2
	1994		1,097,000	625,842	57.1		625,842	625,842	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		1,011,000														
New Hampshire*	2012	A	1,045,878	878,136	84.0		878,135	878,135	0	100.0	0.0	(67,205)	(7.9)	(67,206)	0.0	0	0.0
	2010	A	1,029,236	945,341	91.8		945,341	945,341		100.0	0.0	(13,187)	(1.9)	(13,187)	0.0	0	0.0
(10 counties*)	2008	A	1,022,000	958,528	93.8		958,528	958,528	0	100.0	0.0	110,211	10.4	958,528	0

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State	Year	Reported Registration				Survey Response				Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election						
		R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.	
New Hampshire*	2006	A	1,017,000	848,317	83.4	P	0	0	0	.....	.....	(7,544)	(2.6)	(855,861)	.....	0	.....
	2004		995,000	855,861	86.0		855,861	855,861	0	100.0	0.0	165,702	14.7	165,702	0.0	0	0.0	
	2002		968,000	690,159	71.3		690,159	690,159	0	100.0	0.0	(166,360)	(20.7)	(166,360)	0.0	0	0.0	
	2000		931,000	856,519	92.0		856,519	856,519	0	100.0	0.0	92,674	6.1	92,674	0.0	0	0.0	
	1998		889,000	763,845	85.9		763,845	763,845	0	100.0	0.0	9,074	(0.9)	9,074	0.0	0	0.0	
	1996		869,000	754,771	86.9		754,771	754,771	0	100.0	0.0	77,151	6.8	77,151	0.0	0	0.0	
	1994		846,000	677,620	80.1		677,620	677,620	0	100.0	0.0							
	1992		838,000															
New Jersey	2012	C	6,838,206	5,415,639	79.2		5,415,639	5,016,550	399,089	92.6	7.4	279,809	2.8	297,082	0.7	(17,273)	(0.7)	
	2010	C	6,726,680	5,135,830	76.4		5,135,830	4,719,468	416,362	91.9	8.1	(250,597)	(4.8)	(198,304)	0.6	(52,281)	(0.6)	
	(21 counties)	2008	C	6,635,000	5,386,427	81.2		5,386,415	4,917,772	468,643	91.3	8.7	537,471	8.1	307,595	5.0	(263,943)	(5.0)
	2006	C	6,635,000	4,848,956	73.1	P	5,342,763	4,610,177	732,586	86.3	13.7	(253,610)	(4.9)	(32,884)	(4.7)	273,081	4.7	
	2004		6,543,000	5,102,566	78.0		5,102,566	4,643,061	459,505	91.0	9.0	21,417	(0.7)	(11,836)	(0.6)	33,253	0.6	
	2002		6,458,000	5,081,149	78.7		5,081,149	4,654,897	426,252	91.6	8.4	367,604	4.4	388,681	1.1	(21,077)	(1.1)	
	2000		6,342,000	4,713,545	74.3		4,713,545	4,266,216	447,329	90.5	9.5	180,293	0.5	139,434	(0.5)	40,859	0.5	
	1998		6,144,000	4,533,252	73.8		4,533,252	4,126,782	406,470	91.0	9.0	223,432	2.5	15,751	(4.4)	207,681	4.4	
	1996		6,042,000	4,309,820	71.3		4,309,820	4,111,031	198,789	95.4	4.6	404,385	6.0	205,596	(4.6)	198,789	4.6	
	1994		5,979,000	3,905,435	65.3		3,905,435	3,905,435	0	100.0	0.0							
1992		5,964,000	4,060,337	68.1														
New Mexico	2012	O	1,571,096	1,252,438	79.7		647,100	541,077	106,023	83.6	16.4	105,261	5.2	(525,893)	(9.4)	25,816	9.4	
	2010	C	1,540,507	1,147,177	74.5		1,147,177	1,066,970	80,207	93.0	7.0	(38,262)	(5.5)	324,069	0.8	17,446	(0.8)	
	(33 counties)	2008	C	1,482,000	1,185,439	80.0	P	805,662	742,901	62,761	92.2	7.8	96,462	4.7	(121,351)	12.2	(152,569)	(12.2)
	2006	C	1,446,000	1,088,977	75.3	P	1,079,582	864,252	215,330	80.1	19.9	(154,817)	(12.8)	(241,120)	(8.8)	76,908	8.8	
	2004		1,411,000	1,243,794	88.1		1,243,794	1,105,372	138,422	88.9	11.1	209,513	11.6	154,629	(3.1)	54,884	3.1	
	2002		1,352,000	1,034,281	76.5		1,034,281	950,743	83,538	91.9	8.1	60,748	2.5	67,691	1.2	(6,943)	(1.2)	
	2000		1,315,000	973,533	74.0		973,533	883,052	90,481	90.7	9.3	57,347	0.2	62,046	1.1	(4,699)	(1.1)	
	1998		1,241,000	916,186	73.8		916,186	821,006	95,180	89.6	10.4	78,392	4.8	82,481	1.5	(4,089)	(1.5)	
	1996		1,214,000	837,794	69.0		837,794	738,525	99,269	88.2	11.8	124,149	8.1	24,880	(11.8)	99,269	11.8	
	1994		1,171,000	713,645	60.9		713,645	713,645	0	100.0	0.0							
1992		1,121,000	706,966	63.1														
New York	2012	C	15,307,107	11,720,541	76.6		5,913,605	5,403,806	509,799	91.4	8.6	(86,203)	(1.9)	(5,276,730)	0.9	(616,692)	(0.9)	
	2010	C	15,053,173	11,806,744	78.4		11,807,027	10,680,536	1,126,491	90.5	9.5	(224,568)	(1.3)	(135,964)	0.6	(88,321)	(0.6)	
	(62 counties)	2008	A	15,082,000	12,031,312	79.8		12,031,312	10,816,500	1,214,812	89.9	10.1	361,739	0.9	579,773	2.2	(218,368)	(2.2)
	2006	C	14,792,000	11,669,573	78.9	P	11,669,907	10,236,727	1,433,180	87.7	12.3	(167,495)	(1.9)	(398,998)	(2.1)	231,837	2.1	
	2004		14,655,000	11,837,068	80.8		11,837,068	10,635,725	1,201,343	89.9	10.1	590,979	3.6	455,362	(0.7)	135,617	0.7	
2002		14,572,000	11,246,089	77.2		11,246,089	10,180,363	1,065,726	90.5	9.5	(16,727)	(1.5)	152,978	1.5	(169,705)	(1.5)		

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		R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
New York	2000		14,314,000	11,262,816	78.7		11,262,816	10,027,385	1,235,431	89.0	11.0	522,028	0.4	473,720	0.1	48,308	(0.1)
	1998		13,721,000	10,740,788	78.3		10,740,788	9,553,665	1,187,123	88.9	11.1	580,665	3.6	(14,323)	(5.2)	594,988	5.2
	1996		13,606,000	10,160,123	74.7		10,160,123	9,567,988	592,135	94.2	5.8	1,341,432	10.0	749,297	(5.8)	592,135	5.8
	1994		13,633,000	8,818,691	64.7		8,818,691	8,818,691	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		13,705,000	9,193,391	67.1												
North Carolina (100 counties)	2012	C	7,465,545	6,655,291	89.1		6,655,291	5,986,515	668,776	90.0	10.0	448,198	3.6	230,112	(2.8)	218,086	2.8
	2010	C	7,253,848	6,207,093	85.6		6,207,093	5,756,403	450,690	92.7	7.3	(19,111)	(3.6)	(91,053)	(0.6)	33,413	0.6
	2008	C	6,979,000	6,226,204	89.2		6,264,733	5,847,456	417,277	93.3	6.7	658,780	6.1	802,024	2.9	(116,829)	(2.9)
	2006	C	6,701,000	5,567,424	83.1		5,579,538	5,045,432	534,106	90.4	9.6	40,443	(3.0)	64,006	0.3	(11,449)	(0.3)
	2004		6,423,000	5,526,981	86.0		5,526,981	4,981,426	545,555	90.1	9.9	246,288	1.6	205,068	(0.3)	41,220	0.3
	2002		6,254,000	5,280,693	84.4		5,280,693	4,776,358	504,335	90.4	9.6	74,642	(0.9)	54,003	(0.3)	20,639	0.3
	2000		6,104,000	5,206,051	85.3		5,206,051	4,722,355	483,696	90.7	9.3	453,438	1.1	373,065	(0.8)	80,373	0.8
	1998		5,645,000	4,752,613	84.2		4,752,613	4,349,290	403,323	91.5	8.5	434,605	5.7	123,525	(6.4)	311,080	6.4
	1996		5,501,000	4,318,008	78.5		4,318,008	4,225,765	92,243	97.9	2.1	682,133	10.3	589,890	(2.1)	92,243	2.1
	1994		5,331,000	3,635,875	68.2		3,635,875	3,635,875	0	100.0	0.0						
1992		5,190,000	3,817,380	73.6			0	0									
North Dakota* (53 counties)	2012	X	545,020	545,020	100.0					.....	.....	22,300	0.0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	2010	X	522,720	522,720	100.0		0	0	0	.....	.....	24,720	0.0	0	.....	0	.....
	2008	X	498,000	498,000	100.0		2,114,489	1,811,650	302,839	85.7	14.3	7,000	0.0	1,811,650	.....	302,839	.....
	2006	X	491,000	491,000	100.0		0	0	0	.....	.....	(4,000)	0.0	0	.....	0	.....
	2004		495,000	495,000	100.0		0	0	0	.....	.....	11,000	0.0	0	.....	0	.....
	2002		484,000	484,000	100.0		0	0	0	.....	.....	2,000	0.0	0	.....	0	.....
	2000		482,000	482,000	100.0		0	0	0	.....	.....	5,000	0.0	0	.....	0	.....
	1998		477,000	477,000	100.0		0	0	0	.....	.....	1,000	0.0	0	.....	0	.....
	1996		476,000	476,000	100.0		0	0	0	.....	.....	6,000	0.0	0	.....	0	.....
	1994		470,000	470,000	100.0		0	0	0	.....	.....				
1992		462,000	462,000	100.0													
Ohio (88 counties)	2012	C	8,880,551	7,987,697	89.9		7,987,697	6,621,906	1,365,791	82.9	17.1	(56,618)	(1.4)	(1,426,409)	(17.1)	1,365,791	17.1
	2010	A	8,805,753	8,044,315	91.4	P	8,048,315	8,048,315		100.0	0.0	(243,350)	(3.3)	2,527,112	20.1	(1,388,165)	(20.1)
	2008	O	8,756,000	8,287,665	94.7	P	6,909,368	5,521,203	1,388,165	79.9	20.1	427,613	4.4	(1,563,118)	(9.9)	585,515	9.9
	2006	C	8,708,000	7,860,052	90.3	P	7,886,971	7,084,321	802,650	89.8	10.2	(121,426)	(1.7)	(897,157)	(10.2)	802,650	10.2
	2004		8,680,000	7,981,478	92.0		7,981,478	7,981,478	0	100.0	0.0	870,577	9.1	1,477,247	0.0	0	0.0
	2002		8,580,000	7,110,901	82.9		6,504,231	6,504,231	0	100.0	0.0	(233,893)	(3.7)	(10,492)	11.3	(830,071)	(11.3)
	2000		8,480,000	7,344,794	86.6		7,344,794	6,514,723	830,071	88.7	11.3	230,489	1.9	455,915	3.5	(225,426)	(3.5)
1998		8,394,000	7,114,305	84.8		7,114,305	6,058,808	1,055,497	85.2	14.8	272,033	2.6	(783,464)	(14.8)	1,055,497	14.8	
1996		8,332,000	6,842,272	82.1		6,842,272	6,842,272	0	100.0	0.0	591,727	6.5	591,727	0.0	0	0.0	

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Ohio	1994		8,265,000	6,250,545	75.6		6,250,545	6,250,545	0	100.0							
	1992		8,207,000	6,542,931	79.7												
Oklahoma	2012	C	2,877,457	2,114,489	73.5		2,114,489	1,811,650	302,839	85.7	14.3	32,061	(0.3)	37,675	0.5	(5,614)	(0.5)
	2010	C	2,821,685	2,082,428	73.8		2,082,428	1,773,975	308,453	85.2	14.8	(101,658)	(6.0)	(105,834)	(0.9)	4,176	0.9
(77 counties)	2008	C	2,736,000	2,184,086	79.8		2,184,086	1,879,809	304,277	86.1	13.9	108,525	2.5	120,611	0.9	(2,346)	(0.9)
	2006	C	2,685,000	2,075,561	77.3		2,065,821	1,759,198	306,623	85.2	14.8	(68,417)	(3.2)	(80,830)	(0.7)	2,673	0.7
	2004		2,664,000	2,143,978	80.5		2,143,978	1,840,028	303,950	85.8	14.2	71,812	1.0	152,551	4.4	(80,739)	(4.4)
	2002		2,608,000	2,072,166	79.5		2,072,166	1,687,477	384,689	81.4	18.6	(167,072)	(7.8)	(49,013)	3.9	(118,059)	(3.9)
	2000		2,565,000	2,239,238	87.3		2,239,238	1,736,490	502,748	77.5	22.5	181,065	4.2	(739)	(6.9)	181,804	6.9
	1998		2,477,000	2,058,173	83.1		2,058,173	1,737,229	320,944	84.4	15.6	72,638	1.3	(248,306)	(15.6)	320,944	15.6
	1996		2,427,000	1,985,535	81.8		1,985,535	1,985,535	0	100.0	0.0	(58,057)	(3.9)	279,341	16.5	(337,398)	(16.5)
	1994		2,384,000	2,043,592	85.7		2,043,592	1,706,194	337,398	83.5	16.5						
	1992		2,352,000	2,302,279	97.9												
Oregon	2012	A	3,038,729	2,199,360	72.4		2,199,360	2,199,360		100.0	0.0	130,562	2.6	130,562	0.0	.....	.....
	2010	A	2,964,621	2,068,798	69.8		2,068,798	2,068,798		100.0	0.0	(85,116)	(3.9)	(85,116)	18.1	(474,565)	(18.1)
(36 counties)	2008	A	2,922,000	2,153,914	73.7		2,628,479	2,153,914	474,565	81.9	18.1	177,245	4.2	177,245	3.5	(68,991)	(3.5)
	2006	A	2,844,000	1,976,669	69.5		2,520,225	1,976,669	543,556	78.4	21.6	(164,580)	(8.6)	(164,580)	(1.1)	(8,569)	1.1
	2004		2,742,000	2,141,249	78.1		2,693,374	2,141,249	552,125	79.5	20.5	268,634	8.0	268,634	(3.6)	171,807	3.6
	2002		2,670,000	1,872,615	70.1		2,252,933	1,872,615	380,318	83.1	16.9	(81,391)	(5.5)	(81,391)	(8.2)	194,501	8.2
	2000		2,583,000	1,954,006	75.6		2,139,823	1,954,006	185,817	91.3	8.7	(11,975)	(4.1)	(11,975)	0.2	(5,508)	(0.2)
	1998		2,466,000	1,965,981	79.7		2,157,306	1,965,981	191,325	91.1	8.9	3,826	(1.9)	3,826	(2.2)	50,931	2.2
	1996		2,404,000	1,962,155	81.6		2,102,549	1,962,155	140,394	93.3	6.7	707,890	27.4	707,890	24.9	(438,115)	(24.9)
	1994		2,315,000	1,254,265	54.2		1,832,774	1,254,265	578,509	68.4	31.6						
	1992		2,220,000														
Pennsylvania	2012	C	10,024,150	8,352,342	83.3		8,352,342	7,771,517	580,825	93.0	7.0	131,583	0.4	272,334	1.8	(140,748)	(1.8)
	2010		9,910,224	8,220,759	83.0		8,220,756	7,499,183	721,573	91.2	8.8	(534,829)	(7.4)	(359,424)	(0.2)	(19,184)	0.2
(67 counties)	2008	C	9,686,000	8,755,588	90.4		8,599,364	7,858,607	740,757	91.4	8.6	572,712	5.5	536,767	0.3	23,413	(0.3)
	2006	C	9,636,000	8,182,876	84.9		8,039,184	7,321,840	717,344	91.1	8.9	392,483	3.5	(468,553)	(2.7)	200,614	2.7
	2004		9,569,000	7,790,393	81.4		8,307,123	7,790,393	516,730	93.8	6.2	1,016,015	9.9	1,016,015	4.5	(299,479)	(4.5)
	2002		9,472,000	6,774,378	71.5		7,590,587	6,774,378	816,209	89.2	10.8	(354,548)	(4.6)	(354,548)	(2.6)	183,138	2.6
	2000		9,371,000	7,128,926	76.1		7,761,997	7,128,926	633,071	91.8	8.2	162,465	0.0	162,465	(4.1)	340,710	4.1
	1998		9,163,000	6,966,461	76.0		7,258,822	6,966,461	292,361	96.0	4.0	218,622	2.3	218,622	(3.2)	234,612	3.2
	1996		9,153,000	6,747,839	73.7		6,805,588	6,747,839	57,749	99.2	0.8	868,746	9.5	868,746	(0.8)	57,749	0.8
	1994		9,148,000	5,879,093	64.3		5,879,093	5,879,093	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		9,161,000														

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1a. Registration History

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State	Year	R	Reported Registration			Survey Response				Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election					
			(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
Rhode Island	2012	C	833,818	725,309	87.0		725,309	661,028	64,281	91.1	8.9	19,148	1.8	13,459	(0.6)	5,689	0.6
	2010	C	828,611	706,161	85.2		706,161	647,569	58,592	91.7	8.3	4,854	(0.1)	(6,224)	(1.5)	11,178	1.5
(5 counties*)	2008		822,000	701,307	85.3		701,207	653,793	47,414	93.2	6.8	18,963	3.1	63,641	2.9	(15,542)	(2.9)
	2006	C	830,000	682,344	82.2		653,108	590,152	62,956	90.4	9.6	(26,706)	(2.5)	(117,082)	.....	(17,557)	.....
	2004		837,000	709,050	84.7		787,747	707,234	80,513	89.8	10.2	36,100	3.0	707,234	.....	80,513	.....
	2002		824,000	672,950	81.7		0	0	0	.....	.....	7,526	(1.2)	(665,424)	.....	(6,188)	.....
	2000		803,000	665,424	82.9		671,612	665,424	6,188	99.1	0.9	35,638	(0.9)	35,638	(0.4)	3,019	0.4
	1998		752,000	629,786	83.7		632,955	629,786	3,169	99.5	0.5	27,094	3.5	27,094	(0.5)	3,169	0.5
	1996		751,000	602,692	80.3		602,692	602,692	0	100.0	0.0	50,054	7.1	50,054	0.0	0	0.0
	1994		755,000	552,638	73.2		552,638	552,638	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		768,000														
South Carolina	2012	A	3,643,633	2,875,121	78.9		3,070,965	2,875,121	195,844	93.6	6.4	244,758	4.7	244,758	4.7	(131,348)	(4.7)
	2010	A	3,544,890	2,630,363	74.2		2,957,555	2,630,363	327,192	88.9	11.1	76,440	(0.6)	76,440	3.0	(92,175)	(3.0)
(46 counties)	2008	O	3,414,000	2,553,923	74.8		2,973,290	2,553,923	419,367	85.9	14.1	101,205	0.1	97,958	(10.1)	317,231	10.1
	2006	A	3,282,000	2,452,718	74.7		2,558,101	2,455,965	102,136	96.0	4.0	137,256	1.8	140,503	8.9	(240,095)	(8.9)
	2004		3,173,000	2,315,462	73.0		2,657,693	2,315,462	342,231	87.1	12.9	268,094	6.7	268,094	2.7	(35,662)	(2.7)
	2002		3,087,000	2,047,368	66.3		2,425,261	2,047,368	377,893	84.4	15.6	(222,645)	(9.0)	(222,645)	(12.0)	294,230	12.0
	2000		3,014,000	2,270,013	75.3		2,353,676	2,270,013	83,663	96.4	3.6	248,250	5.3	248,250	(0.5)	20,256	0.5
	1998		2,889,000	2,021,763	70.0		2,085,170	2,021,763	63,407	97.0	3.0	206,987	5.2	206,987	7.5	(150,192)	(7.5)
	1996		2,802,000	1,814,776	64.8		2,028,375	1,814,776	213,599	89.5	10.5	315,187	9.9	315,187	(4.0)	109,649	4.0
	1994		2,733,000	1,499,589	54.9		1,603,539	1,499,589	103,950	93.5	6.5						
	1992		2,669,000														
South Dakota	2012	O	629,185	523,410	83.2		428,764	393,379	35,385	91.7	8.3	(51,740)	(10.9)	(126,017)	1.4	(20,369)	(1.4)
	2010	A	611,383	575,150	94.1		575,150	519,396	55,754	90.3	9.7	44,688	6.5	(11,066)	(1.8)	10,584	1.8
(66 counties)	2008	A	606,000	530,462	87.5		575,632	530,462	45,170	92.2	7.8	27,376	1.8	23,330	0.6	(1,736)	(0.6)
	2006	A	587,000	503,086	85.7		554,038	507,132	46,906	91.5	8.5	693	(0.9)	4,739	0.5	(2,812)	(0.5)
	2004		580,000	502,393	86.6		552,111	502,393	49,718	91.0	9.0	27,028	2.2	27,028	0.8	(2,173)	(0.8)
	2002		563,000	475,365	84.4		527,256	475,365	51,891	90.2	9.8	4,213	(0.6)	4,213	(0.3)	2,162	0.3
	2000		554,000	471,152	85.0		520,881	471,152	49,729	90.5	9.5	18,367	1.2	18,367	(0.9)	6,728	0.9
	1998		540,000	452,785	83.8		495,786	452,785	43,001	91.3	8.7	(10,073)	(2.7)	(10,073)	(5.3)	26,914	5.3
	1996		535,000	462,858	86.5		478,945	462,858	16,087	96.6	3.4	32,319	4.5	32,319	(3.4)	16,087	3.4
	1994		525,000	430,539	82.0		430,539	430,539	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		505,000														
Tennessee	2012	C	4,962,227	4,024,960	81.1		4,024,959	3,571,628	453,331	88.7	11.3	72,556	(0.4)	(33,307)	(2.5)	105,872	2.5
	2010	C	4,850,104	3,952,404	81.5		3,952,394	3,604,935	347,459	91.2	8.8	(42,152)	(2.9)	(59,918)	(0.5)	17,756	0.5
(95 counties)	2008	C	4,736,000	3,994,556	84.3		3,994,556	3,664,853	329,703	91.7	8.3	255,853	3.0	230,730	0.7	(10,021)	(0.7)

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
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State	Year	Reported Registration				Survey Response				Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election						
		R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.	
Tennessee	2006	C	4,596,000	3,738,703	81.3	P	3,773,847	3,434,123	339,724	91.0	9.0	(33,185)	(2.3)	45,550	1.2	(43,591)	(1.2)	
	2004		4,510,000	3,771,888	83.6		3,771,888	3,388,573	383,315	89.8	10.2	317,361	5.1	254,469	(0.9)	62,892	0.9	
	2002		4,398,000	3,454,527	78.5		3,454,527	3,134,104	320,423	90.7	9.3	54,040	(0.4)	(47,004)	(2.8)	101,044	2.8	
	2000		4,305,000	3,400,487	79.0		3,400,487	3,181,108	219,379	93.5	6.5	156,225	0.1	124,100	(0.7)	32,125	0.7	
	1998		4,114,000	3,244,262	78.9		3,244,262	3,057,008	187,254	94.2	5.8	146,926	1.6	45,813	(3.0)	101,113	3.0	
	1996		4,007,000	3,097,336	77.3		3,097,336	3,011,195	86,141	97.2	2.8	404,333	8.0	318,192	(2.8)	86,141	2.8	
	1994		3,885,000	2,693,003	69.3		2,693,003	2,693,003	0	100.0	0.0							
	1992		3,796,000	2,726,449	71.8													
Texas	2012	C	19,073,564	13,690,729	71.8		13,690,729	11,845,118	1,845,611	86.5	13.5	428,297	(0.8)	478,755	0.8	(42,151)	(0.8)	
	2010		18,279,737	13,262,432	72.6		13,254,125	11,366,363	1,887,762	85.8	14.2	(312,630)	(4.6)	(310,655)	(0.3)	(10,282)	0.3	
	(254 counties)	2008	C	17,601,000	13,575,062	77.1		13,575,062	11,677,018	1,898,044	86.0	14.0	500,783	0.3	770,519	2.6	(269,736)	(2.6)
	2006	C	17,014,000	13,074,279	76.8	P	13,074,279	10,906,499	2,167,780	83.4	16.6	(24,050)	(3.9)	(94,179)	(0.6)	70,129	0.6	
	2004		16,223,000	13,098,329	80.7		13,098,329	11,000,678	2,097,651	84.0	16.0	534,870	0.1	665,905	1.7	(131,035)	(1.7)	
	2002		15,576,000	12,563,459	80.7		12,563,459	10,334,773	2,228,686	82.3	17.7	198,224	(1.6)	67,134	(0.8)	131,090	0.8	
	2000		15,040,000	12,365,235	82.2		12,365,235	10,267,639	2,097,596	83.0	17.0	827,000	1.1	685,134	(0.0)	141,866	0.0	
	1998		14,223,000	11,538,235	81.1		11,538,235	9,582,505	1,955,730	83.1	16.9	997,557	3.9	31,314	(7.6)	966,243	7.6	
	1996		13,643,000	10,540,678	77.3		10,540,678	9,551,191	989,487	90.6	9.4	1,898,830	11.6	909,343	(9.4)	989,487	9.4	
	1994		13,153,000	8,641,848	65.7		8,641,848	8,641,848	0	100.0	0.0							
1992		12,681,000	8,440,143	66.6														
Utah	2012	C	1,967,315	1,508,372	76.7		1,508,372	1,325,786	182,586	87.9	12.1	8,067	(2.6)	(12,961)	(1.3)	21,028	1.3	
	2010	C	1,892,858	1,500,305	79.3		1,500,305	1,338,747	161,558	89.2	10.8	(75,005)	(4.2)	(3,579)	4.0	(71,426)	(4.0)	
	(29 counties)	2008	C	1,887,000	1,575,310	83.5		1,575,310	1,342,326	232,984	85.2	14.8	272,905	9.4	62,601	(0.6)	21,702	0.6
	2006	A	1,759,000	1,302,405	74.0	P	1,491,007	1,279,725	211,282	85.8	14.2	238,571	9.5	215,891	4.5	(33,140)	(4.5)	
	2004		1,649,000	1,063,834	64.5		1,308,256	1,063,834	244,422	81.3	18.7	(47,169)	(5.8)	(47,169)	(3.6)	46,797	3.6	
	2002		1,581,000	1,111,003	70.3		1,308,628	1,111,003	197,625	84.9	15.1	(9,758)	(3.4)	(9,758)	(1.0)	14,151	1.0	
	2000		1,522,000	1,120,761	73.6		1,304,235	1,120,761	183,474	85.9	14.1	75,690	(0.4)	75,690	(4.4)	71,315	4.4	
	1998		1,411,000	1,045,071	74.1		1,157,230	1,045,071	112,159	90.3	9.7	(25,515)	(5.2)	(25,515)	(9.7)	112,159	9.7	
	1996		1,350,000	1,070,586	79.3		1,070,586	1,070,586	0	100.0	0.0	148,605	7.6	148,605	0.0	0	0.0	
	1994		1,285,000	921,981	71.7		921,981	921,981	0	100.0	0.0							
1992		1,169,000																
Vermont	2012	O	502,060	460,817	91.8		431,005	394,636	36,369	91.6	8.4	21,484	3.3	8,135	(1.6)	7,981	1.6	
	2010	O	496,508	439,333	88.5	P	414,889	386,501	28,388	93.2	6.8	(14,853)	(3.8)	(44,415)	(1.6)	4,617	1.6	
	(14 counties*)	2008	C	492,000	454,186	92.3		454,687	430,916	23,771	94.8	5.2	20,617	4.0	20,555	0.0	1,003	(0.0)
	2006	C	491,000	433,569	88.3		433,129	410,361	22,768	94.7	5.3	(10,508)	(2.9)	(33,716)	(5.3)	22,768	5.3	
	2004		487,000	444,077	91.2		444,077	444,077	0	100.0	0.0	28,344	3.8	28,344	0.0	0	0.0	
2002		476,000	415,733	87.3		415,733	415,733	0	100.0	0.0	(5,828)	(3.5)	(5,828)	1.4	(5,793)	(1.4)		

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State	Year	R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.				
Vermont	2000		464,000	421,561	90.9		427,354	421,561	5,793	98.6	1.4	32,370	4.6	32,370	1.4	(5,237)	(1.4)				
	1998		451,000	389,191	86.3		400,221	389,191	11,030	97.2	2.8	3,863	(0.9)	3,863	(2.8)	11,030	2.8				
	1996		442,000	385,328	87.2		385,328	385,328	0	100.0	0.0	11,886	0.9	11,886	0.0	0	0.0				
	1994		433,000	373,442	86.2		373,442	373,442	0	100.0	0.0										
	1992		429,000																		
Virginia	2012	C	6,329,130	5,428,091	85.8		5,428,091	4,847,630	580,461	89.3	10.7	395,956	3.9	127,179	(4.5)	268,777	4.5				
	2010	C	6,147,347	5,032,135	81.9		5,032,135	4,720,451	311,684	93.8	6.2	(2,529)	(2.8)	(191,441)	(3.8)	188,912	3.8				
	(134 jurisdictions*)	2008	C	5,946,000	5,034,664	84.7		5,034,664	4,911,892	122,772	97.6	2.4	478,724	6.6	664,647	4.3	(185,921)	(4.3)			
	2006	C	5,836,000	4,555,940	78.1		4,555,938	4,247,245	308,693	93.2	6.8	40,265	(1.8)	67,941	0.7	(27,678)	(0.7)				
	2004		5,655,000	4,515,675	79.9		4,515,675	4,179,304	336,371	92.6	7.4	457,351	5.9	120,980	(7.4)	336,371	7.4				
	2002		5,491,000	4,058,324	73.9		4,058,324	4,058,324	0	100.0	0.0	(38,352)	(2.5)	233,648	6.6	(270,511)	(6.6)				
	2000		5,361,000	4,096,676	76.4		4,095,187	3,824,676	270,511	93.4	6.6	370,755	4.3	354,016	0.2	15,250	(0.2)				
	1998		5,168,000	3,725,921	72.1		3,725,921	3,470,660	255,261	93.1	6.9	404,149	6.5	289,798	(2.6)	114,351	2.6				
	1996		5,066,000	3,321,772	65.6		3,321,772	3,180,862	140,910	95.8	4.2	321,212	5.0	180,302	(4.2)	140,910	4.2				
	1994		4,956,000	3,000,560	60.5		3,000,560	3,000,560	0	100.0	0.0										
Washington	2012	A	5,312,045	3,904,959	73.5		4,319,827	3,904,959	414,868	90.4	9.6	(161,558)	(5.6)	303,691	1.8	(50,381)	(1.8)				
	2010	C	5,143,186	4,066,517	79.1		4,066,517	3,601,268	465,249	88.6	11.4	436,399	6.6	(28,850)	(1.6)	71,032	1.6				
	(39 counties)	2008	A	5,008,000	3,630,118	72.5		4,024,335	3,630,118	394,217	90.2	9.8	365,607	5.5	365,531	5.7	(205,894)	(5.7)			
	2006	A	4,870,000	3,264,511	67.0		3,864,698	3,264,587	600,111	84.5	15.5	(243,697)	(7.3)	(243,621)	(3.8)	131,964	3.8				
	2004		4,718,000	3,508,208	74.4		3,976,355	3,508,208	468,147	88.2	11.8	298,560	4.0	298,560	3.0	(87,203)	(3.0)				
	2002		4,561,000	3,209,648	70.4		3,764,998	3,209,648	555,350	85.2	14.8	61,834	(1.2)	61,834	(9.2)	369,450	9.2				
	2000		4,398,000	3,147,814	71.6		3,333,714	3,147,814	185,900	94.4	5.6	28,252	(2.1)	28,252	2.3	(82,208)	(2.3)				
	1998		4,237,000	3,119,562	73.6		3,387,670	3,119,562	268,108	92.1	7.9	41,434	(1.3)	41,434	(3.3)	120,875	3.3				
	1996		4,109,000	3,078,128	74.9		3,225,361	3,078,128	147,233	95.4	4.6	181,609	1.8	181,609	(4.6)	147,233	4.6				
	1994		3,962,000	2,896,519	73.1		2,896,519	2,896,519	0	100.0	0.0										
West Virginia	2012	C	1,471,372	1,246,559	84.7		1,246,559	1,166,161	80,398	93.6	6.4	30,536	1.7	1,166,161	.....	80,398	.....			
	2010	C	1,465,576	1,216,023	83.0					.....	.....	3,906	(1.9)	(1,160,245)	.....	(52,135)	.....			
	(55 counties)	2008	C	1,428,000	1,212,117	84.9		1,212,380	1,160,245	52,135	95.7	4.3	74,746	5.3	105,457	1.5	(12,572)	(1.5)			
	2006	C	1,429,000	1,137,371	79.6		1,119,495	1,054,788	64,707	94.2	5.8	(31,323)	(2.1)	224,139	23.1	(273,338)	(23.1)				
	2004		1,431,000	1,168,694	81.7		1,168,694	830,649	338,045	71.1	28.9	107,802	6.5	125,441	4.6	(17,639)	(4.6)				
	2002		1,411,000	1,060,892	75.2		1,060,892	705,208	355,684	66.5	33.5	(5,457)	(0.6)	(326,528)	(30.3)	321,071	30.3				
2000		1,407,000	1,066,349	75.8		1,066,349	1,031,736	34,613	96.8	3.2	58,538	4.4	80,155	2.3	(21,617)	(2.3)					

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey											The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes. The "P" column indicates partial coverage for Active/Inactive numbers; see footnotes.						
Table 1a. Registration History																	
State	Year	Reported Registration				Survey Response				Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election					
		R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
West Virginia	1998		1,411,000	1,007,811	71.4		1,007,811	951,581	56,230	94.4	5.6	37,066	2.1	1,033	(3.5)	36,033	3.5
	1996		1,400,000	970,745	69.3		970,745	950,548	20,197	97.9	2.1	86,430	5.8	66,233	(2.1)	20,197	2.1
	1994		1,392,000	884,315	63.5		884,315	884,315	0	100.0	0.0						
	1992		1,376,000	956,172	69.5												
Wisconsin* (72 counties*)	2012	A	4,408,841	3,987,248	90.4		3,987,248	3,987,248	0	100.0	0.0	278,019	5.1	278,019	0.0	0	0.0
	2010	A	4,347,494	3,709,229	85.3		3,709,229	3,709,229	0	100.0	0.0	(314,732)	(8.0)	(45,306)	0.0	0	0.0
	2008		4,314,000	4,023,961	93.3		3,754,535	3,754,535		100.0	0.0	480,236	9.8	210,936	0.0	0	0.0
	2006	A	4,244,000	3,543,725	83.5		3,543,599	3,543,599	0	100.0	0.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	0	.....
	2004		4,201,000	4,192,515	99.8		0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	(2,308,923)	.....	0	.....
	2002		4,099,000	4,115,452	100.4		2,308,923	2,308,923	0	100.0	0.0	.....	.....	2,308,923	.....	0	.....
	2000		4,010,000	3,930,000	98.0		0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1998		3,888,000	3,877,000	99.7		0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1996		3,838,000	3,824,000	99.6		0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1994		3,766,000	3,777,000	100.3		0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....
1992		3,675,000	3,675,000	100.0					.....	.....	.....	.....		.....		.....
Wyoming* (23 counties)	2012	A	440,922	240,438	54.5		240,438	240,438		100.0	0.0	(29,645)	(8.5)	(29,645)	0.0	.....	.....
	2010	A	428,224	270,083	63.1		270,083	270,083	0	100.0	0.0	25,265	2.5	270,083	100.0	0	0.0
	2008	A	404,000	244,818	60.6		0	0	0	.....	.....	(18,265)	(6.3)	N/A	N/A	0	N/A
	2006	A	393,000	263,083	66.9		257,715	257,715	0	100.0	0.0	47,709	11.7	42,341	0.0	0	0.0
	2004		390,000	215,374	55.2		215,374	215,374	0	100.0	0.0	(14,003)	(5.8)	(14,003)	0.0	0	0.0
	2002		376,000	229,377	61.0		229,377	229,377	0	100.0	0.0	9,365	0.9	9,365	0.0	0	0.0
	2000		366,000	220,012	60.1		220,012	220,012	0	100.0	0.0	(10,348)	(5.0)	(10,348)	0.0	0	0.0
	1998		354,000	230,360	65.1		230,360	230,360	0	100.0	0.0	(10,351)	(4.3)	1,806	0.0	0	0.0
	1996		347,000	240,711	69.4		228,554	228,554	0	100.0	0.0	(97,152)	(30.0)	(109,309)	0.0	0	0.0
	1994		340,000	337,863	99.4		337,863	337,863	0	100.0	0.0						
1992		329,000	234,260	71.2					.....	.....	.....	.....		.....		.....
American Samoa* (Total only*)	2012	A	0	17,764	.....		17,764	17,764		100.0	0.0	1,640	.....	1,640	0.0	.....	.....
	2010	A		16,124	.....		16,124	16,124	0	100.0	0.0	(656)	.....	(656)	0.0		0.0
	2008		0	16,780	.....		16,780	16,780	0	100.0	0.0	2,497	.....	2,497	0.0	0	0.0
	2006		0	14,283	.....	P	14,283	14,283	0	100.0	0.0	(1,819)	.....	(1,819)	.....	0	.....
	2004		0	16,102	.....		16,102	16,102	0	100.0	0.0	1,314	.....	1,314	0.0	0	0.0
	2002		0	14,788	.....		14,788	14,788	0	100.0	0.0	14,788	.....	14,788	.....	0	.....
2000		0	0	.....		0	0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
1998		0	0	.....		0	0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1a. Registration History

The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes.
 The "P" column indicates partial coverage for Active/Inactive numbers; see footnotes.

State	Year	Reported Registration			Survey Response			Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election							
		R	(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
American Samoa*	1996		0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
	1994		0	0		0	0	0						
	1992		0													
Guam*	2012	A	0	50,701	.....		50,701	50,701	100.0	0.0	(2,120)	.....	(2,120)	0.0	.....	.....
	2010	A		52,821	.....		52,821	52,821	100.0	0.0	2,015	.....	2,015	0.0		0.0
(Total only*)	2008	A	0	50,806	.....		50,806	50,806	100.0	0.0	50,806	.....	50,806	.....	0	.....
	2006		0	0	.....	P	0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	2004		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	2002		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	2000		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1998		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1996		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1994		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....					
	1992		0		.....											
Puerto Rico*	2012	A	2,817,721	2,402,941	85.3		2,733,843	2,402,941	330,902	87.9	12.1	2,402,941	85.3	2,402,941	330,902
	2010		2,822,494		0.0				
(Total only*)	2008	A	2,972,000	2,458,141	82.7		3,762,658	2,458,036	1,304,622	65.3	34.7	2,458,141	2,458,036	1,304,622
	2006		0	0	.....	P	0	0	.....	.....	(2,440,131)	.....	(2,440,131)	.....	0	.....
	2004		0	2,440,131		2,440,131	2,440,131	0	100.0	0.0	2,440,131	2,440,131	0
	2002		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	2000		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1998		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1996		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1994		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....					
	1992		0		.....											
Virgin Islands*	2012															
	2010															
(Total only*)	2008	A	0	50,948		50,948	50,948	0	100.0	0.0	(2,069)	(2,069)	0.0	0	0.0
	2006		0	53,017	P	53,017	53,017	0	100.0	0.0	2,286	2,286	0
	2004		0	50,731		50,731	50,731	0	100.0	0.0	(3,537)	(3,537)	0.0	0	0.0
	2002		0	54,268		54,268	54,268	0	100.0	0.0	54,268	54,268	0
	2000		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1998		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1996		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
	1994		0	0	.....		0	0	.....	.....					
	1992		0		.....											

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1a. Registration History

The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes.
 The "P" column indicates partial coverage for Active/Inactive numbers; see footnotes.

State	Year	R	Reported Registration			Survey Response			Percentages		Change From Previous Federal Election						
			(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Total Reg.	Inactive % of Total Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
Sum of Above	2012		243,003,673	194,198,928	79.9		193,576,017	170,434,383	23,141,634	88.0	12.0	7,324,771	1.2	(3,359,654)	(1.3)	2,376,648	1.3
	2010		237,386,565	186,874,157	78.7	P	191,683,902	170,918,916	20,764,986	89.2	10.8	(3,587,244)	(3.0)	(4,994,239)	1.1	(3,047,290)	(1.1)
	2008		233,087,000	190,461,401	81.7	P	199,725,431	175,913,155	23,812,276	88.1	11.9	17,651,395	5.1	15,608,784	(0.2)	2,605,169	0.2
	2006		225,664,000	172,810,006	76.6	P	181,511,478	160,304,371	21,207,107	88.3	11.7	(3,355,382)	(3.4)	(3,449,302)	(0.9)	1,504,783	0.9
	2004		220,380,000	176,165,388	79.9		183,455,997	163,753,673	19,702,324	89.3	10.7	15,455,357	5.2	15,602,639	0.2	1,593,732	(0.2)
	2002		215,075,000	160,710,031	74.7		166,259,626	148,151,034	18,108,592	89.1	10.9	(1,789,748)	(2.7)	(1,325,671)	0.0	(165,605)	(0.0)
	2000		209,827,000	162,499,779	77.4		167,750,902	149,476,705	18,274,197	89.1	10.9	8,494,226	0.9	8,530,197	(0.9)	2,565,157	0.9
	1998		201,270,000	154,005,553	76.5		156,655,548	140,946,508	15,709,040	90.0	10.0	3,614,352	0.1	(2,037,191)	(5.3)	8,625,246	5.3
	1996		196,789,000	150,391,201	76.4		150,067,493	142,983,699	7,083,794	95.3	4.7	16,313,939	7.0	13,552,455	(3.5)	5,431,358	3.5
	1994		193,010,000	134,077,262	69.5		131,083,680	129,431,244	1,652,436	98.7	1.3						
	1992		189,529,000														
States Included	2012		52	54				52	42								
	2010		52	53				52	45								
	2008		52	55				53	44								
	2006		51	53				51	40								
	2004		51	54				53	37								
	2002		51	53				51	33								
	2000		51	51				49	45								
	1998		51	51				48	43								
	1996		51	51				49	31								
	1994		51	51				49	6								
	1992		51	26													
National Summary	2012		242,458,653	193,585,443	79.8	51											
	2010		236,863,845	186,282,492	78.6	50											
	2008		232,589,000	189,844,867	81.6	51											
	2006		225,173,000	172,251,706	76.5	50											
(adjusted by year	2004		219,885,000	173,163,424	78.8	49											
for States with	2002		214,591,000	160,156,975	74.6	48											
both VAP and Reg.;	2000		209,345,000	162,017,779	77.4	49											
exc. ND, AS, GU, VI,	1998		200,793,000	153,528,553	76.5	49											
and PR pre-2008)	1996		196,313,000	149,915,201	76.4	49											
	1994		192,540,000	133,607,262	69.4	40											

+Alaska and Nevada indicated they include only active registered voters in their count of registered voters (QA2). However, the reported registration count includes both active and inactive voters. In Arizona some jurisdictions indicated they include only active registered voters in their count of registered voters, whereas others indicated they include both active and inactive voters (QA2). However, the reported registration count includes both active and inactive voters.

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1b. Registration Summary for 2012

The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes.
 The "P" column indicates partial coverage for Active/Inactive numbers; see footnotes.

State	Year	R	Reported Registration			Survey Response			Percentage		Change From Previous Federal Election						
			(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Report Reg.	Inactive % of Report Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
Alabama	2012	C	3,697,617	3,162,135	85.5		3,162,135	2,833,938	328,197	89.6	10.4	198,065	4.3	247,656	2.4	(49,591)	(2.4)
Alaska	2012	A	544,349	579,304	106.4		579,304	506,432	72,872	87.4	12.6	19,158	(0.7)	11,556	(0.9)	7,602	0.9
Arizona	2012	O	4,932,361	3,725,362	75.5		3,725,362	3,124,712	600,650	83.9	16.1	222,619	2.0	(21,706)	(6.0)	244,325	6.0
Arkansas	2012	C	2,238,250	1,610,364	71.9		1,610,364	1,282,491	327,873	79.6	20.4	(27,771)	(2.4)	(44,190)	(1.3)	16,419	1.3
California	2012	O	28,801,211	18,996,338	66.0		25,599,182	18,255,385	7,343,797	96.1	38.7	1,696,991	4.1	956,038	(1.8)	976,680	1.8
Colorado	2012	C	3,956,224	3,651,091	92.3		3,651,091	2,612,360	1,038,731	71.6	28.4	357,149	5.7	135,158	(3.7)	221,991	3.7
Connecticut	2012	C	2,796,789	2,202,278	78.7		2,202,278	2,081,650	120,628	94.5	5.5	51,645	0.7	54,776	0.3	(3,131)	(0.3)
Delaware	2012	C	712,042	632,805	88.9		632,805	594,200	38,605	93.9	6.1	9,380	(1.2)	(9,256)	(2.9)	18,636	2.9
District of Columbia	2012	C	522,843	557,774	106.7		557,774	483,600	74,174	86.7	13.3	44,877	4.3	28,905	(2.0)	15,972	2.0
Florida	2012	A	15,315,088	11,934,446	77.9		11,934,446	11,934,446		100.0	0.0	(617,523)	(6.9)	705,765	10.5	.....	.....
Georgia	2012	C	7,429,820	6,050,050	81.4		6,036,864	5,389,596	647,268	89.1	10.7	301,591	1.5	362,166	1.8	(73,761)	(1.8)
Hawaii	2012	C	1,089,302	705,668	64.8		705,668	638,883	66,785	90.5	9.5	12,923	(0.8)	33,351	2.9	(18,428)	(2.9)
Idaho*	2012	A	1,169,075	895,834	76.6		895,834	895,834		100.0	0.0	105,303	7.2	105,303	0.0	.....	.....
Illinois	2012	O	9,811,190	8,116,660	82.7		8,551,866	7,505,775	1,046,091	92.5	12.9	(425,737)	(5.3)	50,699	0.5	(41,230)	(0.5)
Indiana	2012	C	4,945,857	4,562,268	92.2		4,562,268	4,407,876	154,392	96.6	3.4	232,291	3.4	210,992	(0.3)	21,299	0.3
Iowa	2012	C	2,351,233	2,236,068	95.1		2,169,779	1,960,086	209,693	87.7	9.4	119,898	3.8	(24,909)	(3.5)	78,518	3.5
Kansas	2012	C	2,161,601	1,771,252	81.9					.....	.....	46,240	0.8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kentucky	2012	A	3,362,177	3,037,153	90.3		3,128,264	3,037,153	91,111	100.0	3.0	151,378	3.3	156,998	1.9	(52,975)	(1.9)
Louisiana	2012	C	3,484,090	2,965,751	85.1		2,965,751	2,786,355	179,396	94.0	6.0	30,689	(0.8)	74,381	1.6	(43,692)	(1.6)
Maine	2012	C	1,063,274	1,026,086	96.5		1,026,086	984,750	41,336	96.0	4.0	(2,415)	(1.1)	295	0.3	(2,710)	(0.3)
Maryland	2012	A	4,540,763	3,694,658	81.4		3,694,658	3,694,658		100.0	0.0	226,371	2.9	226,371	0.0	.....	.....
Massachusetts	2012	C	5,244,729	4,340,000	82.7		4,340,000	3,670,305	669,695	84.6	15.4	218,820	2.4	(14,016)	(4.8)	232,836	4.8
Michigan	2012	C	7,616,490	7,454,553	97.9		7,454,553	6,537,332	917,221	87.7	12.3	178,316	1.4	(738,905)	(12.3)	917,221	12.3
Minnesota*	2012	A	4,102,991	3,387,783	82.6	P	3,387,783	3,387,783		100.0	0.0	166,939	2.4	166,939	0.0	.....	.....
Mississippi	2012	O	2,239,593	1,399,209	62.5	P	1,398,591	1,328,196	70,395	94.9	5.0	(579,254)	(27.0)	(296,785)	1.0	(33,783)	(1.0)
Missouri	2012	C	4,618,513	4,191,778	90.8		4,191,778	3,738,791	452,987	89.2	10.8	54,283	0.1	64,331	0.4	(10,048)	(0.4)
Montana	2012	C	783,161	681,608	87.0		681,608	553,048	128,560	81.1	18.9	30,273	2.0	3,365	(3.3)	26,908	3.3
Nebraska	2012	C	1,392,120	1,163,871	83.6		1,163,871	1,035,285	128,586	89.0	11.0	21,624	0.1	14,648	(0.4)	6,976	0.4
Nevada	2012	A	2,095,348	1,258,409	60.1		1,497,822	1,258,409	239,413	100.0	19.0	(117,439)	(7.5)	144,014	2.8	(17,538)	(2.8)
New Hampshire	2012	A	1,045,878	878,136	84.0		878,135	878,135	0	100.0	0.0	(67,205)	(7.9)	(67,206)	0.0	0	0.0

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1b. Registration Summary for 2012

The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes.
 The "P" column indicates partial coverage for Active/Inactive numbers; see footnotes.

State	Year	R	Reported Registration			Survey Response				Percentage		Change From Previous Federal Election					
			(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	P	Total Reg. Act. + Inact.	Active Registration	Inactive Registration	Active % of Report Reg.	Inactive % of Report Reg.	Reported Reg.	Percent Report. Reg. of VAP	Active Reg.	Percent Active Reg.	Inactive Reg.	Percent Inactive Reg.
New Jersey	2012	C	6,838,206	5,415,639	79.2		5,415,639	5,016,550	399,089	92.6	7.4	279,809	2.8	297,082	0.7	(17,273)	(0.7)
New Mexico	2012	O	1,571,096	1,252,438	79.7		647,100	541,077	106,023	43.2	8.5	105,261	5.2	(525,893)	(9.4)	25,816	9.4
New York	2012	C	15,307,107	11,720,541	76.6		5,913,605	5,403,806	509,799	46.1	4.3	(86,203)	(1.9)	(5,276,730)	0.9	(616,692)	(0.9)
North Carolina	2012	C	7,465,545	6,655,291	89.1		6,655,291	5,986,515	668,776	90.0	10.0	448,198	3.6	230,112	(2.8)	218,086	2.8
North Dakota*	2012	X	545,020	545,020	100.0					.....	.....	22,300	0.0	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio	2012	C	8,880,551	7,987,697	89.9		7,987,697	6,621,906	1,365,791	82.9	17.1	(56,618)	(1.4)	(1,426,409)	(17.1)	1,365,791	17.1
Oklahoma	2012	C	2,877,457	2,114,489	73.5		2,114,489	1,811,650	302,839	85.7	14.3	32,061	(0.3)	37,675	0.5	(5,614)	(0.5)
Oregon	2012	A	3,038,729	2,199,360	72.4		2,199,360	2,199,360		100.0	0.0	130,562	2.6	130,562	0.0	.....	.....
Pennsylvania	2012	C	10,024,150	8,352,342	83.3		8,352,342	7,771,517	580,825	93.0	7.0	131,583	0.4	272,334	1.8	(140,748)	(1.8)
Rhode Island	2012	C	833,818	725,309	87.0		725,309	661,028	64,281	91.1	8.9	19,148	1.8	13,459	(0.6)	5,689	0.6
South Carolina	2012	A	3,643,633	2,875,121	78.9		3,070,965	2,875,121	195,844	100.0	6.8	244,758	4.7	244,758	4.7	(131,348)	(4.7)
South Dakota	2012	O	629,185	523,410	83.2		428,764	393,379	35,385	75.2	6.8	(51,740)	(10.9)	(126,017)	1.4	(20,369)	(1.4)
Tennessee	2012	C	4,962,227	4,024,960	81.1		4,024,959	3,571,628	453,331	88.7	11.3	72,556	(0.4)	(33,307)	(2.5)	105,872	2.5
Texas	2012	C	19,073,564	13,690,729	71.8		13,690,729	11,845,118	1,845,611	86.5	13.5	428,297	(0.8)	478,755	0.8	(42,151)	(0.8)
Utah	2012	C	1,967,315	1,508,372	76.7		1,508,372	1,325,786	182,586	87.9	12.1	8,067	(2.6)	(12,961)	(1.3)	21,028	1.3
Vermont	2012	O	502,060	460,817	91.8		431,005	394,636	36,369	85.6	7.9	21,484	3.3	8,135	(1.6)	7,981	1.6
Virginia	2012	C	6,329,130	5,428,091	85.8		5,428,091	4,847,630	580,461	89.3	10.7	395,956	3.9	127,179	(4.5)	268,777	4.5
Washington	2012	A	5,312,045	3,904,959	73.5		4,319,827	3,904,959	414,868	100.0	10.6	(161,558)	(5.6)	303,691	1.8	(50,381)	(1.8)
West Virginia	2012	C	1,471,372	1,246,559	84.7		1,246,559	1,166,161	80,398	93.6	6.4	30,536	1.7	1,166,161	.....	80,398	.....
Wisconsin*	2012	A	4,408,841	3,987,248	90.4		3,987,248	3,987,248	0	100.0	0.0	278,019	5.1	278,019	0.0	0	0.0
Wyoming*	2012	A	440,922	240,438	54.5		240,438	240,438		100.0	0.0	(29,645)	(8.5)	(29,645)	0.0	.....	.....
American Samoa*	2012	A	.....	17,764	.....		17,764	17,764		100.0	0.0	1,640	.....	1,640	0.0	.....	.....
Guam*	2012	A	.....	50,701	.....		50,701	50,701		100.0	0.0	(2,120)	.....	(2,120)	0.0	.....	.....
Puerto Rico*	2012	A	2,817,721	2,402,941	85.3		2,733,843	2,402,941	330,902	100.0	13.8	2,402,941.0	85.3	2,402,941.0	.....	330,902.0	.....
Virgin Islands*	2012																
Sum of Above			243,003,673	194,198,928	79.9		193,576,017	170,434,383	23,141,634	88.0	12.0	7,324,771	1.2	(484,533)	(1.1)	2,376,648	1.1

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1c. Registration Rates for Voting Age Population (VAP) Using Different Registration Bases

The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes.

State	Year	R	Reported Registration			Active + Inactive		Active Only		
			(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	Ranking of % of VAP	Active + Inactive % of VAP	Ranking of % of VAP	Active Only % of VAP	Ranking of % of VAP
Alabama	2012	C	3,697,617	3,162,135	85.5	19	85.5	20	76.6	21
Alaska	2012	A	544,349	579,304	106.4	2	106.4	2	93.0	1
Arizona	2012	O	4,932,361	3,725,362	75.5	40	75.5	37	63.4	38
Arkansas	2012	C	2,238,250	1,610,364	71.9	44	71.9	40	57.3	44
California	2012	O	28,801,211	18,996,338	66.0	46	88.9	13	63.4	37
Colorado	2012	C	3,956,224	3,651,091	92.3	7	92.3	6	66.0	36
Connecticut	2012	C	2,796,789	2,202,278	78.7	35	78.7	33	74.4	26
Delaware	2012	C	712,042	632,805	88.9	15	88.9	14	83.5	9
District of Columbia	2012	C	522,843	557,774	106.7	1	106.7	1	92.5	3
Florida	2012	A	15,315,088	11,934,446	77.9	36	77.9	34	77.9	19
Georgia	2012	C	7,429,820	6,050,050	81.4	29	81.3	30	72.5	30
Hawaii	2012	C	1,089,302	705,668	64.8	47	64.8	44	58.7	43
Idaho*	2012	A	1,169,075	895,834	76.6	38	76.6	36	76.6	22
Illinois	2012	O	9,811,190	8,116,660	82.7	27	87.2	15	76.5	24
Indiana	2012	C	4,945,857	4,562,268	92.2	8	92.2	8	89.1	6
Iowa	2012	C	2,351,233	2,236,068	95.1	6	92.3	7	83.4	10
Kansas	2012	C	2,161,601	1,771,252	81.9	28	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kentucky	2012	A	3,362,177	3,037,153	90.3	12	93.0	5	90.3	5
Louisiana	2012	C	3,484,090	2,965,751	85.1	20	85.1	21	80.0	14
Maine	2012	C	1,063,274	1,026,086	96.5	5	96.5	4	92.6	2
Maryland	2012	A	4,540,763	3,694,658	81.4	30	81.4	28	81.4	11
Massachusetts	2012	C	5,244,729	4,340,000	82.7	26	82.7	27	70.0	34
Michigan	2012	C	7,616,490	7,454,553	97.9	4	97.9	3	85.8	7
Minnesota*	2012	A	4,102,991	3,387,783	82.6	.....	82.6	.....	82.6	.....
Mississippi	2012	O	2,239,593	1,399,209	62.5	.....	62.4	.....	59.3	.....
Missouri	2012	C	4,618,513	4,191,778	90.8	10	90.8	9	81.0	12
Montana	2012	C	783,161	681,608	87.0	16	87.0	16	70.6	33

This table indicates how the registration rate, that is, the percentage of the voting age population that are registered, may vary by the way each State reports its "total" registration number.

The methods vary because some States report only active voters and some report a combination of active and inactive as their "total" registration.

The first section of this table reports the method used by the State to report their registration for 2012.

An "A" indicates that the "total" registration reported includes active voters only.

A "C" indicates that the "total" registration reported includes a combination of active and inactive voters.

An "O" indicates that the state either allows local jurisdictions to determine whether to include the inactive voters, or the State uses some other method.

In the case of North Dakota, X indicates no voter registration.

The section entitled "Reported Registration" provides information on the registration rate for the reported registration.

The section entitled "Active + Inactive" provides information on the registration rate for a combined total.

The section entitled "Active Only" provides information on the registration rate for active voters only.

States with partial data (...) are not given a rank.

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1c. Registration Rates for Voting Age Population (VAP) Using Different Registration Bases

The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes.

State	Year	R	Reported Registration			Active + Inactive		Active Only			
			(VAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of VAP	Ranking of % of VAP	Active + Inactive % of VAP	Ranking of % of VAP	Active Only % of VAP	Ranking of % of VAP	
Nebraska	2012	C	1,392,120	1,163,871	83.6	23	83.6	25	74.4	27	<p>This table indicates how the registration rate, that is, the percentage of the voting age population that are registered, may vary by the way each State reports its "total" registration number.</p> <p>The methods vary because some States report only active voters and some report a combination of active and inactive as their "total" registration.</p> <p>The first section of this table reports the method used by the State to report their registration for 2012.</p> <p>An "A" indicates that the "total" registration reported includes active voters only.</p> <p>A "C" indicates that the "total" registration reported includes a combination of active and inactive voters.</p> <p>An "O" indicates that the state either allows local jurisdictions to determine whether to include the inactive voters, or the State uses some other method.</p> <p>In the case of North Dakota, X indicates no voter registration.</p> <p>The section entitled "Reported Registration" provides information on the registration rate for the reported registration.</p> <p>The section entitled "Active + Inactive" provides information on the registration rate for a combined total.</p> <p>The section entitled "Active Only" provides information on the registration rate for active voters only.</p> <p>States with partial data (...) are not given a rank.</p>
Nevada	2012	A	2,095,348	1,258,409	60.1	48	71.5	42	60.1	42	
New Hampshire	2012	A	1,045,878	878,136	84.0	22	84.0	24	84.0	8	
New Jersey	2012	C	6,838,206	5,415,639	79.2	33	79.2	32	73.4	29	
New Mexico	2012	O	1,571,096	1,252,438	79.7	32	41.2	46	34.4	47	
New York	2012	C	15,307,107	11,720,541	76.6	39	38.6	47	35.3	46	
North Carolina	2012	C	7,465,545	6,655,291	89.1	14	89.1	12	80.2	13	
North Dakota*	2012	X	545,020	545,020	100.0	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio	2012	C	8,880,551	7,987,697	89.9	13	89.9	11	74.6	25	
Oklahoma	2012	C	2,877,457	2,114,489	73.5	42	73.5	38	63.0	39	
Oregon	2012	A	3,038,729	2,199,360	72.4	43	72.4	39	72.4	31	
Pennsylvania	2012	C	10,024,150	8,352,342	83.3	24	83.3	26	77.5	20	
Rhode Island	2012	C	833,818	725,309	87.0	17	87.0	17	79.3	15	
South Carolina	2012	A	3,643,633	2,875,121	78.9	34	84.3	23	78.9	17	
South Dakota	2012	O	629,185	523,410	83.2	25	68.1	43	62.5	40	
Tennessee	2012	C	4,962,227	4,024,960	81.1	31	81.1	31	72.0	32	
Texas	2012	C	19,073,564	13,690,729	71.8	45	71.8	41	62.1	41	
Utah	2012	C	1,967,315	1,508,372	76.7	37	76.7	35	67.4	35	
Vermont	2012	O	502,060	460,817	91.8	9	85.8	18	78.6	18	
Virginia	2012	C	6,329,130	5,428,091	85.8	18	85.8	19	76.6	23	
Washington	2012	A	5,312,045	3,904,959	73.5	41	81.3	29	73.5	28	
West Virginia	2012	C	1,471,372	1,246,559	84.7	21	84.7	22	79.3	16	
Wisconsin*	2012	A	4,408,841	3,987,248	90.4	11	90.4	10	90.4	4	
Wyoming*	2012	A	440,922	240,438	54.5	49	54.5	45	54.5	45	
American Samoa*	2012	A	0	17,764	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Guam*	2012	A	0	50,701	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Puerto Rico*	2012	A	2,817,721	2,402,941	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virgin Islands*	2012										
Sum of Above	2012		243,003,673	194,198,928	79.9		79.7		69.9		

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey Table 1d. Registration Rates for Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP) Using Different Registration Bases											The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes.
State	Year	R	Reported Registration				Active + Inactive		Active Only		Notes
			(CVAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of CVAP	Ranking of % of CVAP	Active + Inactive % of CVAP	Ranking of % of CVAP	Active Only % of CVAP	Ranking of % of CVAP	
Alabama	2012	C	3,595,400	3,162,135	87.9	25	87.9	24	78.8	27	<p>Notes</p> <p>This table indicates how the registration rate, that is, the percentage of those citizens of voting age population that are registered may vary both by the way each State reports the registration totals and by the estimate of the universe of citizen voting age population (CVAP).</p> <p>The Bureau of the Census provides information from which an approximation of the CVAP may be obtained. However, while the estimate of the total voting age population (VAP) is based on the 2010 U.S. Census (with the estimated change in population between 2010 and 2012 taken into account), the corresponding information for the CVAP estimate lags behind due to the release schedule of the American Community Survey (ACS) data periodically released by the Bureau.</p> <p>The estimate for CVAP in this table has been derived from the most recent ACS data which is for the year 2011.</p> <p>The rate of the total voting age that is a citizen is taken from the 2011 3-year ACS data. It is applied to the 2012 VAP to estimate CVAP for 2012.</p> <p>The first section of this table reports the method used by the State to report their registration for 2012. An "A" indicates that the "total" registration reported includes active voters only. A "C" indicates that the "total" registration reported includes a combination of active and inactive voters. An "O" indicates that the State either allows local jurisdictions to determine whether to include the inactive voters, or the State uses some other method.</p> <p>The section entitled "Reported Registration" provides information on the registration rate for the reported registration.</p> <p>The section entitled "Active + Inactive" provides information on the registration rate for a combined total.</p> <p>The section entitled "Active Only" provides information on the registration rate for active voters only.</p> <p>States with partial data (...) are not given a rank.</p>
Alaska	2012	A	519,629	579,304	111.5	2	111.5	2	97.5	2	
Arizona	2012	O	4,376,217	3,725,362	85.1	35	85.1	34	71.4	38	
Arkansas	2012	C	2,159,446	1,610,364	74.6	46	74.6	42	59.4	44	
California	2012	O	23,546,880	18,996,338	80.7	41	108.7	3	77.5	31	
Colorado	2012	C	3,654,799	3,651,091	99.9	5	99.9	5	71.5	37	
Connecticut	2012	C	2,565,067	2,202,278	85.9	33	85.9	32	81.2	21	
Delaware	2012	C	672,175	632,805	94.1	11	94.1	13	88.4	9	
District of Columbia	2012	C	473,487	557,774	117.8	1	117.8	1	102.1	1	
Florida	2012	A	13,534,127	11,934,446	88.2	22	88.2	22	88.2	10	
Georgia	2012	C	6,867,525	6,050,050	88.1	23	87.9	25	78.5	28	
Hawaii	2012	C	993,045	705,668	71.1	47	71.1	43	64.3	42	
Idaho	2012	A	1,114,631	895,834	80.4	42	80.4	39	80.4	22	
Illinois	2012	O	8,916,661	8,116,660	91.0	18	95.9	7	84.2	15	
Indiana	2012	C	4,780,336	4,562,268	95.4	8	95.4	8	92.2	6	
Iowa	2012	C	2,280,022	2,236,068	98.1	7	95.2	10	86.0	13	
Kansas	2012	C	2,053,815	1,771,252	86.2	31	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kentucky	2012	A	3,283,865	3,037,153	92.5	15	95.3	9	92.5	5	
Louisiana	2012	C	3,396,443	2,965,751	87.3	28	87.3	29	82.0	19	
Maine	2012	C	1,046,057	1,026,086	98.1	6	98.1	6	94.1	3	
Maryland	2012	A	4,153,057	3,694,658	89.0	21	89.0	20	89.0	8	
Massachusetts	2012	C	4,784,241	4,340,000	90.7	19	90.7	18	76.7	32	
Michigan	2012	C	7,347,850	7,454,553	101.5	4	101.5	4	89.0	7	
Minnesota*	2012	A	3,920,519	3,387,783	86.4	.....	86.4	.....	86.4	.....
Mississippi	2012	O	2,200,437	1,399,209	63.6	.....	63.6	.....	60.4	.....
Missouri	2012	C	4,505,205	4,191,778	93.0	14	93.0	15	83.0	17	
Montana	2012	C	774,966	681,608	88.0	24	88.0	23	71.4	39	
Nebraska	2012	C	1,329,041	1,163,871	87.6	26	87.6	28	77.9	30	
Nevada	2012	A	1,804,094	1,258,409	69.8	48	83.0	36	69.8	40	
New Hampshire*	2012	A	1,014,537	878,136	86.6	29	86.6	30	86.6	11	

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 1d. Registration Rates for Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP) Using Different Registration Bases

The "R" column indicates the inclusion of Active/Inactive voters in the Reported Registration; see footnotes.

State	Year	R	Reported Registration				Active + Inactive		Active Only		Ranking of % of CVAP
			(CVAP) Estimated Voting Age Population	Reported Registration	Report. Reg. % of CVAP	Ranking of % of CVAP	Active + Inactive % of CVAP	Ranking of % of CVAP	Active Only % of CVAP		
New Jersey	2012	C	6,012,270	5,415,639	90.1	20	90.1	19	83.4	16	<p>Notes</p> <p>This table indicates how the registration rate, that is, the percentage of those citizens of voting age population that are registered may vary both by the way each State reports the registration totals and by the estimate of the universe of citizen voting age population (CVAP).</p> <p>The Bureau of the Census provides information from which an approximation of the CVAP may be obtained. However, while the estimate of the total voting age population (VAP) is based on the 2010 U.S. Census (with the estimated change in population between 2010 and 2012 taken into account), the corresponding information for the CVAP estimate lags behind due to the release schedule of the American Community Survey (ACS) data periodically released by the Bureau.</p> <p>The estimate for CVAP in this table has been derived from the most recent ACS data which is for the year 2011.</p> <p>The rate of the total voting age that is a citizen is taken from the 2011 3-year ACS data. It is applied to the 2012 VAP to estimate CVAP for 2012.</p> <p>The first section of this table reports the method used by the State to report their registration for 2012. An "A" indicates that the "total" registration reported includes active voters only. A "C" indicates that the "total" registration reported includes a combination of active and inactive voters. An "O" indicates that the State either allows local jurisdictions to determine whether to include the inactive voters, or the State uses some other method.</p> <p>The section entitled "Reported Registration" provides information on the registration rate for the reported registration.</p> <p>The section entitled "Active + Inactive" provides information on the registration rate for a combined total.</p> <p>The section entitled "Active Only" provides information on the registration rate for active voters only.</p> <p>States with partial data (...) are not given a rank.</p>
New Mexico	2012	O	1,448,740	1,252,438	86.5	30	44.7	46	37.3	47	
New York	2012	C	13,408,596	11,720,541	87.4	27	44.1	47	40.3	46	
North Carolina	2012	C	7,013,407	6,655,291	94.9	9	94.9	11	85.4	14	
North Dakota*	2012	X	536,097	545,020	101.7	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio	2012	C	8,678,945	7,987,697	92.0	17	92.0	17	76.3	33	
Oklahoma	2012	C	2,757,440	2,114,489	76.7	45	76.7	41	65.7	41	
Oregon	2012	A	2,822,652	2,199,360	77.9	44	77.9	40	77.9	29	
Pennsylvania	2012	C	9,700,796	8,352,342	86.1	32	86.1	31	80.1	24	
Rhode Island	2012	C	768,684	725,309	94.4	10	94.4	12	86.0	12	
South Carolina	2012	A	3,506,606	2,875,121	82.0	40	87.6	27	82.0	20	
South Dakota	2012	O	619,251	523,410	84.5	36	69.2	44	63.5	43	
Tennessee	2012	C	4,790,345	4,024,960	84.0	37	84.0	35	74.6	34	
Texas	2012	C	16,518,813	13,690,729	82.9	38	82.9	37	71.7	36	
Utah	2012	C	1,829,834	1,508,372	82.4	39	82.4	38	72.5	35	
Vermont	2012	O	491,789	460,817	93.7	12	87.6	26	80.2	23	
Virginia	2012	C	5,883,341	5,428,091	92.3	16	92.3	16	82.4	18	
Washington	2012	A	4,879,174	3,904,959	80.0	43	88.5	21	80.0	25	
West Virginia	2012	C	1,460,372	1,246,559	85.4	34	85.4	33	79.9	26	
Wisconsin*	2012	A	4,271,926	3,987,248	93.3	13	93.3	14	93.3	4	
Wyoming*	2012	A	430,996	240,438	55.8	49	55.8	45	55.8	45	
American Samoa*	2012	A	0.0	17,764	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Guam*	2012	A	0.0	50,701	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Puerto Rico*	2012	A	2,756,939	2,402,941	87.2	.....	99.2	.....	87.2	.....
Virgin Islands*	2012										
Sum of Above	2012		222,250,587	194,198,928	87.4		87.1		76.7		

TABLES 1A. 1B. 1C. 1D. REGISTRATION HISTORY

Questions A1, A2 and A3. Number of registered voters and active/inactive status

Registered Voters and Reported Registration: For past years, the numbers were drawn from previous EAC and FEC reports on the NVRA. For 2012, the total is a report of responses to question A1 of the Election Administration and Voting Survey. An exception is North Dakota because it does not have voter registration EAC estimates reported registration for North Dakota by using the U.S. Census Bureau's estimate of voting age population (VAP). There may be some differences between 2012, 2010, and 2008 totals and the reported registration numbers for previous years; before 2008, the registration totals for all States were not collected through the survey mechanism but from State publications. In addition, for many States, consistent totals are difficult to determine due to the difference in reporting dates as well as the variety of purposes for which this information is reported.

Components of Total Registration: The column labeled "R" indicates the way States responded to question A2. This information is designed to reflect how a State normally reports its total registration numbers for official purposes, in particular whether it includes active and inactive registration in its reported totals. States that responded that they include both active and inactive voters are labeled "C," for Combination. Those that only include Active voters are labeled "A." States that are labeled "O," for Other, generally have local jurisdictions determine the inclusion of Inactive voters. States with no code did not respond to the question. The status of a State for the "R" column may change over time. In addition, the survey response to this question may not reflect the actual status given the numeric survey responses to related questions. In some cases, the Total Registration does not equal the sum of the Active and Inactive voters due to missing data.

Inactive voters, generally, are those who have not voted in recent elections, who have been reported as having moved, or have been mailed a confirmation notice but

did not respond. States and local jurisdictions vary in their management of Inactive voters on their lists.

Coverage: The column labeled as "P" indicates that the information provided for the registration counts was partial. Only Minnesota and Mississippi indicated that the information provided for registration counts was partial, indicating some jurisdictions reported that the number of reported registrations was missing some number of registrations.

Voting Age Population (VAP): Voting age population refers to the number of persons 18 years of age and older. These estimates are provided by the U.S. Census Bureau from the 2010 Census (with the estimated change in population between 2010 and 2012 taken into account). For more information, please see the website <http://www.census.gov/popest/data/datasets.html>.

Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP): Citizen voting age population is the estimated number of U.S. citizens 18 years and older. It was derived for this report from the estimated VAP and the State-level CVAP population collected by the Census Bureau in its American Community Survey (ACS). Unlike the VAP data which was estimated based on the 2010 Census, the ACS represents a survey that included responses from one or more previous years. The ACS provides an estimate of the percentage of residents in a State that are U.S. citizens. This percentage was applied to the VAP data to calculate the CVAP.

State Summary: Table 1a summarizes the historical registration information. Table 1b replicates Table 1a, but only presents the information for 2012. Tables 1c and 1d apply the registration totals to different bases: VAP in the case of Table 1c and CVAP in the case of Table 1d. Neither table represents the true number of potential voters in the State, but they provide a consistent basis for comparing registration numbers between States.

SPECIFIC NOTES SUPPLIED BY THE STATES ON COVERAGE FOR RESPONSES OF THE ACTIVE/INACTIVE VOTERS FOR 2012:

Alaska	Alaska law maintains voters purged from the voter list, due to list maintenance, in an inactive status for approximately four years in the state's database. This allows for the State to reactivate the voter's record if the voter contacts the division in any manner during this period of time. Therefore, the State of Alaska rolls, when including purged voters in the total eligible, will exceed the voting age population.	New Mexico	One jurisdiction reported that the voters included in its total registration count (A1) all registered prior to October 9, 2012. Another jurisdiction noted its total registration count was current as of November 3, 2012. A third jurisdiction reported that its total number of registrations (A1), number of active voters (A2), and number of inactive (A3) were based on "PSR Report" eligible voters. A fourth jurisdiction noted the status and number of voters changes after re-registration opens. A fifth jurisdiction did not distinguish between active and inactive voters and reported that these numbers were combined together in its total count.
Arizona	One jurisdiction reported that the total number of active voters was what was reported on canvass (1,817,832).	New York	All data for Bronx County, Kings County, Queens County, and Richmond County are included in New York County.
California	One jurisdiction noted its total number of registrations (A1) included voters that registered on time but were not initially included in the 15-day close of voting registration report to California's Secretary of State. Another jurisdiction noted its total number of registrations (A1) was based on its 15-day close of registration numbers reported to the California Secretary of State's Office.	Ohio	One county noted that inactive means active-confirmation status.
Hawaii	All data for Kalawao County are included in Maui County data.	Puerto Rico	Puerto Rico is exempt from the application of the National Voter Registration Act (NVRA).
Idaho	All jurisdictions noted the A1 total includes voters who were registered prior to the registration cut-off and those who registered on Election Day. For question A2, Idaho only maintains Active voters.	Vermont	One jurisdiction reported three voters need ID verified, six voters need oath, and 18 voters need SSN verified. Two counties reported they did not separate active and inactive voters on the checklist used on Election Day. Six counties noted the inactive voter count includes "Challenged" Voters, such as those where driver's license, SSN, and/or oath has not been confirmed. One jurisdiction stated that A2a refers to HAVA only. Another jurisdiction noted that for its total registrations, 919 were originally on voter checklist with one voter added on Election Day, using the voter affirmation form. One jurisdiction stated its number of total registrations includes eight voters whose registrations had not been received from the DMV prior to Election Day but were eligible to vote, and two voters who voted by Absentee Ballot but died prior to Election Day. In a third county, two individuals died, but were not purged from the checklist before the election, so on paper the jurisdiction had a total of 72 voters. Three counties reported adding 17 voters on Election Day, three voters at the polls, and seven voters on Election Day, respectively.
Minnesota	Results may be higher than actual if not all counties have completed Election Day Registration (EDR) entry. A1 Total = (the number of voters pre-registered on rosters) plus (the number of EDRs as canvassed) minus (the number of EDRs moved from county as processed in SVRS) minus (EDR updates received within the county from SVRS).	Wyoming	All jurisdictions have Election Day Registration so anyone who was inactive can re-register and vote at the polls, but the poll books only show active registered voters.
Mississippi	Two jurisdictions reported having no inactive voters. One of these jurisdictions noted these numbers were based on those included in its NVRA Compliance Statistic Reports.		
North Dakota	North Dakota does not have voter registration.		
Nebraska	Nebraska does not have "inactive voters." For all jurisdictions, the numbers in line A3b reflect the number of voters who were sent a section 8(d)(2) notice and have not responded.		

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 2a. Application Sources: Total Forms Received

State	Election Juris. in Survey	Total Applications Received 2010 to 2012	Cases	Applications Received From Individual Voters								
				Mail Registration Applications			In-Person Registration Applications			Internet Registration Applications		
				Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.
Alabama	67	1,605,409	66	486,341	66	30.3	553,746	66	34.5		0	.....
Alaska	1	249,863	1	60,477	1	24.2	90,698	1	36.3	0	1	0.0
Arizona	15	1,946,771	15	391,273	15	20.1	12,906	13	0.7	959,080	14	49.3
Arkansas	75	568,631	75	138,866	75	24.4	210,191	75	37.0		0	.....
California	58	5,098,027	56	1,626,567	50	31.9	739,611	46	14.5	703,118	53	13.8
Colorado	64	2,063,275	64	539,230	64	26.1	204,942	64	9.9	475,154	64	23.0
Connecticut	169	427,323	169	156,737	169	36.7	128,013	169	30.0		0	.....
Delaware	3	252,649	3	17,202	3	6.8	6,613	3	2.6	10,863	3	4.3
District of Columbia	1	145,814	1	11,643	1	8.0	7,559	1	5.2	19,810	1	13.6
Florida	67	1,605,488	67	312,853	67	19.5	303,849	67	18.9		0	.....
Georgia	159	797,396	159	178,375	159	22.4	105,340	159	13.2		0	.....
Hawaii	4	184,867	4	49,011	4	26.5	12,736	4	6.9	16,076	4	8.7
Idaho*	44	413,337	44		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Illinois	110	2,065,485	110	430,093	110	20.8	559,055	108	27.1		0	.....
Indiana	92	2,085,483	92	1,638	3	0.1	1,900	3	0.1	154,735	92	7.4
Iowa	99	2,534,566	99	51,509	99	2.0	79,564	99	3.1		0	.....
Kansas	105	615,146	105	96,982	105	15.8	63,810	105	10.4	64,488	105	10.5
Kentucky	120	1,183,054	120	45,924	120	3.9	284,870	120	24.1		0	.....
Louisiana	64	1,246,033	64	227,699	64	18.3	259,252	64	20.8	129,217	64	10.4
Maine	500	252,356	500	14,720	500	5.8	167,027	500	66.2		0	.....
Maryland	24	2,678,449	24	540,547	24	20.2	65,509	24	2.4	134,323	24	5.0
Massachusetts	351	1,557,538	351	273,452	351	17.6	1	1	0.0		0	.....
Michigan	83	2,775,388	83	120,513	83	4.3	279,963	83	10.1		0	.....
Minnesota*	87	1,282,404	87	97,387	87	7.6	828,114	87	64.6		0	.....
Mississippi	64	276,582	58	82,606	57	29.9	108,500	57	39.2	83	26	0.0
Missouri	116	1,285,207	116	174,661	116	13.6	84,352	116	6.6		0	.....
Montana	56	246,737	56	52,198	56	21.2	61,215	56	24.8		0	.....
Nebraska	93	452,455	93	3,415	93	0.8	149,959	93	33.1		0	.....
Nevada	17	490,085	17	113,330	12	23.1	18,071	16	3.7	50,986	17	10.4
New Hampshire*	320	680,241	320	2,498	320	0.4	677,743	320	99.6	0	320	0.0
New Jersey	21	1,211,041	21	55,527	21	4.6	8,332	21	0.7		0	.....
New Mexico	33	413,241	33	8,674	12	2.1	14,710	11	3.6	0	4	0.0
New York	58	1,019,746	47	855,937	57	83.9	82,537	56	8.1		0	.....
North Carolina	100	2,652,104	100	528,641	100	19.9	1,035,966	100	39.1		0	.....
North Dakota*	53		0		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Ohio	88	3,182,442	88	634,429	85	19.9	543,290	84	17.1	100,729	86	3.2
Oklahoma	77	563,770	77	170,081	77	30.2	132,997	77	23.6		0	.....
Oregon	36	800,425	36	138,831	36	17.3	173,303	36	21.7	201,196	36	25.1
Pennsylvania	67	3,246,470	67	479,296	67	14.8	68,773	67	2.1	14	67	0.0
Rhode Island	39	119,435	39	19,674	39	16.5	23,620	39	19.8		0	.....
South Carolina	46	1,426,202	46	432,511	46	30.3	360,561	46	25.3	17,040	46	1.2
South Dakota	66	108,178	52	18,642	66	17.2	37,988	66	35.1	216	66	0.2
Tennessee	95	843,366	95	210,511	94	25.0	125,579	94	14.9		0	.....
Texas	254		0	3,531,674	254	.....	1,004,657	254	.....		0	.....
Utah	29	1,196,390	29	211,387	29	17.7		0	.....	143,045	29	12.0
Vermont	246	65,582	219	8,815	206	13.4	20,522	203	31.3	169	162	0.3
Virginia	134	3,020,073	134	773,937	134	25.6	258,494	134	8.6		0	.....
Washington	39	1,129,472	39	133,782	36	11.8	34,059	38	3.0	148,848	39	13.2
West Virginia	55	289,545	55	41,320	55	14.3	32,656	55	11.3		0	.....
Wisconsin*	3,541	1,083,046	3,541	39,065	3,541	3.6	129,847	3,541	12.0		0	.....
Wyoming*	23	93,359	23	1,750	23	1.9	89,427	23	95.8		0	.....
American Samoa*	1	7,730	1		0	.....	7,704	1	99.7	26	1	0.3
Guam*	1	5,168	1		0	.....	5,168	1	100.0		0	.....
Puerto Rico*	1	2,989,120	1	201	1	0.0		0	.....		0	.....
Virgin Islands*	0											
Sum of Above	8,131	62,531,964	7,763	14,592,432	7,853	23.3	10,255,299	7,467	16.4	3,329,216	1,324	5.3
States Included		52		50			50			24		
Question		A5a		A6a			A6b			A6c		

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 2a. Application Sources: Total Forms Received

State	Applications Received From Different Voter Registration Agencies														
	Motor Vehicle Offices			Public Assistance Offices			Disability Services Offices			Armed Forces Recruitment Offices			Other State Agencies		
	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.
Alabama	23,023	60	1.4	4,986	25	0.3	4,644	55	0.3	1,382	61	0.1	26,444	66	1.6
Alaska	82,224	1	32.9	7,261	1	2.9	399	1	0.2	2,393	1	1.0	878	1	0.4
Arizona	394,446	15	20.3	15,224	14	0.8	2,853	14	0.1	6,872	13	0.4	31,234	13	1.6
Arkansas	179,919	75	31.6	9,285	75	1.6	1,125	75	0.2	203	75	0.0	7,022	75	1.2
California	703,751	57	13.8	115,746	53	2.3	46,658	43	0.9	4,254	41	0.1	154,210	37	3.0
Colorado	469,786	64	22.8	40,793	62	2.0	170	64	0.0	22	64	0.0	5,888	64	0.3
Connecticut	20,537	169	4.8	7,682	169	1.8	108	169	0.0	980	169	0.2	6,532	169	1.5
Delaware	197,777	3	78.3	826	3	0.3	42	3	0.0	0	3	0.0	733	3	0.3
District of Columbia	93,174	1	63.9	993	1	0.7	214	1	0.1	248	1	0.2	670	1	0.5
Florida	681,185	67	42.4	15,671	67	1.0	763	41	0.0	231	17	0.0	22,388	62	1.4
Georgia	431,759	159	54.1	17,790	159	2.2	119	159	0.0	367	159	0.0	24,258	159	3.0
Hawaii	74,411	4	40.3	502	4	0.3	199	4	0.1	2,651	4	1.4	20,105	4	10.9
Idaho*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Illinois	808,272	109	39.1	76,470	108	3.7	11,976	109	0.6	770	108	0.0	92,539	109	4.5
Indiana	694,386	92	33.3	52,845	92	2.5	1,362	92	0.1	661	92	0.0	861	92	0.0
Iowa	113,525	99	4.5	6,203	99	0.2	251	99	0.0	84	99	0.0	652	99	0.0
Kansas	273,224	105	44.4	6,704	105	1.1	306	105	0.0	139	105	0.0	3,751	105	0.6
Kentucky	647,063	120	54.7	89,185	120	7.5	3,049	120	0.3	1,183	120	0.1	6,914	120	0.6
Louisiana	576,577	64	46.3	29,233	64	2.3	1,795	64	0.1	3,111	64	0.2		0	.....
Maine	27,820	500	11.0		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Maryland	925,948	24	34.6	34,423	24	1.3	1,902	24	0.1	239	24	0.0	6,889	24	0.3
Massachusetts	293,432	351	18.8	14,471	351	0.9	1,982	350	0.1		0	.....	1,579	351	0.1
Michigan	2,350,209	83	84.7	2,571	83	0.1	213	83	0.0	1,474	83	0.1	20,445	83	0.7
Minnesota*	98,651	87	7.7		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Mississippi	19,239	53	7.0	32,109	51	11.6	7,179	39	2.6	380	40	0.1	1,633	27	0.6
Missouri	268,191	116	20.9	103,215	116	8.0	616	104	0.0	1,304	113	0.1	143	91	0.0
Montana	36,534	56	14.8	5,526	56	2.2	355	56	0.1	294	56	0.1	19	1	0.0
Nebraska	162,286	93	35.9		0	.....	1,388	93	0.3	74	93	0.0		0	.....
Nevada	138,368	17	28.2	9,057	17	1.8	553	16	0.1	992	16	0.2	484	16	0.1
New Hampshire*	0	320	0.0	0	320	0.0	0	320	0.0	0	320	0.0	0	320	0.0
New Jersey	520,206	21	43.0	18,348	21	1.5	7,473	21	0.6	5,472	21	0.5	553,041	21	45.7
New Mexico	24,572	15	5.9	11,211	10	2.7	901	8	0.2	0	2	0.0	41	4	0.0
New York	638,065	62	62.6	163,201	62	16.0	6,834	62	0.7	0	62	0.0	11,692	62	1.1
North Carolina	616,206	100	23.2	91,332	100	3.4	2,610	100	0.1	65	100	0.0	3,129	100	0.1
North Dakota*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Ohio	447,946	88	14.1	399,214	84	12.5	60,834	83	1.9	2,043	83	0.1	184,967	84	5.8
Oklahoma	144,183	77	25.6	11,122	77	2.0	92	77	0.0	26	77	0.0	1,706	77	0.3
Oregon	244,283	36	30.5	14,516	36	1.8	7,818	36	1.0		0	.....	20,478	36	2.6
Pennsylvania	2,187,386	67	67.4	2,385	67	0.1	267	67	0.0	509	67	0.0	3,093	67	0.1
Rhode Island	67,099	39	56.2		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
South Carolina	555,496	46	38.9	38,341	46	2.7		0	.....	601	46	0.0		0	.....
South Dakota	40,389	66	37.3	4,034	66	3.7	792	66	0.7	89	66	0.1	646	66	0.6
Tennessee	300,432	94	35.6	80,347	94	9.5	13,876	11	1.6	3,823	93	0.5	20,927	89	2.5
Texas	1,547,626	254	.....	219,688	254	.....	257,707	254	.....	511	254	.....	99,713	254	.....
Utah	591,119	29	49.4		0	.....	1,916	21	0.2	1,193	18	0.1	116,416	29	9.7
Vermont	12,440	204	19.0	607	166	0.9	249	163	0.4	53	165	0.1	120	150	0.2
Virginia	1,206,659	134	40.0	42,698	134	1.4	394	134	0.0	236	134	0.0	88,144	134	2.9
Washington	352,290	39	31.2	0	39	0.0	21,019	39	1.9	3,209	36	0.3	9,124	33	0.8
West Virginia		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Wisconsin*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	78	3,541	0.0		0	.....
Wyoming*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
American Samoa*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Guam*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Puerto Rico*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Virgin Islands*															
Sum of Above	20,282,114	4,335	32.4	1,795,815	3,495	2.9	473,003	3,445	0.8	48,216	6,706	0.1	1,549,508	3,298	2.5
States Included	46			41			42			42			40		
Question	A6d			A6e			A6f			A6g			A6h		

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey								
Table 2a. Application Sources: Total Forms Received								
State	Difference Agencies (continued)						Not Categorized	
	Registration Drives from Advocacy Groups or Parties			Other Sources			Balance: (See Notes)	
	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Pct.
Alabama	322,103	65	20.1	223,927	66	13.9	(41,187)	(2.6)
Alaska	5,533	1	2.2		0	.....	0	0.0
Arizona	104,362	11	5.4	28,521	9	1.5	0	0.0
Arkansas	21,990	75	3.9	27	3	0.0	3	0.0
California	229,109	34	4.5	456,879	26	9.0	318,124	6.2
Colorado	277,407	62	13.4	49,883	64	2.4	0	0.0
Connecticut	5,903	169	1.4	59,312	169	13.9	41,519	9.7
Delaware	1,417	3	0.6	17,176	3	6.8	0	0.0
District of Columbia	0	1	0.0	11,025	1	7.6	478	0.3
Florida	236,005	65	14.7	32,543	66	2.0	0	0.0
Georgia		0	.....	10,399	159	1.3	28,989	3.6
Hawaii	9,051	2	4.9		0	.....	125	0.1
Idaho*		0	.....		0	.....	413,337	100.0
Illinois	18,283	109	0.9		0	.....	68,027	3.3
Indiana	22	3	0.0	252,085	92	12.1	924,988	44.4
Iowa		0	.....	222,195	99	8.8	2,060,583	81.3
Kansas	20,660	105	3.4	86,259	105	14.0	(1,177)	(0.2)
Kentucky		0	.....	97,002	120	8.2	7,864	0.7
Louisiana	19,149	64	1.5		0	.....	0	0.0
Maine	19,441	500	7.7	23,348	500	9.3	0	0.0
Maryland	6	24	0.0	90,644	24	3.4	878,019	32.8
Massachusetts		0	.....		0	.....	972,621	62.4
Michigan		0	.....		0	.....	0	0.0
Minnesota*	26,020	87	2.0	232,232	87	18.1	0	0.0
Mississippi	6,608	16	2.4	5,097	26	1.8	13,148	4.8
Missouri	0	1	0.0	9,981	2	0.8	642,744	50.0
Montana	37,020	56	15.0	53,539	56	21.7	37	0.0
Nebraska	181	93	0.0	25,618	93	5.7	109,534	24.2
Nevada	121,035	13	24.7	37,209	17	7.6	0	0.0
New Hampshire*	0	320	0.0	0	320	0.0	0	0.0
New Jersey	20	21	0.0	40,046	21	3.3	2,576	0.2
New Mexico	2,712	3	0.7	29,480	3	7.1	320,940	77.7
New York		0	.....		0	.....	(738,520)	(72.4)
North Carolina		0	.....	374,155	100	14.1	0	0.0
North Dakota*		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Ohio	263,283	84	8.3	368,965	76	11.6	176,742	5.6
Oklahoma		0	.....	103,563	77	18.4	0	0.0
Oregon		0	.....		0	.....	0	0.0
Pennsylvania	309,566	67	9.5	172,641	67	5.3	22,540	0.7
Rhode Island		0	.....	6,644	39	5.6	2,398	2.0
South Carolina		0	.....	21,457	46	1.5	195	0.0
South Dakota	4,044	66	3.7	731	66	0.7	607	0.6
Tennessee	14	1	0.0	12,382	4	1.5	75,475	8.9
Texas	1,414,646	254	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Utah		0	.....	76,004	28	6.4	55,310	4.6
Vermont	1,709	167	2.6	1,404	37	2.1	19,494	29.7
Virginia		0	.....	649,511	134	21.5	0	0.0
Washington	90,742	36	8.0	23,524	39	2.1	312,875	27.7
West Virginia		0	.....	42,256	55	14.6	173,313	59.9
Wisconsin*	780	3,541	0.1	913,276	3,541	84.3	0	0.0
Wyoming*		0	.....	2,182	23	2.3	0	0.0
American Samoa*		0	.....		0	.....	0	0.0
Guam*		0	.....		0	.....	0	0.0
Puerto Rico*		0	.....		0	.....	2,988,919	100.0
Virgin Islands*								
Sum of Above	3,568,821	6,119	5.7	4,863,122	6,463	7.8	1,774,418	2.8
States Included	34			40			33	
Question	A6i			A6j-o			calc	

TABLE 2A. APPLICATION SOURCES: TOTAL FORMS RECEIVED

Questions A5 and A6. Registration applications: total forms received during the two-year period by means and source

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number, the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by a red number in parentheses) the difference indicates that the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

Notes from States:

Responses to A5 are included in several tables including Tables 2a, 2b, 2c, 2d, and 3. EAC included comments presented in A5 with the notes from the table that includes the relevant data without duplication, but in some cases repeating the comment for two tables was necessary to explain the data included in the table.

Arizona	One county commented its numbers might differ due to a mass street file project they have been working on for the last 4 years. Another county stated, “For A5c, we did receive a total of 266 ‘pre’ registrations through the November 2010 to November 2012 time period for persons under 18. However, those individuals were eligible and active to participate by the November 2012 General Election and are therefore considered ‘New valid registrations’ and part of that A 5b total. We do not track any ‘New ‘pre’ registrations of persons under age 18’ that are not going to be eligible for the next coming General Election. Any voter submitting who would not be 18 and eligible to vote by the next General Election is not keyed into the system as ‘active’ and therefore not tracked.” A third county indicated that for A5d it cannot separate Motor Vehicle Division (MVD) and Internet.
California	One jurisdiction indicated that its responses for A5f and A5g are included in A5d. A second jurisdiction commented, “Forms received for address changes that cross jurisdiction borders (A5g) are included in the total for new valid registrations (A5b). Data for A5e, invalid or rejected (other than duplicates) was only collected for and through the online voter registration system which was implemented on 9/17/2012. Data not available for all other registration forms received from all other sources.” In regards to A5h, a third jurisdiction commented that Statewide on-line registration is not broken down between new registrations and duplicates of existing valid registrations. Another jurisdiction noted, “For A5e if the registration form is invalid or rejected it does not get put into DIMS and therefore cannot be counted. When this happens we send the applicant a new registration form requesting the missing or rejected information. A5f is left blank because we include all these reasons under re-registration and don’t distinguish between them.” A fifth jurisdiction reported that although A5a is more than 50% of A1a, the number reported is correct; in addition data for A5b-A5g for this jurisdiction is not available due to the transaction-based operation and historical tracking ability of the voter registration system. One jurisdiction reported that its count for those under 18 years old is not an aggregate due to under-18 individuals becoming eligible on Election Day. Another jurisdiction commented that its policy is to hold registration cards until the voter reaches age 18; the exception is for voters who turn 18 after the 15-day close of registration but before election day, which will be keyed in as needed. One jurisdiction stated its number of invalid or rejected application forms (A5e) is pending.
Colorado	All counties commented, “The numbers provided in response to A5e and A9 include incomplete or pending applications where the elector failed to provide required information to complete the application.”
Connecticut	All counties noted, “A5f includes changes of address that cross jurisdiction borders.”
Delaware	State’s 16-year-old pre-registration program began January 1, 2012.
Iowa	All counties noted, “Response to A5a error: As per the instructions for this question, we included duplicate registration forms and changes in registration information received during this cycle. To gather this data, we included all registration changes received from any source, which includes party changes from the Iowa caucuses and the primary and general elections as well as registration changes made on absentee ballot request forms during the time period.”

Idaho	Regarding A5, all counties commented, “Idaho implemented a Closed Primary in 2012. This required voters to select a party affiliation prior to voting in the Primary Election, causing some voters to submit a new voter registration card to the County Clerk’s Office. So, A5f includes Party Affiliation Changes due to the newly implemented Closed Primary. A5h are changes made to voter records by the County Clerk. These changes are due to Reapportionment, which only occurs every 10 years, and E-911 Re-Addressing. A5i are changes to a voter’s registration status, which are usually due to mis-cancellation and changing a voter’s status back to Active.” Regarding A6, all counties noted, “The Idaho Statewide Voter Registration System does not track how the registration forms are received by the County Clerks. Also, Idaho Code does not allow registration cards to be submitted via the Internet or email. Idaho is not covered by the NVRA because of Election Day Registration. So there are no cards from any of the agencies that NVRA requires.”
Kentucky	Nine counties commented, “A5a value is correct; it is high due to a high number of voters being redistricted within the jurisdiction.”
Louisiana	All jurisdictions noted, “Address changes across jurisdictions are counted as new registrations. Question e, the number of applications received and marked PA are reported. The Department of State does not track the method of receipt of the registration applications by the public assistance offices.”
Massachusetts	All jurisdictions stated they were “unable to accurately calculate the total number of registration forms received since statewide database only captures those that are processed and cannot include any forms that were rejected because they were incomplete and could not be processed in the database or when an applicant submitted multiple forms in the same time period that were rejected as duplicates or as incomplete.”
Maryland	All jurisdictions stated, “The rule does not contemplate that voters submit multiple forms each election cycle. It was not uncommon this election cycle to receive four or more forms from a voter. Additionally, the numbers represent the number of changes, not the number of forms.”
Maine	One jurisdiction commented that a nearby jurisdiction is a college, which had numerous voter registration drives.
Michigan	All jurisdictions noted, “A5b reflects voters who registered for first time in Michigan and voters who moved from one jurisdiction to another in Michigan.” In addition, all jurisdictions commented, “A6-9h Registrations from advocacy groups or political parties are included in A6-9a. Michigan does not track the source of mail-in registration forms.”
Missouri	Regarding A5, all jurisdictions commented, “The statewide database does not report this data in the same manner as requested by these series of questions. Address changes and name changes are not processed as new registrations but are a large part of workflow. Missouri went through the redistricting process during the last election cycle; as a result of that process A5 numbers will be inflated to reflect this process.” Regarding A6, one jurisdiction also noted that disability agencies in its area have been using postcards and are not coded separately.
North Carolina	All jurisdictions stated, “For 6b, NC deems “In-Person” forms to include voters registering in person at county boards of elections’ offices and forms received from voter registration drives. Thus the number of forms received as a result of question 6i are included in question 6b.”
North Dakota	North Dakota does not have voter registration.
New Hampshire	All jurisdictions commented, “NH uses Voter Registration forms for Name, Party, and Address Changes.”
New Mexico	One jurisdiction commented, “A5h. Included because these are processed with the other mail.” Another jurisdiction commented “registrant search results – PSR Report – Activity Statistics Report” and “SOI Report/PSR Report/Registrant search results” in regard to A5 and A6, respectively. For A5, a third jurisdiction commented, “Monthly Archived.”
Nevada	For A6, one jurisdiction commented, “29 updates + the 94 equals the 123.”

New York	New York County also includes Bronx County, Kings County, Queens County, and Richmond County data.
Ohio	For A5, 13 jurisdictions commented, “Per vendor’s report.”
Oregon	All jurisdictions noted, “Do not track A5e.”
Pennsylvania	5 jurisdictions stated, “This county had E-911 readdressing changes that occurred between November 2010 and November 2012 which is why A5a exceeds more than 50% of A1a.”
Puerto Rico	Puerto Rico does not have midterm elections. The new registrations provided are for the term 2008-2012. There were 201 UOCAVA voters who registered through mail/email using a FPCA, and not through in-person registration. Those voters were sent only Federal Ballots for the island’s only Federal Office running in the General Election, a non-voting Representative to Congress, Resident Commissioner to the House of Representatives.
Rhode Island	All jurisdictions commented, “Question A6e: Since March of 2011 all voter registrations from public assistance offices mandated as registration sites under the NVRA have been tracked and reported to the Department of Justice to ensure compliance with the NVRA. These statistics are compiled statewide and not on a city/town basis to ensure the privacy of the registrant. From March of 2011 to November of 2012 12,233 voters registered at public assistance offices mandated as registration sites under the NVRA.”
South Carolina	All jurisdictions noted, “The number used for Total Registration Forms received is more accurately described as changes to voter records. Most times, a change to a voter record is the result of a new voter registration application or a change of address form being received. However, redistricting would also result in a change to a voter record, and SC conducted redistricting in 2011-2012. The number used for ‘new valid’ are only new registrations received.”
Tennessee	One jurisdiction noted, “A5h - Change of address are generally within - we use a moved out of county for outside border moves.”
Vermont	For A5, one jurisdiction commented, “Total does not include innumerable number of address changes.” A second jurisdiction noted, “A5e was a postcard from the Secretary of State’s Office inquiring on behalf of a person whether they were on the checklist, and if they were not, to send them info on how to register.” For A5, another jurisdiction noted that breakdowns are not done on the voting system. A fourth jurisdiction stated that all duplicates were DMV. A fifth jurisdiction stated, “These numbers are incomplete due to most personnel not tracking how many forms were duplicates or rejected. If they did not enter the voter they did not count it.” Another jurisdiction noted that given the transition in the clerk position this year, its data were only verifiable in the aggregate. One jurisdiction commented that if A5f is a larger than normal number, it is because they changed the emergency numbering address system for the entire town, and these numbers reflect this change.
Washington	For A6, all jurisdictions commented, “Transfers between counties are considered new registrations.” One jurisdiction noted, “[A5g numbers] included in A5f.”
Wisconsin	All jurisdictions noted, “For question A5d, this total includes approved and denied duplicates. For questions A5f & A5g, jurisdiction refers to municipality. There were 13,065 registrations whose address could not be related to a particular reporting unit. Registrations from MyVote.wi.gov were only included if the voter submitted the paper form to the election office to be processed.”
West Virginia	Three jurisdictions commented, “The high number of address changes is due to an increased effort in list maintenance.” For A6, all jurisdictions stated, “When entering a new registration into the Statewide Voter Registration System, staff may choose one of the following sources of receipt: mail, in person at the election office, agency, and other. It is also possible that some registrations were entered without a value for the registration source, hence the other category ‘No Value.’ The ‘Agency,’ includes totals for such sources as motor vehicle offices and public assistance offices, and the ‘Other’ category includes totals for such sources as registration drives.”
Wyoming	Five jurisdictions stated, “Voter Registration Drives are addressed in the Secretary of State’s Rules for Voter Registration Chapter 16.”

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 2b. Application Sources: New Registrations

State	Election Juris. in Survey	Total New Applications Received 2010 to 2012	Cases	Applications Received From Individual Voters					
				Mail Registration Applications		In-Person Registration Applications		Internet Registration Applications	
				Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.
Alabama	67	347,494	66	127,718	36.8	121,454	35.0		.....
Alaska	1	55,183	1	9,249	16.8	9,141	16.6	0	0.0
Arizona	15	576,085	15	52,225	9.1	3,291	0.6	267,538	46.4
Arkansas	75	209,397	75	54,587	26.1	54,492	26.0		.....
California	58	2,111,659	51	635,270	30.1	380,725	18.0	375,750	17.8
Colorado	64	458,323	64	40,997	8.9	23,678	5.2	75,106	16.4
Connecticut	169	277,025	169	120,089	43.3	93,802	33.9		.....
Delaware	3	71,181	3	6,170	8.7	3,151	4.4	5,384	7.6
District of Columbia	1	72,555	1	8,291	11.4	4,741	6.5	10,427	14.4
Florida	67	1,385,380	67		.....		.....		.....
Georgia	159	768,407	159	178,375	23.2	105,340	13.7		.....
Hawaii	4	58,804	4	17,720	30.1	5,106	8.7	4,839	8.2
Idaho*	44	85,512	44		.....		.....		.....
Illinois	110	996,607	110		.....		.....		.....
Indiana	92	354,598	92	1,367	0.4	660	0.2	50,489	14.2
Iowa	99	159,017	99	25,176	15.8	36,784	23.1		.....
Kansas	105	235,322	105	30,490	13.0	21,445	9.1	35,057	14.9
Kentucky	120	367,227	120	17,021	4.6	64,984	17.7		.....
Louisiana	64	375,809	64	90,658	24.1	39,254	10.4	51,517	13.7
Maine	500	83,341	500	4,101	4.9	65,235	78.3		.....
Maryland	24	408,588	24	91,322	22.4	7,188	1.8	46,513	11.4
Massachusetts	351	436,019	351	162,040	37.2		.....		.....
Michigan	83	1,512,220	83	57,708	3.8	92,219	6.1		.....
Minnesota*	87	483,637	87	50,477	10.4	378,563	78.3		.....
Mississippi	64	151,026	56	37,333	24.7	40,623	26.9	37	0.0
Missouri	116	518,995	116	5,008	1.0	1,420	0.3		.....
Montana	56	75,132	56	12,006	16.0	18,342	24.4		.....
Nebraska	93	133,552	93	122	0.1	46,411	34.8		.....
Nevada	17	239,755	17	34,011	14.2	8,095	3.4	33,224	13.9
New Hampshire*	320	173,601	320	1,391	0.8	172,257	99.2	0	0.0
New Jersey	21	451,684	21	9,745	2.2	583	0.1		.....
New Mexico	33	125,553	33	2,839	2.3	4,014	3.2	0	0.0
New York	58	1,261,747	58		.....		.....		.....
North Carolina	100	1,127,141	100	179,893	16.0	429,788	38.1		.....
North Dakota*	53		0		.....		.....		.....
Ohio	88	1,000,018	88	211,963	21.2	151,762	15.2	22,498	2.2
Oklahoma	77	278,827	77	94,341	33.8	60,685	21.8		.....
Oregon	36	245,315	36	39,101	15.9	50,521	20.6	38,317	15.6
Pennsylvania	67	640,555	67	228,541	35.7	28,529	4.5	3	0.0
Rhode Island	39	77,169	39	10,945	14.2	15,313	19.8		.....
South Carolina	46	255,445	46	71,162	27.9	23,228	9.1	11,748	4.6
South Dakota	66	62,208	38	7,514	12.1	17,435	28.0	180	0.3
Tennessee	95	598,888	95	146,522	24.5	102,825	17.2		.....
Texas	254	2,159,391	254	899,005	41.6	217,069	10.1		.....
Utah	29	217,657	29	50,207	23.1		.....	58,209	26.7
Vermont	246	44,040	209	3,497	7.9	13,152	29.9	149	0.3
Virginia	134	564,445	134	198,262	35.1	88,769	15.7		.....
Washington	39	697,507	39	131,406	18.8	34,483	4.9	128,605	18.4
West Virginia	55	113,298	55	40,003	35.3	32,059	28.3		.....
Wisconsin*	3,541	449,538	3,541	15,552	3.5	53,807	12.0		.....
Wyoming*	23	49,235	23	1,162	2.4	46,650	94.7		.....
American Samoa*	1	3,425	1		.....	3,399	99.2	26	0.8
Guam*	1	4,238	1		.....		.....		.....
Puerto Rico*	1	234,721	1	201	0.1	234,520	99.9		.....
Virgin Islands*	0								
Sum of Above	8,131	23,843,496	7,997	4,212,783	17.7	3,406,992	14.3	1,215,616	5.1
States Included		53		47		46		24	
Question		A5b		A7a		A7b		A7c	

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Table 2b. Application Sources: New Registrations

State	Applications Received From Different Voter Registration Agencies													
	Motor Vehicle Offices		Public Assistance Offices		Disability Services Offices		Armed Forces Recruitment Offices		Other State Agencies		Registration Drives from Advocacy Groups or Parties		Other Sources	
	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.
Alabama	9,714	2.8	528	0.2	777	0.2	275	0.1	7,395	2.1	38,772	11.2	40,863	11.8
Alaska	33,371	60.5	2,380	4.3	192	0.3	384	0.7	461	0.8	5	0.0		.....
Arizona	150,342	26.1	5,362	0.9	737	0.1	861	0.1	11,107	1.9	36,440	6.3	7,075	1.2
Arkansas	83,703	40.0	3,893	1.9	534	0.3	36	0.0	3,209	1.5	8,917	4.3	26	0.0
California	271,314	12.8	19,919	0.9	25,813	1.2	1,053	0.0	76,506	3.6	41,408	2.0	170,022	8.1
Colorado	207,437	45.3	13,371	2.9	65	0.0	2	0.0	545	0.1	94,318	20.6	2,804	0.6
Connecticut	7,908	2.9	5,168	1.9	67	0.0	756	0.3	3,923	1.4	3,192	1.2	42,016	15.2
Delaware	53,014	74.5	429	0.6	18	0.0	0	0.0	492	0.7	666	0.9	1,316	1.8
District of Columbia	41,914	57.8	613	0.8	196	0.3	213	0.3	573	0.8	0	0.0	5,587	7.7
Florida		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Georgia	431,759	56.2	17,790	2.3	119	0.0	367	0.0	24,258	3.2		.....	10,399	1.4
Hawaii	22,074	37.5	278	0.5	127	0.2	1,452	2.5	7,006	11.9	202	0.3		.....
Idaho*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Illinois		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Indiana	178,165	50.2	15,499	4.4	448	0.1	145	0.0	332	0.1	22	0.0	31,878	9.0
Iowa	81,359	51.2	1,832	1.2	169	0.1	39	0.0	245	0.2		.....	13,304	8.4
Kansas	100,966	42.9		.....	11	0.0	41	0.0	1,456	0.6	10,613	4.5	7,832	3.3
Kentucky	241,006	65.6	35,733	9.7	1,610	0.4	423	0.1	6,220	1.7		.....		.....
Louisiana	178,267	47.4	10,918	2.9	427	0.1	785	0.2		.....	3,983	1.1		.....
Maine	1,546	1.9		.....		.....		.....		.....	7,447	8.9	5,012	6.0
Maryland	218,018	53.4	18,364	4.5	214	0.1	169	0.0	692	0.2	0	0.0	26,108	6.4
Massachusetts	182,776	41.9	8,044	1.8	980	0.2		.....	1,132	0.3		.....		.....
Michigan	1,359,015	89.9	873	0.1	41	0.0	179	0.0	2,185	0.1		.....		.....
Minnesota*	27,730	5.7		.....		.....		.....		.....	16,999	3.5	9,822	2.0
Mississippi	12,282	8.1	15,180	10.1	4,855	3.2	168	0.1	1,281	0.8	872	0.6	939	0.6
Missouri	6,119	1.2	1,371	0.3	0	0.0	21	0.0	0	0.0		.....	0	0.0
Montana	18,190	24.2	5,526	7.4	355	0.5	98	0.1	19	0.0	12,372	16.5	8,224	10.9
Nebraska	82,561	61.8		.....	622	0.5	6	0.0		.....	52	0.0	3,702	2.8
Nevada	48,924	20.4	3,923	1.6	90	0.0	156	0.1	388	0.2	69,559	29.0	11,036	4.6
New Hampshire*	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
New Jersey	134,697	29.8	10,539	2.3	3,114	0.7	2,568	0.6	281,981	62.4	3	0.0	8,454	1.9
New Mexico	6,860	5.5	2,814	2.2	202	0.2	0	0.0	2	0.0	965	0.8	9,038	7.2
New York		.....		.....		.....	0	0.0		.....		.....		.....
North Carolina	428,031	38.0	49,770	4.4	1,540	0.1	48	0.0	1,528	0.1		.....	36,543	3.2
North Dakota*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Ohio	244,391	24.4	124,395	12.4	24,081	2.4	763	0.1	62,536	6.3	95,272	9.5	28,085	2.8
Oklahoma	87,225	31.3	7,604	2.7	54	0.0	20	0.0	1,182	0.4		.....	27,616	9.9
Oregon	99,913	40.7	5,896	2.4	3,230	1.3		.....	7,155	2.9		.....		.....
Pennsylvania	232,658	36.3	1,177	0.2	112	0.0	205	0.0	1,646	0.3	134,185	20.9	3,848	0.6
Rhode Island	46,344	60.1		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	4,567	5.9
South Carolina	133,054	52.1	2,298	0.9		.....	6	0.0		.....		.....	13,949	5.5
South Dakota	9,776	15.7	1,020	1.6	521	0.8	21	0.0	196	0.3	899	1.4	15	0.0
Tennessee	185,914	31.0	53,892	9.0	9,600	1.6	1,261	0.2	17,797	3.0	13	0.0		.....
Texas	733,090	33.9	45,814	2.1	58,908	2.7	146	0.0	26,252	1.2		.....		.....
Utah	104,020	47.8		.....	473	0.2	82	0.0		.....	4,666	2.1		.....
Vermont	6,463	14.7	331	0.8	231	0.5	34	0.1	100	0.2	1,178	2.7	1,193	2.7
Virginia	244,655	43.3	11,187	2.0	97	0.0	58	0.0	453	0.1		.....	20,964	3.7
Washington	289,606	41.5	0	0.0	17,100	2.5	6,192	0.9	1,419	0.2	77,031	11.0	11,665	1.7
West Virginia		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	41,233	36.4
Wisconsin*		.....		.....		.....	34	0.0		.....	446	0.1	379,699	84.5
Wyoming*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	1,423	2.9
American Samoa*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Guam*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Puerto Rico*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Virgin Islands*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Sum of Above	7,036,171	29.5	503,731	2.1	157,730	0.7	19,067	0.1	551,672	2.3	660,497	2.8	986,257	4.1
States Included	43		37		39		36		36		31		36	
Question	A7d		A7e		A7f		A7g		A7h		A7i		A7j-o	

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Table 2b. Application Sources: New Registrations

State	Not Categorized	
	Balance: (See Notes)	
	Total	Pct.
Alabama	(2)	(0.0)
Alaska	0	0.0
Arizona	41,107	7.1
Arkansas	0	0.0
California	113,879	5.4
Colorado	0	0.0
Connecticut	104	0.0
Delaware	541	0.8
District of Columbia	0	0.0
Florida	1,385,380	100.0
Georgia	0	0.0
Hawaii	0	0.0
Idaho*	85,512	100.0
Illinois	996,607	100.0
Indiana	75,593	21.3
Iowa	109	0.1
Kansas	27,411	11.6
Kentucky	230	0.1
Louisiana	0	0.0
Maine	0	0.0
Maryland	0	0.0
Massachusetts	81,047	18.6
Michigan	0	0.0
Minnesota*	46	0.0
Mississippi	37,456	24.8
Missouri	505,056	97.3
Montana	0	0.0
Nebraska	76	0.1
Nevada	30,349	12.7
New Hampshire*	(47)	(0.0)
New Jersey	0	0.0
New Mexico	98,819	78.7
New York	1,261,747	100.0
North Carolina	0	0.0
North Dakota*	.....	.....
Ohio	34,272	3.4
Oklahoma	100	0.0
Oregon	1,182	0.5
Pennsylvania	9,651	1.5
Rhode Island	0	0.0
South Carolina	0	0.0
South Dakota	24,631	39.6
Tennessee	81,064	13.5
Texas	179,107	8.3
Utah	0	0.0
Vermont	17,712	40.2
Virginia	0	0.0
Washington	0	0.0
West Virginia	3	0.0
Wisconsin*	0	0.0
Wyoming*	0	0.0
American Samoa*	0	0.0
Guam*	4,238	100.0
Puerto Rico*	0	0.0
Virgin Islands*		
Sum of Above	5,092,980	21.4
States Included	31	
Question	calc	

TABLE 2B. APPLICATION SOURCES: NEW REGISTRATIONS

Question A7. Registrations applications: new registrations by means and source

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number, the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by a red number in parentheses) the difference indicates that the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

Notes from States:

Arizona	One jurisdiction noted that it could not separate MVD and Internet for question A7c.
California	One jurisdiction reported that its system does not track this data. A third jurisdiction noted in response to A7a that it does not allow fax or email applications; it always requests the original. A fourth jurisdiction commented the miscellaneous includes forms from businesses, churches and schools. Another jurisdiction stated that its county tracks by source code, not by delivery method.
Idaho	The Idaho Statewide Voter Registration System does not track how the registration forms are received by the County Clerks. Also, Idaho Code does not allow registration cards to be submitted via the Internet or email. Idaho is not covered by the NVRA because of Election Day Registration, so there are no cards from any of the agencies that NVRA requires.
Louisiana	All jurisdictions commented, "Question e, the number of applications received and marked PA are reported. The Department of State does not track the method of receipt of the registration applications by the public assistance offices."
Mississippi	One jurisdiction reported that adding A5b (new valid registrations - excluding pre-registered persons under 18) and A5c (new pre-registered person under 18) will equal A7.
North Dakota	North Dakota does not have voter registration.
New Hampshire	Data not available for all jurisdictions.
New Jersey	Each jurisdiction indicated its own "actual A5b" count in A7_Comments section.
New Mexico	One jurisdiction indicated, "NVRA statistics/PSR reports."
Nevada	One jurisdiction reported that this number includes the 5401 pre-registrations. A second jurisdiction commented that this number includes 10 pre-registrations.
Oregon	Six jurisdictions reported that they did not track the origin of new registration applications.
Puerto Rico	Puerto Rico commented, "b. New registrations between 2008-2012."
Vermont	One jurisdiction reported that seven DMV registrations were not sent to town in a timely manner, and voters were required to fill out an affidavit on election day. Another jurisdiction stated that it received a total of 107 new registrations and did not track how these were received. A third jurisdiction indicated the numbers submitted are estimates only; its HAVA program does not track this level of detail.
West Virginia	All jurisdictions reported that when entering a new registration into the Statewide Voter Registration System, staff may choose one of the following sources of receipt: mail, in person at the election office, agency, and other. It is also possible that some registrations were entered without a value for the registration source, hence the other category 'No Value.' The 'Agency' includes totals for such sources as motor vehicle offices and public assistance offices, and the 'Other' category includes totals for such sources as registration drives.
Wyoming	Two jurisdictions commented, "Voter Registration Drives are addressed in the Secretary of State's Rules for Voter Registration Chapter 16."

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 2c. Application Sources: Duplicate Registrations

State	Election Juris. in Survey	Total Duplicate Applications Received 2010 to 2012	Cases	Applications Received From Individual Voters					
				Mail Registration Applications		In-Person Registration Applications		Internet Registration Applications	
				Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.
Alabama	67	336	9	149	44.3	81	24.1		.....
Alaska	1	55,842	1	16,849	30.2	27,529	49.3	0	0.0
Arizona	15	176,186	13	8,377	4.8	129	0.1	141,380	80.2
Arkansas	75	19	50	1	5.3	1	5.3		.....
California	58	410,858	48	118,775	28.9	67,999	16.6	29,372	7.1
Colorado	64	106,377	64	50,706	47.7	11,732	11.0	14,914	14.0
Connecticut	169		0		.....		.....		.....
Delaware	3	12,128	3	674	5.6	31	0.3	298	2.5
District of Columbia	1	587	1	42	7.2	52	8.9	149	25.4
Florida	67	16,033	65		.....		.....		.....
Georgia	159		0	182,733	.....	109,017	.....		.....
Hawaii	4	42,915	4	5,976	13.9	1,229	2.9	1,806	4.2
Idaho*	44		0		.....		.....		.....
Illinois	110	74,498	110		.....		.....		.....
Indiana	92	88,146	92	266	0.3	98	0.1	8,496	9.6
Iowa	99	202,681	99	18,844	9.3	31,965	15.8		.....
Kansas	105		0		.....		.....		.....
Kentucky	120	0	120		.....		.....		.....
Louisiana	64	20,170	64	5,160	25.6	203	1.0	594	2.9
Maine	500	5,292	500	433	8.2	1,585	30.0		.....
Maryland	24	17,315	24	6,826	39.4	210	1.2	725	4.2
Massachusetts	351	106,631	351	4,322	4.1		.....		.....
Michigan	83	412,072	83	3,509	0.9	8,117	2.0		.....
Minnesota*	87	128,227	87	10,168	7.9	72,208	56.3		.....
Mississippi	64	7,075	18	3,461	48.9	7,416	104.8	0	0.0
Missouri	116	3,394	4	1,475	43.5	876	25.8		.....
Montana	56	3,661	56	1,001	27.3	128	3.5		.....
Nebraska	93	15,069	93	0	0.0	4,235	28.1		.....
Nevada	17	42,982	14	9,164	21.3	668	1.6	4,459	10.4
New Hampshire*	320	2,284	320	30	1.3	2,254	98.7	0	0.0
New Jersey	21	2,576	21	35	1.4	1	0.0		.....
New Mexico	33	1,200	5	14	1.2	22	1.8	0	0.0
New York	58	142,535	58		.....		.....		.....
North Carolina	100	393,337	100	174,930	44.5	117,373	29.8		.....
North Dakota*	53		0		.....		.....		.....
Ohio	88	389,381	85	90,239	23.2	44,542	11.4	481	0.1
Oklahoma	77	2,421	77	322	13.3	217	9.0		.....
Oregon	36	1,236	36	225	18.2	219	17.7	31	2.5
Pennsylvania	67	210,903	67	29,945	14.2	2,913	1.4	0	0.0
Rhode Island	39		0		.....		.....		.....
South Carolina	46		0		.....		.....		.....
South Dakota	66	3,830	38	251	6.6	150	3.9	36	0.9
Tennessee	95	58,000	90	8,829	15.2	2,579	4.4		.....
Texas	254	100,363	254	28,461	28.4	5,561	5.5		.....
Utah	29	13,610	29	4,899	36.0		.....		.....
Vermont	246	2,984	188	39	1.3	29	1.0	0	0.0
Virginia	134	167,893	134	41,282	24.6	8,220	4.9		.....
Washington	39	116,939	30	33,115	28.3	3,850	3.3	12,017	10.3
West Virginia	55	2,577	55	1,124	43.6	533	20.7		.....
Wisconsin*	3,541	25,944	3,541	2,125	8.2	2,583	10.0		.....
Wyoming*	23		0		.....		.....		.....
American Samoa*	1	0	1	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
Guam*	1		0		.....		.....		.....
Puerto Rico*	1	96,626	1		.....		.....		.....
Virgin Islands*	0				.....		.....		.....
Sum of Above	8,131	3,683,133	7,103	864,776	23.5	536,555	14.6	214,758	5.8
States Included		45		41		39		21	
Question		A5d		A8a		A8b		A8c	

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 2c. Application Sources: Duplicate Registrations

State	Applications Received From Different Voter Registration Agencies													
	Motor Vehicle Offices		Public Assistance Offices		Disability Services Offices		Armed Forces Recruitment Offices		Other State Agencies		Registration Drives from Advocacy Groups or Parties		Other Sources	
	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.
Alabama		.....		.....	2	0.6		.....	7	2.1	16	4.8	81	24.1
Alaska	6,237	11.2	466	0.8	11	0.0	265	0.5	30	0.1	4,455	8.0		.....
Arizona	8,739	5.0	307	0.2	38	0.0	3,562	2.0	2,624	1.5	7,563	4.3	1,180	0.7
Arkansas	14	73.7	1	5.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	10.5		.....
California	37,949	9.2	6,933	1.7	378	0.1	1,305	0.3	8,145	2.0	23,186	5.6	54,406	13.2
Colorado	19,918	18.7	1,235	1.2	12	0.0	0	0.0	166	0.2	5,049	4.7	2,240	2.1
Connecticut		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Delaware	10,065	83.0	44	0.4	4	0.0	0	0.0	30	0.2	163	1.3	710	5.9
District of Columbia	332	56.6	5	0.9	1	0.2	0	0.0	6	1.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Florida		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Georgia	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....		.....	0	.....
Hawaii	30,626	71.4	64	0.1	25	0.1	463	1.1	2,466	5.7	75	0.2		.....
Idaho*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Illinois		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Indiana	49,342	56.0	5,707	6.5	120	0.1	256	0.3	73	0.1	0	0.0	17,633	20.0
Iowa	21,311	10.5	2,189	1.1	48	0.0	38	0.0	147	0.1		.....	110,842	54.7
Kansas		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Kentucky		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Louisiana	13,546	67.2	436	2.2	21	0.1	3	0.0		.....	207	1.0		.....
Maine	1,087	20.5		.....		.....		.....		.....	936	17.7	1,251	23.6
Maryland	7,422	42.9	79	0.5	6	0.0	8	0.0	67	0.4	0	0.0	1,972	11.4
Massachusetts	100,823	94.6	283	0.3	32	0.0		.....	18	0.0		.....		.....
Michigan	397,451	96.5	72	0.0	48	0.0	89	0.0	2,786	0.7		.....		.....
Minnesota*	32,510	25.4		.....		.....		.....		.....	2,214	1.7	11,127	8.7
Mississippi	371	5.2	2,444	34.5	18	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.1	144	2.0
Missouri	374	11.0	472	13.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0		.....	8	0.2
Montana	218	6.0		.....		.....	1	0.0		.....	1,760	48.1	551	15.1
Nebraska	10,161	67.4		.....	95	0.6	0	0.0		.....	1	0.0	577	3.8
Nevada	5,185	12.1	809	1.9	12	0.0	228	0.5	0	0.0	10,750	25.0	5,963	13.9
New Hampshire*	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
New Jersey	816	31.7	44	1.7	6	0.2	7	0.3	1,642	63.7	0	0.0	25	1.0
New Mexico	0	0.0	20	1.7		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
New York		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
North Carolina	26,537	6.7	8,117	2.1	174	0.0	6	0.0	633	0.2		.....	65,567	16.7
North Dakota*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Ohio	34,787	8.9	62,461	16.0	5,387	1.4	679	0.2	7,260	1.9	16,072	4.1	31,999	8.2
Oklahoma	308	12.7	88	3.6	1	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0		.....	355	14.7
Oregon	684	55.3	23	1.9	13	1.1		.....		.....		.....		.....
Pennsylvania	137,687	65.3	144	0.1	13	0.0	5	0.0	154	0.1	36,371	17.2	2,260	1.1
Rhode Island		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	0	.....
South Carolina		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
South Dakota	1,243	32.5	145	3.8	4	0.1	0	0.0	11	0.3	28	0.7	24	0.6
Tennessee	24,559	42.3	5,126	8.8	20	0.0	188	0.3	756	1.3	1	0.0		.....
Texas	34,294	34.2	1,766	1.8	2,177	2.2	11	0.0	881	0.9		.....	27,212	27.1
Utah	3,437	25.3		.....	20	0.1	9	0.1		.....	5,245	38.5		.....
Vermont	1,051	35.2	2	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.1	11	0.4	30	1.0
Virginia	81,504	48.5	2,200	1.3	25	0.0	15	0.0	124	0.1		.....	34,523	20.6
Washington	45,856	39.2	0	0.0	2,403	2.1	791	0.7	1,566	1.3	13,472	11.5	3,869	3.3
West Virginia		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....	918	35.6
Wisconsin*		.....		.....		.....	1	0.0		.....	13	0.1	21,222	81.8
Wyoming*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
American Samoa*	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
Guam*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Puerto Rico*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Virgin Islands*		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....		.....
Sum of Above	1,146,444	31.1	101,682	2.8	11,114	0.3	7,930	0.2	29,595	0.8	127,595	3.5	396,689	10.8
States Included	38		33		35		34		31		29		32	
Question	A8d		A8e		A8f		A8g		A8h		A8i		A8j-o	

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Table 2c. Application Sources: Duplicate Registrations

State	Not Categorized Balance: (See Notes)	
	Total	Pct.
Alabama	0	0.0
Alaska	0	0.0
Arizona	2,287	1.3
Arkansas	0	0.0
California	62,410	15.2
Colorado	405	0.4
Connecticut	.....	.....
Delaware	109	0.9
District of Columbia	0	0.0
Florida	16,033	100.0
Georgia	.....	.....
Hawaii	185	0.4
Idaho*	.....	.....
Illinois	74,498	100.0
Indiana	6,155	7.0
Iowa	17,297	8.5
Kansas	.....	.....
Kentucky	0	.....
Louisiana	0	0.0
Maine	0	0.0
Maryland	0	0.0
Massachusetts	1,153	1.1
Michigan	0	0.0
Minnesota*	0	0.0
Mississippi	(6,784)	(95.9)
Missouri	189	5.6
Montana	2	0.1
Nebraska	0	0.0
Nevada	5,744	13.4
New Hampshire*	0	0.0
New Jersey	0	0.0
New Mexico	1,144	95.3
New York	142,535	100.0
North Carolina	0	0.0
North Dakota*	.....	.....
Ohio	95,474	24.5
Oklahoma	1,129	46.6
Oregon	41	3.3
Pennsylvania	1,411	0.7
Rhode Island	.....	.....
South Carolina	.....	.....
South Dakota	1,938	50.6
Tennessee	15,942	27.5
Texas	0	0.0
Utah	0	0.0
Vermont	1,820	61.0
Virginia	0	0.0
Washington	0	0.0
West Virginia	2	0.1
Wisconsin*	0	0.0
Wyoming*	.....	.....
American Samoa*	0	.....
Guam*	.....	.....
Puerto Rico*	96,626	100.0
Virgin Islands*	.....	.....
Sum of Above	245,995	6.7
States Included	25	
Question	calc	

TABLE 2C. APPLICATION SOURCES: DUPLICATES OF EXISTING REGISTRATIONS

Question A8: Registration applications, duplicates of existing registrations by means and source

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number, the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by a red number in parentheses) the difference indicates that the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

Notes from States:

Arizona	One jurisdiction reported that it could not separate Motor Vehicle Division and Internet cases for question A8c.
California	One jurisdiction reported that item a. also includes the totals from items b. and c. Another jurisdiction noted that its system does not track this information. One jurisdiction stated that it was unable to source the majority of its invalid registration. In addition, it is likely that a majority of this jurisdiction's miscellaneous forms are from individual voters, but it is unable to trace the source.
Idaho	The Idaho Statewide Voter Registration System does not track how the registration forms are received by the County Clerks. Also, Idaho Code does not allow registration cards to be submitted via the Internet or email. Idaho is not covered by the NVRA because of Election Day Registration, so there are no cards from any of the agencies that NVRA requires.
Louisiana	In all jurisdictions, for question e, the number of applications received and marked PA are reported. The Department of State does not track the method of receipt of the registration applications by the public assistance offices.
North Dakota	North Dakota does not have voter registration.
Oregon	Six jurisdictions reported that they did not track the origin of duplicate registration applications.
South Carolina	All jurisdictions stated that duplicate registrations are not tracked.
Vermont	In one jurisdiction, duplicate registrations are not necessary, so they are not tracked. Another jurisdiction noted that it does not keep separate totals as to the source of each duplicate registration. A third jurisdiction reported its elections office does not differentiate how duplicates are received, however the majority of them are from the DMV. A fourth jurisdiction stated it had a total of six duplicate registrations, but how these were received was not tracked.
West Virginia	All jurisdictions reported that when entering a new registration into the Statewide Voter Registration System, staff may choose one of the following sources of receipt: mail, in person at the election office, agency, or other. It is also possible that some registrations were entered without a value for the registration source, hence the other category 'No Value.' The 'agency,' includes totals for such sources as motor vehicle offices and public assistance offices, and the 'Other' category includes totals for such sources as registration drives.

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey									
Table 2d. Application Sources: Invalid or Rejected Forms									
State	Election Juris. in Survey	Total Invalid Applications Received 2010 to 2012	Cases	Applications Received From Individual Voters					
				Mail Registration Applications		In-Person Registration Applications		Internet Registration Applications	
				Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.
Alabama	67	1,290	37	270	20.9	62	4.8		.....
Alaska	1	5,932	1	1,704	28.7	883	14.9	0	0.0
Arizona	15	32,028	13	21,891	68.3	171	0.5	2,973	9.3
Arkansas	75	5,237	53	1,463	27.9	1,110	21.2	0	0.0
California	58	269,590	40	59,448	22.1	27,295	10.1	21,187	7.9
Colorado	64	7,824	64	1,799	23.0	653	8.3	633	8.1
Connecticut	169		0		.....		.....		.....
Delaware	3	3,081	3	441	14.3	228	7.4	236	7.7
District of Columbia	1	389	1	33	8.5	62	15.9	33	8.5
Florida	67	93,132	67		.....		.....		.....
Georgia	159		0	592	.....	126	.....		.....
Hawaii	4	8,572	1		.....		.....		.....
Idaho*	44		0		.....		.....		.....
Illinois	110	38,253	109		.....		.....		.....
Indiana	92	896,523	92	5	0.0	1	0.0	661	0.1
Iowa	99	138,216	99	7,489	5.4	10,815	7.8		.....
Kansas	105		0		.....		.....		.....
Kentucky	120	97,002	120		.....		.....		.....
Louisiana	64	31,799	64	6,461	20.3	202	0.6	584	1.8
Maine	500	1,406	500	61	4.3	2	0.1		.....
Maryland	24	2,077	24	434	20.9	6	0.3	10	0.5
Massachusetts	351	121,702	351	2,163	1.8		.....		.....
Michigan	83	4,176	83	365	8.7	730	17.5		.....
Minnesota*	87	432	87	192	44.4	207	47.9		.....
Mississippi	64	4,290	39	46	1.1	10	0.2	0	0.0
Missouri	116	47,829	108	160	0.3	18	0.0		.....
Montana	56	837	56	236	28.2	30	3.6		.....
Nebraska	93	458	93	3	0.7	39	8.5		.....
Nevada	17	9,748	15	1,867	19.2	67	0.7	51	0.5
New Hampshire*	320	0	320	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
New Jersey	21	42,513	21	671	1.6	111	0.3		.....
New Mexico	33	15,330	6	15	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0
New York	58	66,493	58		.....		.....		.....
North Carolina	100	50,635	100	9,166	18.1	19,515	38.5		.....
North Dakota*	53		0		.....		.....		.....
Ohio	88	74,887	71	6,979	9.3	2,310	3.1	102	0.1
Oklahoma	77		0		.....		.....		.....
Oregon	36		0		.....		.....		.....
Pennsylvania	67	18,208	67	6,500	35.7	316	1.7	0	0.0
Rhode Island	39		0		.....		.....		.....
South Carolina	46		0		.....		.....		.....
South Dakota	66	41	38	9	22.0	11	26.8	0	0.0
Tennessee	95	33,978	63	5,384	15.8	863	2.5		.....
Texas	254	2,860,942	254	1,563,351	54.6	578,356	20.2		.....
Utah	29	7,492	29	3,919	52.3		.....	2,159	28.8
Vermont	246	438	172	6	1.4	4	0.9	0	0.0
Virginia	134	14,159	132	3,119	22.0	305	2.2		.....
Washington	39	14,301	25	2,316	16.2	87	0.6	809	5.7
West Virginia	55	362	38	193	53.3	64	17.7		.....
Wisconsin*	3,541	550	3,541	92	16.7	122	22.2		.....
Wyoming*	23		0		.....		.....		.....
American Samoa*	1	0	1	0	.....	0	.....	0	.....
Guam*	1		0		.....		.....		.....
Puerto Rico*	1		0		.....		.....		.....
Virgin Islands*	0				.....		.....		.....
Sum of Above	8,131	5,022,152	7,056	1,708,843	34.0	644,781	12.8	29,438	0.6
States Included		42		38		36		21	
Question		A5e		A9a		A9b		A9c	

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Table 2d. Application Sources: Invalid or Rejected Forms

State	Applications Received From Different Voter Registration Agencies													
	Motor Vehicle Offices		Public Assistance Offices		Disability Services Offices		Armed Forces Recruitment Offices		Other State Agencies		Registration Drives from Advocacy Groups or Parties		Other Sources	
	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.	Total	Pct.
Alabama	11	0.9	3	0.2	8	0.6			375	29.1	274	21.2	287	22.2
Alaska	2,593	43.7	405	6.8	13	0.2	318	5.4	15	0.3	1	0.0		
Arizona	235	0.7	642	2.0	44	0.1	5	0.0	2,728	8.5	2,340	7.3	757	2.4
Arkansas	1,976	37.7	57	1.1	3	0.1	0	0.0	74	1.4	550	10.5	1	0.0
California	35,470	13.2	1,127	0.4	4,410	1.6	58	0.0	6,492	2.4	42,763	15.9	40,449	15.0
Colorado	1,269	16.2	561	7.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	25	0.3	1,551	19.8	1,333	17.0
Connecticut														
Delaware	2,086	67.7	7	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	10	0.3	11	0.4	52	1.7
District of Columbia	258	66.3	1	0.3	0	0.0	1	0.3	1	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Florida														
Georgia	196		67		0		1		99				10	
Hawaii													8,572	100.0
Idaho*														
Illinois														
Indiana	7,394	0.8	1,052	0.1	29	0.0	2	0.0	28	0.0	0	0.0	2,103	0.2
Iowa	10,855	7.9	2,182	1.6	34	0.0	7	0.0	260	0.2			98,049	70.9
Kansas														
Kentucky													97,002	100.0
Louisiana	23,121	72.7	987	3.1	103	0.3	1	0.0			340	1.1		
Maine	1	0.1									5	0.4	1,337	95.1
Maryland	1,479	71.2	88	4.2	2	0.1	2	0.1	2	0.1	6	0.3	48	2.3
Massachusetts	59,220	48.7	101	0.1	19	0.0			6	0.0			60,195	49.5
Michigan	2,967	71.0	2	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.1	107	2.6				
Minnesota*	13	3.0									14	3.2	6	1.4
Mississippi	0	0.0	21	0.5	18	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0		
Missouri	17	0.0	11	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0			0	0.0
Montana	192	22.9					0	0.0			282	33.7	97	11.6
Nebraska	89	19.4			6	1.3	0	0.0			0	0.0	300	65.5
Nevada	835	8.6	557	5.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4,605	47.2	165	1.7
New Hampshire*	0		0		0		0		0		0		0	
New Jersey	9,468	22.3	842	2.0	690	1.6	602	1.4	21,801	51.3	4	0.0	8,324	19.6
New Mexico	90	0.6	12	0.1										
New York														
North Carolina	11,304	22.3	3,646	7.2	80	0.2	4	0.0	36	0.1			6,884	13.6
North Dakota*														
Ohio	4,310	5.8	18,759	25.0	1,912	2.6	7	0.0	1,351	1.8	5,312	7.1	1,961	2.6
Oklahoma														
Oregon														
Pennsylvania	2,506	13.8	67	0.4	18	0.1	1	0.0	53	0.3	8,108	44.5	205	1.1
Rhode Island													0	
South Carolina														
South Dakota	5	12.2	10	24.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	6	14.6	0	0.0
Tennessee	14,066	41.4	4,638	13.7	71	0.2	357	1.1	785	2.3				
Texas	65,054	2.3	107,040	3.7	125,055	4.4	227	0.0	47,610	1.7	374,249	13.1		
Utah	1,366	18.2			16	0.2					32	0.4		
Vermont	150	34.2	2	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0.7	4	0.9	34	7.8
Virginia	10,139	71.6	170	1.2	3	0.0	0	0.0	6	0.0			417	2.9
Washington	445	3.1	0	0.0	995	7.0	15	0.1	51	0.4	1,593	11.1	7,990	55.9
West Virginia													104	28.7
Wisconsin*							1	0.2			6	1.1	329	59.8
Wyoming*														
American Samoa*	0		0		0		0		0		0		0	
Guam*														
Puerto Rico*														
Virgin Islands*														
Sum of Above	269,180	5.4	143,057	2.8	133,529	2.7	1,614	0.0	81,918	1.6	442,056	8.8	337,011	6.7
States Included	36		31		32		31		29		28		33	
Question	A9d		A9e		A9f		A9g		A9h		A9i		A9j-o	

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Table 2d. Application Sources: Invalid or Rejected Forms

State	Not Categorized Balance: (See Notes)	
	Total	Pct.
Alabama	0	0.0
Alaska	0	0.0
Arizona	242	0.8
Arkansas	3	0.1
California	30,891	11.5
Colorado	0	0.0
Connecticut	.....	.....
Delaware	10	0.3
District of Columbia	0	0.0
Florida	93,132	100.0
Georgia	.....	.....
Hawaii	0	0.0
Idaho*	.....	.....
Illinois	38,253	100.0
Indiana	885,248	98.7
Iowa	8,525	6.2
Kansas	.....	.....
Kentucky	0	0.0
Louisiana	0	0.0
Maine	0	0.0
Maryland	0	0.0
Massachusetts	0	0.0
Michigan	0	0.0
Minnesota*	0	0.0
Mississippi	4,195	97.8
Missouri	47,623	99.6
Montana	0	0.0
Nebraska	21	4.6
Nevada	1,601	16.4
New Hampshire*	0	.....
New Jersey	0	0.0
New Mexico	15,213	99.2
New York	66,493	100.0
North Carolina	0	0.0
North Dakota*	.....	.....
Ohio	31,884	42.6
Oklahoma	.....	.....
Oregon	.....	.....
Pennsylvania	434	2.4
Rhode Island	.....	.....
South Carolina	.....	.....
South Dakota	0	0.0
Tennessee	7,814	23.0
Texas	0	0.0
Utah	0	0.0
Vermont	235	53.7
Virginia	0	0.0
Washington	0	0.0
West Virginia	1	0.3
Wisconsin*	0	0.0
Wyoming*	.....	.....
American Samoa*	0	.....
Guam*	.....	.....
Puerto Rico*	.....	.....
Virgin Islands*	.....	.....
Sum of Above	1,230,727	24.5
States Included	19	
Question	calc	

TABLE 2D. APPLICATION SOURCES: INVALID AND REJECTED FORMS

Question A9: Registration applications, invalid or rejected forms by means and source

General note: The Balance/Not Categorized column on the table compares the sum of all the categorical responses with the total indicated. If the balance is a positive number the difference is treated as uncategorized responses. If the balance is a negative number (indicated by a red number in parentheses) the difference indicates that the sum of the responses is greater than the total indicated; this could occur by an error in data entry or by the inability to correctly categorize some responses, resulting in some over-counting.

Notes from States:

Arizona	One jurisdiction stated that the number of Internet registrations in 'c' is 506, but it does not know the values of those submitted. Another jurisdiction reported that it cannot separate MVD and Internet cases for A9c. A third jurisdiction reported that Internet applications through the Arizona EZ Voter site are unable to be identified in such categories at this time for A9c. Another jurisdiction indicated, "A6, A7, A8, and A9 Comments: For c & d transactions, our Voter Registration system does not allow us to separate the registrations received electronically from the motor vehicle offices versus those submitted via EZ Voter (internet) through the MVD online voter registration site. We do still occasionally receive paper forms from the MVD office and the total noted in "d" (1604) is reflective of that. A9 - Invalid (Dead-end) forms are tracked by source code. Rejected (Prop 200) forms aren't tracked by source code but will begin tracking and the net total has been included in column A9 row A. For j. (FEDERAL FORMS), these submissions are required to be handled differently than standard registration forms submitted and as such, the method of receipt (e.g., mail, in person, etc.) is not captured because the primary identification needing to be noted for these forms is their "type" versus their "received" method."
California	One jurisdiction indicated its A9a through A9i reason codes are not reflected in the survey. A second jurisdiction stated that data for invalid or rejected registrations is only collected through its online registration system, which was implemented on 9/7/2012. Another jurisdiction noted that it did not keep statistics on registration sources for invalid or rejected registration within this specified time period. A fourth jurisdiction commented, "A9j: The sum of A7j, A8j and A9j do not equal A6j because these are not tracked in our EMIS but are kept track manually, so they do not show up anywhere else." A fifth jurisdiction reported that its system does not track this information. A sixth jurisdiction commented that its responses to questions A7 through A9 are best estimates. One jurisdiction stated, "For A5e if the registration form is invalid or rejected it does not get put into DIMS and therefore cannot be counted. When this happens we send the applicant a new registration form requesting the missing or rejected information." A different jurisdiction stated that its response to A9k reflects affidavits that could not be processed for various reasons and out-of-county affidavits that were forwarded to the appropriate election offices. One jurisdiction stated that it was unable to source the majority of its invalid registration. In addition, it is likely that a majority of this jurisdiction's miscellaneous forms are from individual voters, but it is unable to trace the source. Another jurisdiction reported that approximately 40% of its VRC are invalid until it receives the required information from the voter and/or other sources.
Idaho	The Idaho Statewide Voter Registration System does not track how the registration forms are received by the County Clerks. Also, Idaho Code does not allow registration cards to be submitted via the Internet or email. Idaho is exempt from the NVRA because of Election Day Registration, so there are no cards from any of the agencies that NVRA requires.
Louisiana	In all jurisdictions, for question e, the number of applications received and marked PA are reported. The Department of State does not track the method of receipt of the registration applications by the public assistance offices.
Missouri	One jurisdiction indicated that these data are not recorded in the voter registration database but are tracked by LEA.
North Dakota	North Dakota does not have voter registration.
New Mexico	One jurisdiction commented, "NVRA/PSR REPORTS."

New York	New York County also includes Bronx County, Kings County, Queens County, and Richmond County data.
Oregon	All jurisdictions indicated they do not track this information.
Puerto Rico	“Puerto Rico is exempt from NVRA like the rest of the territories.”
South Carolina	All jurisdictions indicated that invalid registrations are not tracked.
Vermont	One jurisdiction commented, “Information was entered on HAVA. Entered on ‘session statistics.’” Another jurisdiction reported that it had a discrepancy of two cases due to pre-registration under the age of 18. A third jurisdiction indicated that its new applications are not broken down into these categories.
West Virginia	All jurisdictions reported that when entering a new registration into the Statewide Voter Registration System, staff may choose one of the following sources of receipt: mail, in person at the election office, agency, and other. It is also possible that some registrations were entered without a value for the registration source, hence the other category ‘No Value.’ The ‘agency,’ includes totals for such sources as motor vehicle offices and public assistance offices, and the ‘Other’ category includes totals for such sources as registration drives.

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Table 3. Applications Processed

State	Election Juris. in Survey	Reported Registration	Registration Forms Received		Change of Address, etc. Within Jurisdiction			Duplicate Applications			Invalid or Rejected Applications		
		2012	2010 to 2012	Cases	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.
Alabama	67	3,162,135	1,605,409	66	1,297,476	66	80.8	336	9	0.0	1,290	37	0.1
Alaska	1	579,304	249,863	1	132,906	1	53.2	55,842	1	22.3	5,932	1	2.4
Arizona	15	3,725,362	1,946,771	15	1,162,250	15	59.7	176,186	13	9.1	32,028	13	1.6
Arkansas	75	1,610,364	568,631	75	353,978	75	62.3	19	50	0.0	5,237	53	0.9
California	58	18,996,338	5,098,027	56	1,057,448	44	20.7	410,858	48	8.1	269,590	40	5.3
Colorado	64	3,651,091	2,063,275	64	805,044	64	39.0	106,377	64	5.2	7,824	64	0.4
Connecticut	169	2,202,278	427,323	169	149,637	169	35.0		0	.....		0	.....
Delaware	3	632,805	252,649	3	95,456	3	37.8	12,128	3	4.8	3,081	3	1.2
District of Columbia	1	557,774	145,814	1	71,805	1	49.2	587	1	0.4	389	1	0.3
Florida	67	11,934,446	1,605,488	67		0	.....	16,033	65	1.0	93,132	67	5.8
Georgia	159	6,050,050	797,396	159		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Hawaii	4	705,668	184,867	4	62,776	4	34.0	42,915	4	23.2	8,572	1	4.6
Idaho*	44	895,834	413,337	44	199,687	44	48.3		0	.....		0	.....
Illinois	110	8,116,660	2,065,485	110	504,452	109	24.4	74,498	110	3.6	38,253	109	1.9
Indiana	92	4,562,268	2,085,483	92	713,960	92	34.2	88,146	92	4.2	896,523	92	43.0
Iowa	99	2,236,068	2,534,566	99	1,922,855	99	75.9	202,681	99	8.0	138,216	99	5.5
Kansas	105	1,771,252	615,146	105	552,877	105	89.9		0	.....		0	.....
Kentucky	120	3,037,153	1,183,054	120	0	120	0.0	0	120	0.0	97,002	120	8.2
Louisiana	64	2,965,751	1,246,033	64	360,726	64	28.9	20,170	64	1.6	31,799	64	2.6
Maine	500	1,026,086	252,356	500	72,774	500	28.8	5,292	500	2.1	1,406	500	0.6
Maryland	24	3,694,658	2,678,449	24	1,344,754	24	50.2	17,315	24	0.6	2,077	24	0.1
Massachusetts	351	4,340,000	1,557,538	351	999,817	351	64.2	106,631	351	6.8	121,702	351	7.8
Michigan	83	7,454,553	2,775,388	83	826,405	83	29.8	412,072	83	14.8	4,176	83	0.2
Minnesota*	87	3,387,783	1,282,404	87	417,916	87	32.6	128,227	87	10.0	432	87	0.0
Mississippi	64	1,399,209	276,582	58	144,279	44	52.2	7,075	18	2.6	4,290	39	1.6
Missouri	116	4,191,778	1,285,207	116	2,436,576	115	189.6	3,394	4	0.3	47,829	108	3.7
Montana	56	681,608	246,737	56	119,989	56	48.6	3,661	56	1.5	837	56	0.3
Nebraska	93	1,163,871	452,455	93	303,347	93	67.0	15,069	93	3.3	458	93	0.1
Nevada	17	1,258,409	490,085	17	190,168	17	38.8	42,982	14	8.8	9,748	15	2.0
New Hampshire*	320	878,136	680,241	320	426,489	320	62.7	2,284	320	0.3	0	320	0.0
New Jersey	21	5,415,639	1,211,041	21	183,921	21	15.2	2,576	21	0.2	42,513	21	3.5
New Mexico	33	1,252,438	413,241	33	237,843	33	57.6	1,200	5	0.3	15,330	6	3.7
New York	58	11,720,541	1,019,746	47	890,734	58	87.3	142,535	58	14.0	66,493	58	6.5
North Carolina	100	6,655,291	2,652,104	100	985,884	100	37.2	393,337	100	14.8	50,635	100	1.9
North Dakota*	53	545,020		0		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Ohio	88	7,987,697	3,182,442	88	980,032	79	30.8	389,381	85	12.2	74,887	71	2.4
Oklahoma	77	2,114,489	563,770	77	282,522	77	50.1	2,421	77	0.4	0	0	.....
Oregon	36	2,199,360	800,425	36		0	.....	1,236	36	0.2		0	.....
Pennsylvania	67	8,352,342	3,246,470	67	1,342,646	67	41.4	210,903	67	6.5	18,208	67	0.6
Rhode Island	39	725,309	119,435	39	39,879	39	33.4		0	.....		0	.....
South Carolina	46	2,875,121	1,426,202	46	1,170,757	46	82.1		0	.....		0	.....
South Dakota	66	523,410	108,178	52	20,223	38	18.7	3,830	38	3.5	41	38	0.0
Tennessee	95	4,024,960	843,366	95	100,813	26	12.0	58,000	90	6.9	33,978	63	4.0
Texas	254	13,690,729		0	2,590,404	254	.....	100,363	254	.....	2,860,942	254	.....
Utah	29	1,508,372	1,196,390	29	939,462	29	78.5	13,610	29	1.1	7,492	29	0.6
Vermont	246	460,817	65,582	219	10,253	177	15.6	2,984	188	4.6	438	172	0.7
Virginia	134	5,428,091	3,020,073	134		0	.....	167,893	134	5.6	14,159	132	0.5
Washington	39	3,904,959	1,129,472	39	162,235	17	14.4	116,939	30	10.4	14,301	25	1.3
West Virginia	55	1,246,559	289,545	55	3,667	55	1.3	2,577	55	0.9	362	38	0.1
Wisconsin*	3,541	3,987,248	1,083,046	3,541	263,701	3,541	24.3	25,944	3,541	2.4	550	3,541	0.1
Wyoming*	23	240,438	93,359	23	44,124	23	47.3		0	.....		0	.....
American Samoa*	1	17,764	7,730	1	462	1	6.0	0	1	0.0	0	1	0.0
Guam*	1	50,701	5,168	1	930	1	18.0		0	.....		0	.....
Puerto Rico*	1	2,402,941	2,989,120	1	517,434	1	17.3	96,626	1	3.2		0	.....
Virgin Islands*	0												
Sum of Above	8,131	194,198,928	62,531,964	7,763	27,493,773	7,448	44.0	3,683,133	7,103	5.9	5,022,152	7,056	8.0
States Included		54	52		49			45			42		
Question		A1	A5a		A5f			A5d			A5e		

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Table 3. Applications Processed

State	New "pre" Registration Applications			Change of Address, etc. Cross Jurisdictions			Other Applications			New Registrants Added to Voter List		% of App. Rec'd.	% of Report. Reg.	Not Categorized Balance: (See Notes)	
	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.	Total	Cases	Pct.	2010 to 2012	Cases			Total	Pct.
Alabama		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	347,494	66	21.6	11.0	(41,187)	(2.6)
Alaska		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	55,183	1	22.1	9.5	0	0.0
Arizona	222	7	0.0	0	2	0.0		0	.....	576,085	15	29.6	15.5	0	0.0
Arkansas		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	209,397	75	36.8	13.0	0	0.0
California	15,488	29	0.3	80,863	32	1.6	671,644	27	13.2	2,111,659	51	41.4	11.1	480,477	9.4
Colorado	7,847	64	0.4	276,771	64	13.4	401,089	64	19.4	458,323	64	22.2	12.6	0	0.0
Connecticut	327	169	0.1		0	.....		0	.....	277,025	169	64.8	12.6	334	0.1
Delaware	6,742	3	2.7	7,153	3	2.8	56,908	3	22.5	71,181	3	28.2	11.2	0	0.0
District of Columbia	478	1	0.3		0	.....	0	1	0.0	72,555	1	49.8	13.0	0	0.0
Florida	71,292	67	4.4		0	.....	39,651	67	2.5	1,385,380	67	86.3	11.6	0	0.0
Georgia	28,989	159	3.6		0	.....		0	.....	768,407	159	96.4	12.7	0	0.0
Hawaii	3,339	4	1.8		0	.....	8,461	3	4.6	58,804	4	31.8	8.3	0	0.0
Idaho*		0	.....	16,223	44	3.9	111,915	44	27.1	85,512	44	20.7	9.5	0	0.0
Illinois		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	996,607	110	48.3	12.3	451,675	21.9
Indiana	32,256	92	1.5		0	.....		0	.....	354,598	92	17.0	7.8	0	0.0
Iowa	558	99	0.0	111,239	99	4.4		0	.....	159,017	99	6.3	7.1	0	0.0
Kansas		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	235,322	105	38.3	13.3	(173,053)	(28.1)
Kentucky	0	120	0.0	0	120	0.0	718,735	120	60.8	367,227	120	31.0	12.1	90	0.0
Louisiana	16,797	64	1.3		0	.....	440,732	64	35.4	375,809	64	30.2	12.7	0	0.0
Maine	1,022	500	0.4	69,697	500	27.6	18,824	500	7.5	83,341	500	33.0	8.1	0	0.0
Maryland	32,635	24	1.2	184,415	24	6.9		0	.....	408,588	24	15.3	11.1	688,665	25.7
Massachusetts		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	436,019	351	28.0	10.0	(106,631)	(6.8)
Michigan	20,509	83	0.7		0	.....		0	.....	1,512,220	83	54.5	20.3	6	0.0
Minnesota*	4,190	87	0.3	248,002	87	19.3		0	.....	483,637	87	37.7	14.3	0	0.0
Mississippi	16,524	40	6.0	875	9	0.3	5,975	7	2.2	151,026	56	54.6	10.8	(53,462)	(19.3)
Missouri	174	1	0.0	134,749	109	10.5	6,148	3	0.5	518,995	116	40.4	12.4	(1,862,658)	(144.9)
Montana	3,065	56	1.2	44,053	56	17.9		0	.....	75,132	56	30.5	11.0	0	0.0
Nebraska		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	133,552	93	29.5	11.5	29	0.0
Nevada	7,432	17	1.5	0	14	0.0	0	17	0.0	239,755	17	48.9	19.1	0	0.0
New Hampshire*	47	320	0.0	77,820	320	11.4	0	320	0.0	173,601	320	25.5	19.8	0	0.0
New Jersey	2,635	21	0.2	326,412	21	27.0	198,724	21	16.4	451,684	21	37.3	8.3	2,576	0.2
New Mexico	31	4	0.0	28,213	33	6.8	17,784	2	4.3	125,553	33	30.4	10.0	(12,713)	(3.1)
New York		0	.....	375,076	57	36.8		0	.....	1,261,747	58	123.7	10.8	(1,716,839)	(168.4)
North Carolina	95,107	100	3.6		0	.....		0	.....	1,127,141	100	42.5	16.9	0	0.0
North Dakota*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio	9,561	35	0.3	276,437	26	8.7	421,281	47	13.2	1,000,018	88	31.4	12.5	30,845	1.0
Oklahoma		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	278,827	77	49.5	13.2	0	0.0
Oregon	22,110	36	2.8		0	.....	531,764	36	66.4	245,315	36	30.6	11.2	0	0.0
Pennsylvania	0	67	0.0	538,267	67	16.6	0	67	0.0	640,555	67	19.7	7.7	495,891	15.3
Rhode Island	2,387	39	2.0		0	.....	0	39	0.0	77,169	39	64.6	10.6	0	0.0
South Carolina		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	255,445	46	17.9	8.9	0	0.0
South Dakota	21	38	0.0	329	38	0.3	987	66	0.9	62,208	38	57.5	11.9	20,539	19.0
Tennessee	1,230	1	0.1	4,572	3	0.5	45,885	1	5.4	598,888	95	71.0	14.9	0	0.0
Texas	13,695	254	.....	460,550	254	.....		0	.....	2,159,391	254	.....	15.8	.....	.....
Utah		0	.....	18,169	27	1.5		0	.....	217,657	29	18.2	14.4	0	0.0
Vermont	380	186	0.6	2,757	159	4.2	266	20	0.4	44,040	209	67.2	9.6	4,464	6.8
Virginia		0	.....		0	.....	2,273,576	134	75.3	564,445	134	18.7	10.4	0	0.0
Washington	21,826	23	1.9	116,664	33	10.3		0	.....	697,507	39	61.8	17.9	0	0.0
West Virginia	0	55	0.0		0	.....	169,641	55	58.6	113,298	55	39.1	9.1	0	0.0
Wisconsin*	62	3,541	0.0	343,251	3,541	31.7		0	.....	449,538	3,541	41.5	11.3	0	0.0
Wyoming*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	49,235	23	52.7	20.5	0	0.0
American Samoa*	0	1	0.0	0	1	0.0	3,843	1	49.7	3,425	1	44.3	19.3	0	0.0
Guam*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	4,238	1	82.0	8.4	0	0.0
Puerto Rico*		0	.....		0	.....	2,140,339	1	71.6	234,721	1	7.9	9.8	0	0.0
Virgin Islands*															
Sum of Above	438,978	6,407	0.7	3,742,557	5,743	6.0	8,284,172	1,730	13.2	23,843,496	7,997	38.1	12.3	(9,976,297)	(16.0)
States Included	37			28			27			53				19	
Question	A5c			A5g			A5h-I			A5b				calc	

TABLE 3. APPLICATIONS PROCESSED

Question A5: Registration applications by type of application

Notes from States:

Arizona	One jurisdiction stated that its numbers may differ due to a mass street file project that it has worked on for the last four years. Another jurisdiction commented, “For A5c, we did receive a total of 266 ‘pre’ registrations through the November 2010 to November 2012 time period for persons under 18. However, those individuals were eligible and active to participate by the November 2012 General Election and are therefore considered ‘New valid registrations’ and part of that A 5b total. We do not track any ‘New ‘pre’ registrations of persons under age 18’ that are not going to be eligible for the next coming General Election. Any voter submitting who would not be 18 and eligible to vote by the next General Election is not keyed into the system as ‘active’ and therefore not tracked.” A third jurisdiction stated that it cannot separate MVD and Internet for A5d.
California	One jurisdiction commented that A5f and A5g are included in A5d. Another jurisdiction stated, “Forms received for address changes that cross jurisdiction borders (A5g) are included in the total for new valid registrations (A5b). Data for A5e, Invalid or rejected (other than duplicates) was only collected for and through the online voter registration system which was implemented on 9/17/2012. Data not available for all other registration forms received from all other sources.” A third jurisdiction noted that for A5h statewide on-line registration is not broken down between new registrations and duplicates of existing valid registrations. A fourth jurisdiction stated, “For A5e if the registration form is invalid or rejected it does not get put into DIMS and therefore cannot be counted. When this happens we send the applicant a new registration form requesting the missing or rejected information. A5f is left blank because we include all these reasons under re-registration and don’t distinguish between them.” A fifth jurisdiction stated “1) County claims that A5a being more than 50% of A1a is the correct number 2) Data for A5b-A5g is not available due to the transaction-based operation and historical tracking ability of the voter registration system.” A sixth jurisdiction commented that the under 18 years old category is not an aggregate due to those under 18 becoming eligible by Election Day. Another jurisdiction stated that its policy is to hold registration cards until the voter reaches age 18; the exception is for voters who turn 18 after the 15-day close of registration but before Election Day, who are keyed in as needed. One jurisdiction stated that A5e is pending.
Colorado	For all jurisdictions, the numbers provided in response to A5e and A9 include incomplete or pending applications where the elector failed to provide required information to complete the application.
Connecticut	For all jurisdictions, A5f includes changes of address that cross jurisdiction borders.
Delaware	For all jurisdictions, the 16 year old pre-registration program began January 1, 2012.
Iowa	In response to A5a, all jurisdictions stated that they included duplicate registration forms and changes in registration information received during this cycle. To gather this data, each jurisdiction included all registration changes received from any source, which includes party changes from the Iowa caucuses and the primary and general elections as well as registration changes made on absentee ballot request forms during the time period.
Idaho	Idaho implemented a Closed Primary in 2012. This required voters to select a party affiliation prior to voting in the Primary Election, thus some voters submitted a new voter registration card to the County Clerk’s Office. Therefore, A5f includes Party Affiliation Changes due to the newly implemented Closed Primary. A5h are changes made to voter records by the County Clerk. These changes are due to Reapportionment, which only occurs every 10 years, and E-911 Re-Addressing. A5i are changes to a voter’s registration status, which are usually due to mis-cancellation and changing a voter’s status back to Active.
Kentucky	Nine jurisdictions reported that their A5a values are correct; these are high due to a high number of voters being redistricted within the jurisdiction
Massachusetts	All jurisdictions were unable to accurately calculate the total number of registration forms received as the statewide database only captures those that are processed, and cannot include any forms that were rejected because they were incomplete or when an applicant submitted multiple forms in the same time period that were rejected as duplicates or as incomplete.

Maryland	It was not uncommon this election cycle to receive four or more forms from a voter. Additionally, the numbers represent the number of changes, not the number of forms.
Maine	One jurisdiction noted, “Orono is a college town which had numerous voter registration drives.”
Michigan	For all jurisdictions, A5b reflects voters who registered for the first time in Michigan and voters who moved from one jurisdiction to another in Michigan.
Missouri	The statewide database does not report this data in the same manner as requested by these series of questions. Address changes and name changes are not processed as new registrations but are a large part of workflow. Missouri went through the redistricting process during the last election cycle; as a result of that process Af numbers will be inflated to reflect this process.
Mississippi	One jurisdiction commented, “A5f - Continuous work on non-standard addresses.”
North Dakota	North Dakota does not have voter registration.
New Hampshire	New Hampshire uses Voter Registration forms for Name, Party, and Address Changes.
New Mexico	One jurisdiction commented, “A5h included because these are processed with the other mail.” A second jurisdiction commented, “Registrant Search results - PSR Report - Activity statistics Report.”
New York	New York County also includes Bronx County, Kings County, Queens County, and Richmond County data.
Ohio	13 jurisdictions commented, “Per vendor’s report.”
Oregon	Oregon does not track A5e.
Pennsylvania	Five jurisdictions had E-911 readdressing changes that occurred between November 2010 and November 2012, which is why A5a exceeds more than 50% of A1a.
Puerto Rico	Puerto Rico does not have midterm elections. The new registrations provided are for the term 2008-2012.
South Carolina	The number used for Total Registration Forms received is more accurately described as changes to voter records. Most times, a change to a voter record is the result of a new voter registration application or a change of address form being received. However, redistricting would also result in a change to a voter record, and SC conducted redistricting in 2011-2012. The number used for “new valid” are only new registrations received.
Tennessee	One jurisdiction noted that, for A5h, changes of address are generally within jurisdiction; it uses a “moved out of county” for outside border moves.
Vermont	One jurisdiction noted that the total does not include innumerable number of address changes. Another jurisdiction stated A5e was a postcard from the Secretary of State’s Office inquiring on behalf of someone else about whether they were on the checklist, and if they were not, to send them information on how to register. A third jurisdiction stated that breakdowns are not done on system. A fourth jurisdiction commented that all duplicates were DMV. A fifth jurisdiction noted that these numbers are incomplete due to most personnel not tracking how many forms were duplicates or rejected; if they did not enter the voter, they did not count it. Another jurisdiction commented that these data are firmly verifiable only in the aggregate, given the transition at the clerk position this year. One jurisdiction stated that A5f is a larger-than-normal number; it changed the emergency numbering address system for the entire town, and these numbers reflect the change.
Wisconsin	All jurisdictions noted that for question A5d, this total includes approved and denied duplicates. For questions A5f & A5g jurisdiction refers to municipality. There were 13065 registrations whose address could not be related to a particular reporting unit. Registrations from MyVote.wi.gov were only included if the voter submitted the paper form to the election office to be processed.
West Virginia	Three jurisdictions commented that the high number of address changes is due to an increased effort in list maintenance.

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 4a. Voter List Maintenance: Confirmation Notices

State	Election Juris. in Survey	Total Registration 2012	Confirmation Notices Sent		% of Reported Registration	Received confirmation from voter			Received confirmation invalid			Returned undeliverable		
			Total	Cases		Total	Cases	% of Notices	Total	Cases	% of Notices	Total	Cases	% of Notices
Alabama	67	3,162,135		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Alaska	1	579,304	29,452	1	5.1	819	1	2.8		0	.....		0	.....
Arizona	15	3,725,362	3,649,241	15	98.0	168,848	15	4.6	81,859	14	2.2	941,211	14	25.8
Arkansas	75	1,610,364	347,904	71	21.6	155,517	69	44.7	1,032	2	0.3	522	1	0.2
California	58	18,996,338	853,647	37	4.5	169,659	29	19.9	65,977	28	7.7	43,185	27	5.1
Colorado	64	3,651,091	1,301,833	64	35.7	608,408	64	46.7		0	.....		0	.....
Connecticut	169	2,202,278	136,399	169	6.2		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Delaware	3	632,805	64,447	3	10.2	25,744	3	39.9	38,631	3	59.9	48	3	0.1
District of Columbia	1	557,774	82,051	1	14.7	729	1	0.9	0	1	0.0	957	1	1.2
Florida	67	11,934,446	838,948	67	7.0	133,684	64	15.9	30,824	61	3.7	237,509	61	28.3
Georgia	159	6,050,050	6	159	0.0	3	159	50.0		0	.....		0	.....
Hawaii	4	705,668	38,137	4	5.4	4,939	4	13.0		0	.....		0	.....
Idaho*	44	895,834	30,365	44	3.4		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Illinois	110	8,116,660	839,557	110	10.3	155,906	110	18.6	213,316	108	25.4	343,981	109	41.0
Indiana	92	4,562,268		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Iowa	99	2,236,068	121,768	99	5.4		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Kansas	105	1,771,252	263,197	86	14.9	41,989	87	16.0		0	.....	23,698	66	9.0
Kentucky	120	3,037,153		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Louisiana	64	2,965,751		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Maine	500	1,026,086	45,306	500	4.4	3,633	500	8.0	6,312	500	13.9	4,136	500	9.1
Maryland	24	3,694,658	523,870	24	14.2	5,432	24	1.0	34,724	24	6.6		0	.....
Massachusetts	351	4,340,000	751,084	351	17.3		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Michigan	83	7,454,553	310,098	83	4.2	15,119	83	4.9	28,426	83	9.2	92,893	83	30.0
Minnesota*	87	3,387,783		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Mississippi	64	1,399,209	43,865	50	3.1	2,733	18	6.2	746	13	1.7	4,609	18	10.5
Missouri	116	4,191,778	429,726	116	10.3	71,659	115	16.7	17,176	113	4.0	51,592	27	12.0
Montana	56	681,608	121,358	56	17.8	13,765	56	11.3	12,585	56	10.4	20,256	56	16.7
Nebraska	93	1,163,871	152,028	93	13.1	78,571	93	51.7		0	.....		0	.....
Nevada	17	1,258,409	196,869	11	15.6	6,417	8	3.3	2,689	8	1.4	3,325	8	1.7
New Hampshire*	320	878,136	0	320	0.0	0	320	.....	0	320	.....	0	320	.....
New Jersey	21	5,415,639	326,932	21	6.0	59,228	21	18.1	503	21	0.2	6,419	21	2.0
New Mexico	33	1,252,438	182,917	33	14.6	182	2	0.1		0	.....	10,784	3	5.9
New York	58	11,720,541	201,583	57	1.7	10,353	57	5.1		0	.....		0	.....
North Carolina	100	6,655,291	811,632	100	12.2		0	.....		0	.....	448,293	100	55.2
North Dakota*	53	545,020		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Ohio	88	7,987,697	1,494,495	74	18.7	235,540	61	15.8	60,497	42	4.0	156,654	53	10.5
Oklahoma	77	2,114,489	211,245	77	10.0	36,802	77	17.4	1,317	77	0.6	75,321	77	35.7
Oregon	36	2,199,360	262,952	36	12.0		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Pennsylvania	67	8,352,342	387,635	67	4.6	49,316	67	12.7	5,770	67	1.5	74,887	67	19.3
Rhode Island	39	725,309		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
South Carolina	46	2,875,121		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
South Dakota	66	523,410	21,850	66	4.2	1,001	66	4.6	576	65	2.6	9,703	66	44.4
Tennessee	95	4,024,960	403,554	95	10.0	141,390	92	35.0	2,775	30	0.7	81,294	33	20.1
Texas	254	13,690,729	635,330	254	4.6	587,396	254	92.5	17,803	254	2.8		0	.....
Utah	29	1,508,372	81,637	29	5.4	67,373	29	82.5		0	.....	14,219	29	17.4
Vermont	246	460,817	32,518	163	7.1	3,624	123	11.1	4,736	124	14.6	5,321	122	16.4
Virginia	134	5,428,091	686,668	134	12.7	142,833	134	20.8		0	.....	157,241	134	22.9
Washington	39	3,904,959	557,243	29	14.3	107,972	22	19.4	58,818	15	10.6	51,092	20	9.2
West Virginia	55	1,246,559		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Wisconsin*	3,541	3,987,248		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Wyoming*	23	240,438	31,246	19	13.0	4,680	18	15.0		0	.....		0	.....
American Samoa*	1	17,764	1,627	1	9.2	1,127	1	69.3	0	1	0.0	500	1	30.7
Guam*	1	50,701	5,757	1	11.4		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Puerto Rico*	1	2,402,941		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Virgin Islands*	0													
Sum of Above	8,131	194,198,928	17,507,977	3,790	9.0	3,112,391	2,847	17.8	687,092	2,030	3.9	2,859,650	2,020	16.3
States Included		54	43			36			25			28		
Question		A1	A10a			A10b			A10c			A10d		

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 4a. Voter List Maintenance: Confirmation Notices

State	Status Unknown			Other			Not Categorized Balance: (See Notes)	
	Total	Cases	% of Notices	Total	Cases	% of Notices	Total	Pct.
Alabama		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Alaska		0	.....		0	.....	28,633	97.2
Arizona	2,450,868	14	67.2	6,455	1	0.2	0	0.0
Arkansas	190,481	69	54.8		0	.....	352	0.1
California	359,798	28	42.1	25,317	6	3.0	189,711	22.2
Colorado	461,841	64	35.5		0	.....	231,584	17.8
Connecticut		0	.....	62,284	169	45.7	74,115	54.3
Delaware	14	3	0.0		0	.....	10	0.0
District of Columbia	80,365	1	97.9		0	.....	0	0.0
Florida	328,606	65	39.2	23,293	32	2.8	85,032	10.1
Georgia	3	159	50.0	0	159	0.0	0	0.0
Hawaii	24,217	2	63.5		0	.....	8,981	23.5
Idaho*		0	.....		0	.....	30,365	100.0
Illinois		0	.....		0	.....	126,354	15.1
Indiana		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Iowa	121,768	99	100.0		0	.....	0	0.0
Kansas		0	.....	19,214	84	7.3	178,296	67.7
Kentucky		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Louisiana		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Maine	27,975	500	61.7	3,250	500	7.2	0	0.0
Maryland		0	.....	483,714	24	92.3	0	0.0
Massachusetts		0	.....		0	.....	751,084	100.0
Michigan	173,660	83	56.0		0	.....	0	0.0
Minnesota*		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Mississippi	6,396	16	14.6	1,241	1	2.8	28,140	64.2
Missouri	32,683	20	7.6	15,173	2	3.5	241,443	56.2
Montana	74,046	56	61.0	573	4	0.5	133	0.1
Nebraska		0	.....		0	.....	73,457	48.3
Nevada	6,093	8	3.1	1,375	17	0.7	176,970	89.9
New Hampshire*	0	320	.....	0	320	.....	.....	.....
New Jersey	260,782	21	79.8		0	.....	0	0.0
New Mexico	851	1	0.5		0	.....	171,100	93.5
New York		0	.....		0	.....	191,230	94.9
North Carolina	315,466	100	38.9	47,873	100	5.9	0	0.0
North Dakota*		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Ohio	920,511	59	61.6	10,554	14	0.7	110,739	7.4
Oklahoma	97,805	77	46.3		0	.....	0	0.0
Oregon		0	.....		0	.....	262,952	100.0
Pennsylvania	256,423	67	66.2	1,239	67	0.3	0	0.0
Rhode Island		0	.....	0	39	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
South Dakota	7,945	65	36.4	4	66	0.0	2,621	12.0
Tennessee	177,294	90	43.9		0	.....	801	0.2
Texas	30,131	254	4.7		0	.....	0	0.0
Utah		0	.....		0	.....	45	0.1
Vermont	14,094	118	43.3	196	14	0.6	4,547	14.0
Virginia		0	.....		0	.....	386,594	56.3
Washington	339,361	27	60.9		0	.....	0	0.0
West Virginia		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Wisconsin*		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Wyoming*	25,415	19	81.3		0	.....	1,151	3.7
American Samoa*	0	1	0.0	0	1	0.0	0	0.0
Guam*		0	.....		0	.....	5,757	100.0
Puerto Rico*		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Virgin Islands*								
Sum of Above	6,784,892	2,406	38.8	701,755	1,620	4.0	3,362,197	19.2
States Included	30			20			28	
Question	A10e			A10f-h			calc	

TABLE 4A. VOTER LIST MAINTENANCE—CONFIRMATION NOTICES

Question A10. Confirmation notices sent to voters by states

Notes from States:

Arizona	One jurisdiction commented, “This includes notices that might have been delivered and received by the voter because they are at the address on file and didn’t require any action by the voters. For A 10e, due to redistricting, a mass ‘confirmation’ mailing (Voter ID card mailing) was sent to all voters on file in 2012 and the total noted in A10e is indicative of that. For A10, the grand total noted (3,383,136) reflects all ‘confirmation’ notices sent between the 2 year periods requested (November 2010 election through November 2012 election) and is indicative of the fact that a given voter on file may very well have been sent a confirmation mailing in both 2010 and in 2012 and this is why the total exceeds the number of persons in our jurisdiction who were registered and eligible to vote in the November 2012 general election, as shown in A 1a (2,191,522).”
California	One jurisdiction indicated that it tracks 8D2 cards (address confirmation cards), but no data is available to separate these into categories. Two jurisdictions indicated this data was unavailable. Another jurisdiction commented that it can only find these by reason code, so if the person has registered since then, it will show up. A fifth jurisdiction indicated that though it had sent notices to those who have not voted in at least two previous federal elections, it did not make any of these voters inactive. A sixth jurisdiction reported for A10b that the notice sent to these voters did not request returning the card if the voter still resided at the address printed on the card. Another jurisdiction indicated that during this time period its elections office did not send out Alternate Residency Confirmation cards; instead this jurisdiction sends out address confirmation cards (8D2) based upon NCOA data, Sample Ballot buy-back, undeliverable ballots, and other election materials. A different jurisdiction indicated, “Per stipulated order.” One jurisdiction reported that it does not remove voters under 8D2. Two jurisdictions stated that this information is not collected by their Election Management Systems.
Florida	One jurisdiction indicated that the numbers for the breakdown of question A10a (i.e., A10b through A10h) are all “not applicable.”
Guam	Notice is required by Guam law.
Idaho	37 jurisdictions reported, “The information for 10b through 10e is not tracked by the Statewide Voter Registration System or the counties.” Six jurisdictions stated, “This county did not meet the deadline for purging voters and therefore was not able to complete the purge. The information for 10b through 10e is not tracked by the Statewide Voter Registration System or the counties.” One jurisdiction commented that the Idaho Statewide Voter Registration System does not track how the registration forms are received by the County Clerks.
Louisiana	Confirmation notices are not sent “because the person had not voted or appeared to vote in the two previous federal elections.” They are sent pursuant to 42 USC Sec. 1973gg-6.
Massachusetts	The number of confirmation notices sent could include multiple notices to the same voter during the time period as each city and town in Massachusetts conducts an annual street listing and for those voters who do not respond, a confirmation notice is sent. Furthermore, Massachusetts elections officials are unable to determine those numbers of persons who become “active” from returning the confirmation notice since the updating of a voter status from inactive to active could be because the voter signed a nomination paper, re-registered or voted.
Michigan	All jurisdictions commented, “A10a This question is inaccurately phrased in accordance with NVRA rules. Confirmation notices are not sent out AFTER a voter has not participated in two previous federal elections.”
Minnesota	Minnesota is NVRA exempt.

Missouri	Two jurisdictions indicated they used outside vendors to do the initial mailings for the canvass, so there are Resident Confirmation Notices sent that are not recorded in MCVR as being sent. Another jurisdiction reported that its A10a total does not match A10b through A10e because the undeliverable or the unknown are not in the formula. A third jurisdiction stated that second mailings were sent to those for whom the county had mailing addresses, and most were never returned to the elections office, by neither the post office nor the addressee. Another jurisdiction also reported that not all confirmation notices were returned to the county clerk's office. A fifth jurisdiction indicated none of these data were available. One jurisdiction stated these are the NVRA numbers that were sent and returned in the second mailing.
Mississippi	One jurisdiction indicated that it does not generate its confirmation cards through SEMS, as its Election Commissioners do them manually. Another jurisdiction reported that the election commission routinely sends out confirmation cards after returned jury summons and also works with the NCOA reports as a part of their ongoing maintenance. A third jurisdiction stated that its Election Commissioners did not enter information into SEMS. A fourth jurisdiction commented, "Courthouse burned 1/17/2013."
Montana	One jurisdiction reported that some notices are not returned until one to two years later.
North Carolina	In North Carolina, address confirmation notices are not only sent to voters because the person had not voted or appeared to vote in two previous federal elections, but may also be sent to voters if the person had a non-forwardable verification mailing returned as undeliverable by the U.S. Postal Service.
North Dakota	North Dakota does not have voter registration.
New Hampshire	New Hampshire does not send confirmation notices.
New Mexico	One jurisdiction commented, "NVRA Statistics Report."
New York	New York County also includes Bronx County, Kings County, Queens County, and Richmond County data.
Ohio	Two jurisdictions commented, "County with college students."
Oregon	All jurisdictions reported they do not track removal notices.
Puerto Rico	Puerto Rico does not hold midterm elections. Puerto Rico is exempt from the list maintenance provisions as well as the application of the NVRA.
South Carolina	No confirmation card mailing conducted since 2010 General Election.
Tennessee	One jurisdiction indicated that it is in the process of upgrading voter software and reconfirming mailings, addresses, and address verification/confirmation procedures to comply with new best practice requirements for maintaining records.
Vermont	One jurisdiction commented that it believes "the 30 person discrepancy is partly due to challenged voters coming to the polls to vote and filling out an Affirmation of Residence on Election Day." Another jurisdiction stated the verifiable data was only available in the aggregate due to clerk transition earlier this year. A third jurisdiction indicated that it does not track confirmation notices that are received, only those that are going out. A fourth jurisdiction commented, "Voters I challenged." Two jurisdictions indicated that this information was not currently available. One jurisdiction stated, "Our office prepared 143 notices which were lost when our office suffered catastrophic flooding on August 28, 2011. We were not able to reproduce those notices prior to November 2012." A different jurisdiction indicated, "Due to changes in town offices these totals cannot be easily discovered. HAVA was not used consistently by the previous clerk." Another jurisdiction commented, "Many notices sent during the biennial purge effort in 2011. The data was entered in HAVA and could be counted. The outcome of all of the entries for each "voter" in entered."
West Virginia	All jurisdictions indicated, "No tracking."
Wyoming	All jurisdictions commented, "A10a only reflects those that failed to vote in the 2010 General Election, per W.S. 22-3-115, grounds for removal includes electors who have failed to vote in any general election."

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey
Table 4b. Voter List Maintenance: Removal Actions

State	Election Juris. in Survey	Voters Removed for 2010 to 2012	Cases	% of Rept. Reg.	Removed Due to Moved from Jurisdiction			Removed Due to Death			Removed Due to Failure to Vote			Removed Due to Request of Voter		
					Total	Cases	% of Rem.	Total	Cases	% of Rem.	Total	Cases	% of Rem.	Total	Cases	% of Rem.
Alabama	67	192,417	66	6.1	12,922	66	6.7	64,043	66	33.3	582	32	0.3	152	33	0.1
Alaska	1	26,196	1	4.5	4,140	1	15.8	5,225	1	19.9	15,480	1	59.1	787	1	3.0
Arizona	15	371,893	15	10.0	133,291	15	35.8	66,780	15	18.0	84,054	15	22.6	22,899	15	6.2
Arkansas	75	227,694	75	14.1	20,314	75	8.9	35,422	75	15.6	156,904	75	68.9	1,495	75	0.7
California	58	906,528	55	4.8	437,855	55	48.3	223,441	55	24.6	91,343	42	10.1	33,973	51	3.7
Colorado	64	106,586	64	2.9	40,160	64	37.7	44,908	64	42.1	7,324	64	6.9	7,462	64	7.0
Connecticut	169		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Delaware	3	56,167	3	8.9	9,213	3	16.4	11,551	3	20.6	33,487	3	59.6	164	3	0.3
District of Columbia	1	27,139	1	4.9	7,546	1	27.8	4,546	1	16.8	0	1	0.0	0	1	0.0
Florida	67	42,106	67	0.4	1,523	40	3.6	4,094	64	9.7		0	.....	548	31	1.3
Georgia	159	355,930	159	5.9	27,404	159	7.7	104,717	159	29.4	171,780	159	48.3	1,331	159	0.4
Hawaii	4	46,461	4	6.6	2,643	4	5.7	11,130	4	24.0	29,869	4	64.3	2,634	4	5.7
Idaho*	44	50,744	44	5.7	5,699	44	11.2	8,316	44	16.4	30,365	44	59.8	69	44	0.1
Illinois	110	797,884	110	9.8	264,764	109	33.2	140,990	109	17.7	204,420	109	25.6	27,706	109	3.5
Indiana	92	801,605	92	17.6	13,401	92	1.7	77,517	92	9.7	22,782	92	2.8		0	.....
Iowa	99	130,255	99	5.8	42,496	99	32.6	50,100	99	38.5	31,599	99	24.3	776	99	0.6
Kansas	105	127,679	105	7.2	30,242	105	23.7	38,468	105	30.1	43,818	105	34.3	391	105	0.3
Kentucky	120	127,935	120	4.2	7,454	120	5.8	82,555	120	64.5	23,535	120	18.4	3,983	120	3.1
Louisiana	64	360,325	64	12.1	117,410	64	32.6	52,890	64	14.7	121,744	64	33.8	19,142	64	5.3
Maine	500	186,330	500	18.2	112,849	500	60.6	21,011	500	11.3	30,871	500	16.6	711	500	0.4
Maryland	24	211,002	24	5.7	41,747	24	19.8	63,031	24	29.9	97,188	24	46.1	453	24	0.2
Massachusetts	351	572,263	351	13.2	297,629	351	52.0	79,634	351	13.9	55,978	351	9.8	7,671	351	1.3
Michigan	83	288,236	83	3.9	73,440	83	25.5	166,828	83	57.9	29,638	83	10.3	18,330	83	6.4
Minnesota*	87	269,137	87	7.9	115,129	87	42.8	49,622	87	18.4	102,922	87	38.2		0	.....
Mississippi	64	100,664	60	7.2	22,936	49	22.8	26,486	49	26.3	21,914	35	21.8	3,330	43	3.3
Missouri	116	436,985	116	10.4	155,909	116	35.7	101,947	116	23.3	146,541	116	33.5	9,588	115	2.2
Montana	56	41,663	56	6.1	3,536	56	8.5	10,272	56	24.7	25,744	56	61.8	1,625	56	3.9
Nebraska	93	82,247	93	7.1	26,414	93	32.1	23,573	93	28.7	24,321	93	29.6	514	93	0.6
Nevada	17	137,395	17	10.9	25,130	13	18.3	23,464	13	17.1	65,418	12	47.6	11,309	13	8.2
New Hampshire*	320	182,008	320	20.7	6,350	320	3.5	12,661	320	7.0	160,721	320	88.3	143	320	0.1
New Jersey	21	319,231	21	5.9	4,054	21	1.3	105,127	21	32.9	118,778	21	37.2	77,840	21	24.4
New Mexico	33	17,915	14	1.4	1,941	11	10.8	12,262	12	68.4	1	5	0.0	143	10	0.8
New York	58	914,642	57	7.8	212,740	57	23.3	165,603	57	18.1	266,182	50	29.1	2,063	57	0.2
North Carolina	100	680,450	100	10.2	351,461	100	51.7	131,505	100	19.3	141,324	100	20.8	1,437	100	0.2
North Dakota*	53		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Ohio	88	954,534	85	12.0	141,556	84	14.8	162,527	84	17.0	492,514	81	51.6	9,238	83	1.0
Oklahoma	77	246,474	77	11.7	79,862	77	32.4	41,975	77	17.0	110,098	77	44.7	768	77	0.3
Oregon	36	163,895	36	7.5	13,249	36	8.1	46,506	36	28.4	89,496	36	54.6	14,096	36	8.6
Pennsylvania	67	880,395	67	10.5	327,873	67	37.2	174,811	67	19.9	364,557	67	41.4	2,366	67	0.3
Rhode Island	39	41,844	39	5.8	2,633	39	6.3	8,919	39	21.3	27,356	39	65.4	646	39	1.5
South Carolina	46	195,844	46	6.8	12,001	46	6.1	49,199	46	25.1		0	.....	43	46	0.0
South Dakota	66	38,068	66	7.3	12,438	66	32.7	7,214	66	19.0	9,567	66	25.1	1,267	66	3.3
Tennessee	95	385,282	95	9.6	100,193	95	26.0	80,393	95	20.9	174,493	94	45.3	16,423	95	4.3
Texas	254		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Utah	29	43,919	29	2.9	392	29	0.9	1,176	23	2.7	0	29	0.0		0	.....
Vermont	246	37,530	202	8.1	14,755	186	39.3	5,272	188	14.0	6,677	154	17.8	2,340	109	6.2
Virginia	134	530,817	134	9.8	229,045	134	43.1	81,994	134	15.4	103,930	134	19.6	8,317	134	1.6
Washington	39	299,779	39	7.7	131,332	39	43.8	61,226	39	20.4	69,898	26	23.3	22,754	37	7.6
West Virginia	55	70,174	55	5.6		0	.....	26,300	55	37.5	25,191	55	35.9	30	44	0.0
Wisconsin*	3,541	580,532	3,541	14.6	13,952	3,541	2.4	97,147	3,541	16.7	261,368	3,541	45.0	1,163	3,541	0.2
Wyoming*	23	33,129	23	13.8	225	16	0.7	331	21	1.0	32,534	23	98.2	16	8	0.0
American Samoa*	1	321	1	1.8		0	.....	147	1	45.8		0	.....		0	.....
Guam*	1		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Puerto Rico*	1		0	.....		0	.....	87,309	1	.....		0	.....		0	.....
Virgin Islands*	0															
Sum of Above	8,131	13,698,249	7,578	7.1	3,709,248	7,452	27.1	2,952,165	7,535	21.6	4,124,306	7,304	30.1	338,136	7,146	2.5
States Included		49			47			50			46			45		
Question		A11a			A11b			A11c			A11e			A11g		

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Table 4b. Voter List Maintenance: Removal Actions

State	Removed Due to Felony Conviction			Removed Due to Mental Incompetence			Removed Due to Other Reasons			Not Categorized Balance: (See Notes)	
	Total	Cases	% of Rem.	Total	Cases	% of Rem.	Total	Cases	% of Rem.	Total	Pct.
Alabama	4,840	66	2.5	191	23	1.5	8,922	66	4.6	100,765	52.4
Alaska	0	1	0.0	0	1	0.0	564	1	2.2	0	0.0
Arizona	16,598	15	4.5	331	14	0.2	47,926	14	12.9	14	0.0
Arkansas	4,372	75	1.9	83	74	0.4	8,504	73	3.7	600	0.3
California	15,887	55	1.8	697	46	0.2	103,332	33	11.4	0	0.0
Colorado	4,964	64	4.7		0	.....	1,768	64	1.7	0	0.0
Connecticut		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Delaware	1,745	3	3.1	0	3	0.0	7	3	0.0	0	0.0
District of Columbia	31	1	0.1	0	1	0.0	15,016	1	55.3	0	0.0
Florida	16,746	67	39.8	35	16	2.3	19,160	64	45.5	0	0.0
Georgia	35,670	159	10.0	193	159	0.7	14,835	159	4.2	0	0.0
Hawaii		0	.....		0	.....	185	4	0.4	0	0.0
Idaho*	882	44	1.7	0	44	0.0	5,291	44	10.4	122	0.2
Illinois		0	.....		0	.....	157,127	109	19.7	2,877	0.4
Indiana	9,835	92	1.2		0	.....	9,133	92	1.1	668,937	83.4
Iowa	5,220	99	4.0	64	99	0.2		0	.....	0	0.0
Kansas	5,536	105	4.3	61	22	0.2	6,761	105	5.3	2,402	1.9
Kentucky	9,463	120	7.4	945	120	12.7		0	.....	0	0.0
Louisiana	17,822	64	4.9	402	64	0.3	30,915	64	8.6	0	0.0
Maine		0	.....		0	.....	20,888	500	11.2	0	0.0
Maryland	4,336	24	2.1	35	24	0.1	4,212	24	2.0	0	0.0
Massachusetts	1,226	351	0.2		0	.....		0	.....	130,125	22.7
Michigan		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	0	0.0
Minnesota*	0	87	0.0	0	87	0.0	1,464	87	0.5	0	0.0
Mississippi	1,065	47	1.1	27	26	0.1	3,859	16	3.8	21,047	20.9
Missouri	18,402	116	4.2	2,267	116	1.5	2,331	27	0.5	0	0.0
Montana	68	56	0.2	2	56	0.1	416	56	1.0	0	0.0
Nebraska	3,126	93	3.8	5	93	0.0	4,294	93	5.2	0	0.0
Nevada	2,132	13	1.6	54	13	0.2	6,429	17	4.7	3,459	2.5
New Hampshire*	45	320	0.0	0	320	0.0	2,088	320	1.1	0	0.0
New Jersey	13,412	21	4.2	20	21	0.5		0	.....	0	0.0
New Mexico	1,185	10	6.6	1	5	0.1	1,783	4	10.0	599	3.3
New York	12,008	57	1.3	336	56	0.2		0	.....	255,710	28.0
North Carolina	19,424	100	2.9		0	.....	35,299	100	5.2	0	0.0
North Dakota*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Ohio	15,228	84	1.6	24	80	0.0	131,427	45	13.8	2,020	0.2
Oklahoma	5,329	77	2.2	67	77	0.1	8,375	77	3.4	0	0.0
Oregon		0	.....		0	.....	548	36	0.3	0	0.0
Pennsylvania		0	.....	226	67	0.1	10,562	67	1.2	0	0.0
Rhode Island	1,343	39	3.2	0	39	0.0	947	39	2.3	0	0.0
South Carolina	14,091	46	7.2		0	.....		0	.....	120,510	61.5
South Dakota	772	66	2.0	3	66	0.0	302	66	0.8	6,505	17.1
Tennessee	13,529	95	3.5	1	1	0.0	246	2	0.1	4	0.0
Texas		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Utah	59	29	0.1		0	.....	42,292	29	96.3	0	0.0
Vermont	62	126	0.2	10	122	0.1	2,589	49	6.9	5,825	15.5
Virginia	18,388	134	3.5	946	134	0.4	88,197	134	16.6	0	0.0
Washington	4,355	39	1.5	258	26	0.2	9,956	39	3.3	0	0.0
West Virginia	360	55	0.5	2	55	.....	18,288	55	26.1	3	0.0
Wisconsin*	9,218	3,541	1.6	99	3,541	0.7	197,585	3,541	34.0	0	0.0
Wyoming*	23	9	0.1		0	.....		0	.....	0	0.0
American Samoa*		0	.....		0	.....	174	1	54.2	0	0.0
Guam*		0	.....		0	.....		0	.....	.....	.....
Puerto Rico*		0	.....	614	1	.....	330,902	1	.....	.....	.....
Virgin Islands*											
Sum of Above	308,797	6,665	2.3	7,999	5,712	0.1	1,354,899	6,321	9.9	902,699	6.6
States Included	42			37			42			18	
Question	A11d			A11f			A11h-k			calc	

TABLE 4B. VOTER LIST MAINTENANCE—REMOVAL ACTIONS

Question A11. Voters removed from the registration rolls by reason for removal

Notes from States:

Alabama	Alabama noted that information reported was produced by the Voter Registration & Election Management System as available to the Office of the Alabama Secretary of State and the responsibility for the accuracy of this data lies with the county elections officials.
Arizona	One county indicated that A11i includes those who filled out a jury questionnaire and marked that they are a felon, not a US citizen, or no longer live in the county. Another county indicated total reported for A11h (later registrations) are cancellations that occurred when two forms made it into the system for the same voter (duplicates) and one of those records was later cancelled. One county indicated A11h includes involuntary cancellations (those who either provided unverifiable proof of United States citizenship or fraudulent address information). One county indicated that cancellations without a category on the survey cancelled for various reasons not listed, such as duplicates (same jurisdiction), invalid residence address, or no correspondence from the voter.
California	One county indicated A11a, the total number of voters removed from the voter registration rolls between the close of registration for the November 2010 general election and the close of registration for the November 2012 general election, exceeds 20% of A1 because they conducted a major clean-up of the voter rolls; another county indicated that A11a has exceeded the 20% threshold, but did not indicate a reason why. One county indicated A11g includes all voters who requested to be removed as they do not keep track of the reason for the request. Another county indicated A11e, failure to respond to notice sent and failure to vote in the two most recent federal elections, includes all notices returned as undeliverable by the post office. Another county indicated A11h, duplicate records, includes voters who were registered in other counties and duplicates found within their county database management system. One county indicated A11d, disqualifying felony conviction, includes both cancellations for Felony Convictions and Mentally Incompetent (i.e., these are grouped together in their reporting system). The number shown in category A11d reflects both of these categories.
Idaho	In Idaho, A11h is the number of registrations cancelled due to a lack of response to the County Clerk for a challenge of a voter's registration. A11i is the number of registrations cancelled due to being a duplicate in the system.
Indiana	Although Indiana does not send the removal notices referenced by the EAC Survey, Indiana provided the number of voter records cancelled due to being in inactive status for more than two Federal General Elections for Question A11e, failure to respond to notice sent and failure to vote in the two most recent federal elections. These statistics represent the majority of cancellations for this reason, based on the county user selecting the option to run this process in batch. However, county users have the option to cancel voters one-by-one for this reason, but those statistics are not included in the counts for Question A11e.
Louisiana	Two counties referred to Hurricane Katrina, but did not provide additional details.
Maryland	Maryland indicated that some responses received are from mailings sent in previous reporting periods.
Maine	Maine indicated that, due to many data clean-up efforts, many towns exceeded the 20% EAC threshold.
Minnesota	Minnesota indicated that voters are not removed for A11d, disqualifying felony conviction, or A11f, declared mentally incompetent, but their status is changed to "challenged." A11e, failure to respond to notice sent and failure to vote in the two most recent federal elections on the survey, includes those who did not vote or update their registration in the prior four years. A11g, voter requests to be removed, is not tracked separately and is included in A11h.
Missouri	Seven counties indicated that the data is recorded from a voter registration database by LEA.
North Dakota	North Dakota does not have voter registration.
New Hampshire	New Hampshire had a 10-year purge in 2011 (RSA654:39).

New Mexico	One county indicated the information requested is not easily extractable from the system. Another county indicated some removable voters had been archived and completed data is not available. Another county simply indicated, “NVRA Statistics Report.”
New York	Four counties indicated their data is included in the New York County data; another county indicated their data includes those four counties.
Pennsylvania	Two counties reported they had not conducted the cancellation process for voters coded as inactive in the past which resulted in a high number of inactive voters cancelled within the date range.
Puerto Rico	Felons and inmates have a right to vote in Puerto Rico.
Vermont	One county indicated that the total number of voters removed from the voter registration in their jurisdiction (A11) was reported as 58, but only 55 were really removed - one was a duplicate entry removed from the checklist, one was removed from the checklist in error and reinstated, and one was removed because they moved to another jurisdiction and then returned. One county reported that some voters were listed on the voter registration rolls twice, so one entry was purged. Another county indicated the number of voters removed because they moved outside of the jurisdiction (A11b) includes those who asked to be removed and those who registered elsewhere. One county indicated HAVA offers an “other” option which previous town clerks had used. One county noted they have two continuing care for the elderly facilities as well as a nursing home which explains the numbers of voters removed due to death (A11c). Another county indicated that, in most cases, the voter is moved to inactive status or purged to the HAVA archive, and all changes have a notated reason for the change in status; however, if there is an error the voter can be returned to active status.
West Virginia	West Virginia indicated an authorized cancellation is often used interchangeably with other categories of removed voters (e.g., a county may label voters cancelled for failure to respond to notices or vote as an “Authorized Cancellation”).
Wyoming	Wyoming indicated that A11e, voters removed due to failure to respond to notice sent and failure to vote in the two most recent federal elections, only reflects those that failed to vote in the 2010 General Election (per W.S. 22-3-115, grounds for removal includes electors who have failed to vote in any general election).

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Table 5. Same Day Registration							
State	Election Juris. in Survey	Reported Registration 2012	Same Day Applications		% of Reported Registration	Total Applications Received	% of Total Application Received
			Total	Cases		2010 to 2012	
Alabama	67	3,162,135		0	0.0	1,605,409	0.0
Alaska	1	579,304	4,828	1	0.8	249,863	1.9
Arizona	15	3,725,362		0	0.0	1,946,771	0.0
Arkansas	75	1,610,364		0	0.0	568,631	0.0
California	58	18,996,338	226,773	30	1.2	5,098,027	4.4
Colorado	64	3,651,091	1,116	64	0.0	2,063,275	0.1
Connecticut	169	2,202,278		0	0.0	427,323	0.0
Delaware	3	632,805		0	0.0	252,649	0.0
District of Columbia	1	557,774	5,387	1	1.0	145,814	3.7
Florida	67	11,934,446		0	0.0	1,605,488	0.0
Georgia	159	6,050,050		0	0.0	797,396	0.0
Hawaii	4	705,668		0	0.0	184,867	0.0
Idaho*	44	895,834	117,861	44	13.2	413,337	28.5
Illinois	110	8,116,660		0	0.0	2,065,485	0.0
Indiana	92	4,562,268		0	0.0	2,085,483	0.0
Iowa	99	2,236,068	66,289	99	3.0	2,534,566	2.6
Kansas	105	1,771,252		0	0.0	615,146	0.0
Kentucky	120	3,037,153		0	0.0	1,183,054	0.0
Louisiana	64	2,965,751		0	0.0	1,246,033	0.0
Maine	500	1,026,086	58,639	500	5.7	252,356	23.2
Maryland	24	3,694,658		0	0.0	2,678,449	0.0
Massachusetts	351	4,340,000		0	0.0	1,557,538	0.0
Michigan	83	7,454,553		0	0.0	2,775,388	0.0
Minnesota*	87	3,387,783	279,302	87	8.2	1,282,404	21.8
Mississippi	64	1,399,209	1,190	9	0.1	276,582	0.4
Missouri	116	4,191,778		0	0.0	1,285,207	0.0
Montana	56	681,608	20,003	56	2.9	246,737	8.1
Nebraska	93	1,163,871		0	0.0	452,455	0.0
Nevada	17	1,258,409		0	0.0	490,085	0.0
New Hampshire*	320	878,136	88,881	320	10.1	680,241	13.1
New Jersey	21	5,415,639		0	0.0	1,211,041	0.0
New Mexico	33	1,252,438	1,572	6	0.1	413,241	0.4
New York	58	11,720,541		0	0.0	1,019,746	0.0
North Carolina	100	6,655,291	98,430	100	1.5	2,652,104	3.7
North Dakota*	53	545,020		0	0.0		.....
Ohio	88	7,987,697	5,844	88	0.1	3,182,442	0.2
Oklahoma	77	2,114,489		0	0.0	563,770	0.0
Oregon	36	2,199,360	29	36	0.0	800,425	0.0
Pennsylvania	67	8,352,342		0	0.0	3,246,470	0.0
Rhode Island	39	725,309	11,459	39	1.6	119,435	9.6
South Carolina	46	2,875,121		0	0.0	1,426,202	0.0
South Dakota	66	523,410	0	66	0.0	108,178	0.0
Tennessee	95	4,024,960		0	0.0	843,366	0.0
Texas	254	13,690,729		0	0.0		.....
Utah	29	1,508,372		0	0.0	1,196,390	0.0
Vermont	246	460,817	3,764	113	0.8	65,582	5.7
Virginia	134	5,428,091		0	0.0	3,020,073	0.0
Washington	39	3,904,959	24,473	25	0.6	1,129,472	2.2
West Virginia	55	1,246,559		0	0.0	289,545	0.0
Wisconsin*	3,541	3,987,248	337,006	3,541	8.5	1,083,046	31.1
Wyoming*	23	240,438	28,017	23	11.7	93,359	30.0
American Samoa*	1	17,764		0	0.0	7,730	0.0
Guam*	1	50,701		0	0.0	5,168	0.0
Puerto Rico*	1	2,402,941		0	0.0	2,989,120	0.0
Virgin Islands*	0						
Sum of Above	8,131	194,198,928	1,380,863	5,248	0.7	62,531,964	2.2
States Included		54	21			52	
Question		A1	A4a			A5a	

TABLE 5. SAME DAY REGISTRATION

Question A4. Same Day registration

Notes from States:

Alaska	Alaska allows for same day registration for Presidential/Vice Presidential race.
Alabama	Every jurisdiction indicated the “Information contained herein was produced by the Voter Registration & Election Management System as available to the Office of Alabama.”
California	One county indicated that they allowed 75 voters to register on Election Day because they were new citizens. Another county indicated voters could register and were eligible to vote the same day by Vote-By-Mail (VBM) ballot. Another county indicated that although they do not have Election Day Registration, those who appear in person during early voting (E–29 and E–15) can register to vote and then receive and vote via a VBM Ballot (in office only). One county confirmed that they only allow voters to change their address, but they may not register and vote on Election Day. Another county reported that only citizens who turn 18 on Election Day are entitled to vote on Election Day without being previously registered. One county indicated that QA4a reflects registrations received between October 9th and November 6th, 2012, and that some voters registered and voted via a Vote-By-Mail Ballot the same day, whereas others were pending due to birthdate, but were able to vote on Election Day. One county indicated it was the first year on-line registration was offered and that many of the on-line registrations were re-registrations due to minor changes. Another county noted that the data reported for QA4a includes total new registrations received 29 days before the election, and until Election Day – “those voters can vote the same day they register if they come into our office, but this number includes all voters who registered in this time frame.” One county indicated only new citizens and discharged military could register and vote on the same day via provisional ballots, whereas another county indicated only new citizens and court order approved registrations could register and vote on the same day. One county reported that the information provided for QA4a reflects information during early voting (E–29 and E–15). Another county indicated the information provided for QA4a reflects the count of voters with a registration date between October 9th and November 6th, 2012. Another county reported that the new citizen registration period included Election Day.
Colorado	One county noted that Colorado law does not have a provision for same day registration and that the numbers provided in response to A4 include emergency registrations received after the close of registration. Applicants must meet the emergency registration criteria: The elector attempted to timely register by mail or through a voter registration drive or agency, or the elector is a military service member discharged from active duty after the close of registration.
Minnesota	Every county noted that A4 includes same-day NEW registrations, but excludes same day updates to existing registrations. 23 counties indicated the percentage of same-day registration data entry that was complete (ranging from 3% to 98%).
North Dakota	North Dakota does not have voter registration.
Nebraska	All jurisdictions indicated “Nebraska does not have same day registration.”
New Hampshire	Two counties indicated they are a “University Town” and another indicated they are a “University Ward.”
New Mexico	One county indicated that voters can register and early vote or absentee vote on the same day, but that information is mixed with other registrations being input at that time. Another county reported that voter Registration closes 28 days prior to the election. Another county indicated they used the “PSR Report registration on 10/9/12” in answering A4.
Oregon	Oregon allows same day registration and voting by ORS 247.410.
Rhode Island	Rhode Island only allows Same Day Registration and voting for presidential elections.
South Dakota	Two counties reported that South Dakota does not allow same day registrations. One county indicated voters who came in and registered before the General Election deadline were able to submit an absentee vote in the auditors’ office the same day.

Virginia	All jurisdictions indicated “Virginia does not have Same Day Registration and voting.”
Vermont	<p>Several counties indicated they allow same day registration if the voter indicated they registered elsewhere (i.e., DMV, social services, registration drive, etc.); some indicated they require the voter to complete and sign an affidavit attesting such (Voter Affirmation Form). Several counties also indicated they did not receive voter registrations from the DMV prior to Election Day; one county indicated the DMV lost the registrations received. One county indicated they do not have same day registration. Another county noted that Early Voting overlapped with Voter Registration from September 21, 2012 through October 31, 2012, thus residents were able to register and vote at the same time during this period. Another county indicated they had one voter who applied before the deadline, but their registration had not been received – they were able to take the oath and vote on Election Day. Another county indicated students from Vermont Law School came in claiming to have been added during a voter registration drive and were added the same day to vote as it was believed that someone forgot to get the forms back to the clerk.</p>
Washington	<p>Washington allows new registrants to register in person up until eight days before the election. UOCAVA voters can register through election day.</p>

2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey						
Table 6. Jurisdictions Conducting Registration						
State	Units	Jurisdictions Conducting Registration	Jurisdictions in Survey			Comments
		(Counties unless indicated otherwise) Notes	Juris. in Survey	Include Indep. Cities	Diff. Juris.	
Alabama	67		67		....
Alaska	4	Regional divisions	1		(3)	One response covers the State; Alaska does not have counties
Arizona	15		15		....
Arkansas	75		75		....
California	58		58		....
Colorado	64		64		....
Connecticut	169	Towns and cities	169		....
Delaware	3		3		....
District of Columbia	1	District	1		....	The District is treated as a county equivalent
Florida	67		67		....
Georgia	159		159		....
Hawaii	4		4		....	Data for Kalawao county is included in Maui county
Idaho*	44		44		....
Illinois	110		110	Y	....	Responses include whole counties and several election authorities
Indiana	92		92		....
Iowa	99		99		....
Kansas	105		105		....
Kentucky	120		120		....
Louisiana	64		64		....	County equivalents are called parishes
Maine	501	Towns and cities	500		(1)	Some municipal units are combined for voter registration
Maryland	24		24	Y	....	Baltimore City treated as county equivalent
Massachusetts	351	Towns and cities	351		....
Michigan	1,516	Municipalities	83		(1,433)	All townships summed to counties
Minnesota*	87		87		....
Mississippi	82		64		(18)	
Missouri	116		116	Y	....	St. Louis and Kansas City treated as county equivalents
Montana	56		56		....
Nebraska	93		93		....
Nevada	17		17	Y	....	Carson City treated as county equivalent
New Hampshire*	323	Towns and cities	320		(3)	Survey response unit is the ward/precinct
New Jersey	21		21		....
New Mexico	33		33		....
New York	62		58	Y	(4)	
North Carolina	100		100		....
North Dakota*			53		53	No voter registration
Ohio	88		88		....
Oklahoma	77		77		....
Oregon	36		36		....
Pennsylvania	67		67		....
Rhode Island	39	Towns and cities	39		....
South Carolina	46		46		....
South Dakota	66		66		....
Tennessee	95		95		....
Texas	254		254		....
Utah	29		29		....
Vermont	246	Towns and cities	246		....
Virginia	134		134	Y	....	Independent cities treated as county equivalents
Washington	39		39		....
West Virginia	55		55		....
Wisconsin*	1,851	Municipalities	3,541		1,690	Municipalities were the reporting unit for the first time in 2012
Wyoming*	23		23		....
American Samoa*	1		1		....
Guam*	1		1		....
Puerto Rico*	78		1		(77)	
Virgin Islands*	1		0		(1)	
Sum of Above	7,928		8,131			

APPENDIX B: QUESTIONNAIRE- VOTER REGISTRATION QUESTIONS



U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION

2012 Election Administration & Voting Survey

The ongoing process of improving America's election systems relies in part on having accurate data about the way Americans cast their ballots. In 2002, Congress chartered the U.S. Election Assistance Commission (EAC) to collect information on the state of American elections and make it widely available to policy makers, advocates, scholars, journalists and the general public. Since 2004, the Commission has sponsored a biennial survey as its primary tool for fulfilling that mission. We are pleased to present the 2012 Election Administration and Voting Survey, and we ask for your help in making it the most complete and accurate survey in its history.

The questions below ask for information about ballots cast; voter registration; overseas and military voting; Election Day activities; voting technology; and other important issues. The section concerning the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Voting Act (UOCAVA) serves as the EAC's standardized format for state reporting of UOCAVA voting information as required by 42 U.S.C. §1973ff-1. States that complete and timely submit this section to the EAC will fulfill their UOCAVA reporting requirement under 42 U.S.C. §1973ff-1(c). Additionally, EAC is mandated by the National Voter Registration Act (NVRA) to collection information from states concerning the impact of that statute on the administration of Federal elections. With this information EAC is required to make a report to Congress and provide recommendations for the improvement of Federal and State procedures, forms, and other NVRA matters. States that timely respond to all questions in this survey concerning voter registration related matters will meet their NVRA reporting requirements under 42 U.S.C. § 1973gg-7 and EAC regulations. The EAC recognizes the burden that asking for this data places on state and local election officials, and we have worked to minimize that burden as much as possible.

The EAC recognizes the burden that asking for this data places on state and local election officials, and we have worked to minimize that burden as much as possible.

In advance, we thank you for your cooperation and look forward to answering any questions you might have.

Information supplied by:

Name		Title	
Office/Agency name			
Address 1			
Address 2			
City		State	Zip Code
E-mail address			
Telephone (area code and number)	Extension	Fax number (area code and number)	

SECTION A

VOTER REGISTRATION

EAC is mandated by the National Voter Registration Act (NVRA) to collect information from states concerning the impact of that statute on the administration of Federal elections. With this information EAC is required to make a report to Congress and provide recommendations for the improvement of Federal and State procedures, forms, and other NVRA matters. States that timely respond to all questions in this survey concerning voter registration related matters will meet their NVRA reporting requirements under 42 U.S.C. § 1973gg-7 and EAC regulations.

Roadmap to Section A:

- **A1, A2 and A3** ask for information about the number of registered voters in your jurisdiction and how you calculate those statistics.
- **A4** asks for information about registration activity on days in which it was possible for a person to both register and vote on the same day.
- **A5** asks for information on all registration forms for all types of registration transactions (successful and unsuccessful) received by your office.
- **A6** asks for the sources of all registration forms (both successful and unsuccessful).
- **A7** asks for the sources of new registrations.
- **A8** asks for the sources of duplicate registrations.
- **A9** asks for the sources of invalid or rejected registrations.
- **A10** asks for information on removal notices sent under NVRA Section 8(d) 2.
- **A11** asks for the number of voters removed from the voter registration rolls and the reason for their removal.

A1. Enter the total number of persons in your jurisdiction who were registered and eligible to vote in the November 2012 general election. Include all persons eligible to vote in the election including special categories of voters with extended deadlines (such as returning military). Do not include any persons under the age of 18 who may be registered under a "pre-registration" program.

A1a. Total _____ ... Data not available

A1 Comments

A2. When you report the number of registered voters in your jurisdiction for the November 2012 general election (as in A1a) do you include both active and inactive voters in the count, or does your jurisdiction only include active voters? (Select only one)

A2a. Jurisdiction uses both active and inactive registered voters

A2b. Jurisdiction only uses active registered voters

A2c. Other → comments:

A2 Comments

A3. Enter the total number of persons who were registered and eligible to vote in the November 2012 general election into the following categories. Do not include any persons under the age of 18 who may be registered under a "pre-registration" program.

Data not available
▼

A3a. Active

 ...

A3b. Inactive

 ...

A3 Comments

A4. If your state's laws allowed any voters to register and then to vote on the same day, enter the total number of registration forms received on those days in which it was possible to both register for and vote in the November 2012 general election on the same day. This question includes jurisdictions in states that have formal Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration and those states that have other situations that provide Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration. This question includes jurisdictions in states that permit Election Day Registration for voting for office of President, such as Connecticut and Rhode Island.

A4a. Total new Same Day registrations...

Data not available

..... Not applicable

A4b. Are the numbers you provided for question A4a because your state allows Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration for all voters, or does your answer come from a different circumstance?

....Yes, our state has Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration.

.... No, our state does not have formal Election Day Registration or Same Day Registration, but some voters were able to register and vote on the same day for the 2012 election.

.... Other → comments: _____

.... Not applicable.

A4 Comments

A5. In order to evaluate the workflow of your office over the last election cycle, enter the total number of forms your jurisdiction received from all sources during the period from the close of registration for the November 2010 general election until the close of registration for the November 2012 general election. Include any forms that were processed, such as changes to name, party or address, duplicates, or pre-registrations. Include here any Election Day or Same Day registrations, if applicable. Also include any special categories of voters who may have extended deadlines such as returning military personnel, if applicable.

A5a. Total

... Data not available

Next, divide the total number of registration application forms received (as entered in A5a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in A5a.

Data not available
▼

A5b. New valid registrations (excluding pre-registrations of persons under 18)..... ...

A5c. New "pre" registrations of persons under age 18

A5d. Duplicate of existing valid registration ...

A5e. Invalid or rejected (other than duplicates) ...

A5f. Changes to name, party or within-jurisdiction address change..... ...

A5g. Address changes that cross jurisdiction borders ...

A5h. Other → comments: _____

A5i. Other → comments: _____

A5j. Other → comments: _____

A5k. Other → comments: _____

A5l. Other → comments: _____

TOTAL **A5a**

A5 Comments

A6a through A6o: Divide the total number of all registration forms received (as entered in A5a) into the following sources.

A7a through A7o: Divide the total number of new registration forms received (as entered in A5b) into the following sources.

A8a through A8o: Divide the total number of duplicate registration forms received (as entered in A5d) into the following sources.

A9a through A9o: Divide the total number of invalid or rejected registration forms (as entered in A5e) received into the following sources.

	<i>(from A5a)</i>		<i>(from A5b)</i>		<i>(from A5d)</i>		<i>(from A5e)</i>	
	A6. Total forms received		A7. New registrations		A8. Duplicate of existing registrations		A9. Invalid or rejected	
		NA ▼		NA ▼		NA ▼		NA ▼
a. <u>Individual voters</u> submitting applications by mail, fax, or email.....	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b. <u>Individual voters</u> registering in person at the election/registrar's office.....	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c. <u>Individual voters</u> submitting registration forms via the Internet.....	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d. Motor vehicle offices or other offices that issue drivers licenses.....	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e. Public assistance offices mandated as registration sites under NVRA.....	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
f. State funded agencies primarily serving persons with disabilities.....	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
g. Armed forces recruitment offices.....	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
h. Other agencies designated by the State not mandated by NVRA.....	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
i. Registration drives from advocacy groups or political parties.....	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
j. Other → comments:	<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
k. Other → comments:	<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
l. Other → comments:	<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
m. Other → comments:	<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
n. Other → comments:	<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
o. Other → comments:	<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
TOTAL	<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	
	A5a		A5b		A5d		A5e	

A6, A7, A8, and A9 Comments

A10. Enter the total number of confirmation notices sent to voters in the period between the close of registration for the November 2010 general election and the close of registration for the November 2012 general election, because the person had not voted or appeared to vote in the two previous federal elections (per NVRA Section 8 (d) (2)).

A10a. Total ... Data not available

Next, divide the total number of confirmation notices mailed (as entered in A10a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in A10a.

Data not available
 ▼

A10b. Received back from voters confirming registration.....

A10c. Received back confirming registration should be invalidated.....

A10d. Returned back as undeliverable

A10e. Status unknown (neither received confirmation nor returned undeliverable).....

A10f. Other → comments: _____

A10g. Other → comments: _____

A10h. Other → comments: _____

TOTAL

A10 Comments

A11. Enter the total number of voters removed from the voter registration rolls in your jurisdiction in the period between the close of registration for the November 2010 general election and the close of registration for the November 2012 general election. Note this question asks for those ineligible to vote, not merely those moved into an "inactive" status.

A11a. Total Data not available

Next, divide the total number of voters removed (as entered in A11a) into the following categories. The amounts should sum to the total provided in A11a.

Data not available
▼

A11b. Moved outside jurisdiction

A11c. Death

A11d. Disqualifying felony conviction

A11e. Failure to respond to notice sent and failure to vote in the two most recent federal elections

A11f. Declared mentally incompetent

A11g. Voter requested to be removed for reasons other than felony conviction, mental status, or moved outside jurisdiction

A11h. Other → comments: _____

A11i. Other → comments: _____

A11j. Other → comments: _____

A11k. Other → comments: _____

TOTAL **A11a**

A11 Comments



U.S. Election Assistance Commission

1201 New York Avenue, NW • Suite 300 • Washington, DC 20005 • 866-747-1471 (toll free) • HAVAinfo@eac.gov • www.eac.gov